

3600 Tremont Road | Upper Arlington, OH 43221 614-583-5150 | upperarlingtonoh.gov

2019 Demographics – Arrests by Type

Data Summary: Arrest numbers and percentages presented here reflect the total arrests by type of contact for 2019. Each percentage given is based on total arrests for the year. White males were arrested most often with 46.64% of total arrests in Upper Arlington. They were followed by white females with 20.92% of total arrests. The largest percentages for both white male and female arrestees resulted out of OVI arrests with 14.78% and 6.71% respectively.

Black males were arrested next often after white females with 18.23% of arrests followed by black females with 9.6% of total arrests. Black males were arrested most often for foreign warrant arrests at 5.76% of total arrests. Black females were arrested most often for failure to appear warrants in Upper Arlington with 3.65% of total arrests. Those include failure to appear arrests made both by Upper Arlington officers and outside agencies.

The total percentage for Hispanic male arrests was 1.73%, Asian males were 1.15%, and other males were 1.15%. All other races and genders were less than 1% in every category including totals.

2019 Arrests

Contact Detail	WM	WF	BM	BF	НМ	HF	AM	AF	IM	IF	ОМ	OF	TOTALS
CALLS FOR SERVICE:													
Domestic Violence	6	2	2										10
Detained by Loss	3	1	5										9
Prevention													
Crime in Progress	13	2	5	4							1		25
Other	5	4		2									11
WARRANTS:													
New Charges	38	21	15	11					1				86
Failure to Appear	12	6	3	5			1				1	1	29
Failure to Appear /	32	15	20	14			2				1		84
Arrested by Other													
Agency													
Probation Violation	9	3	1	2									15
Foreign Agency	38	16	30	9	2		2				2		99
On View Crime	2		2										4
OVI	68	28	6	3	6		1						112
OVI Crash	9	7	2		1	1							20
Traffic Stop / Other	8	4	4								1		17
TOTALS	243	109	95	50	9	1	6	0	1	0	6	1	521

2019 Percentages of Total Arrests

Contact	WM	WF	ВМ	BF	НМ	HF	AM	AF	IM	IF	ОМ	OF	TOTALS
Detail													
CALLS FOR SE	RVICE:												
Domestic Violence	1.15%	0.38%	0.38%										1.91%
Detained by	0.58%	0.19%	0.96%										1.72%
Loss Prevention													
Crime in Progress	2.50%	0.38%	0.96%	0.77%							0.19%		4.80%
Other	0.96%	0.77%		0.38%									2.11%
WARRANTS:													
New Charges	7.29%	4.03%	2.88%	2.11%					0.19%				16.51%
Failure to Appear	2.30%	1.15%	0.38%	0.96%			0.19%				0.19%	0.19%	5.57%
FTA/Arrested by Other	6.14%	2.88%	3.84%	2.69%			0.38%				0.19%		16.12%
Agency													
Probation Violation	1.73%	0.58%	0.19%	0.38%									2.88%
Foreign Agency	7.29%	3.07%	5.76%	1.73%	0.38%		0.38%				0.38%		19.0%
On View Crime	0.38%		0.38%										0.77%
OVI	13.05%	5.37%	1.15%	0.58%	1.15%		0.19%						21.50%
OVI Crash	1.73%	1.34%	0.38%		0.19%	0.19%							3.84%
Traffic Stop /	1.54%	0.77%	0.77%								0.19%		3.26%
Other													
TOTALS	46.64%	20.92%	18.23%	9.60%	1.73%	0.19%	1.15%	0.00%	0.19%	0.00%	1.15%	0.19%	

Race and Gender Codes

Race Codes							
A = Asian							
B = Black/African American							
H = Hispanic							
I = American Indian/Alaskan Native							
W = White							
O = Other (includes unknown and unmarked)							

Gender Codes							
M = Male							
F = Female							

Contact Descriptions

Calls for Service:

- **Domestic Violence** Arrests made after officers were dispatched on a report of a domestic dispute or violence and at least one individual was arrested.
- **Detained by Loss Prevention** Dispatched calls to a retailer where a loss prevention officer witnessed a theft in progress and detained or attempted to detain the suspect. Upon officers' arrival, suspect(s) were taken into custody at the scene and charged.
- *Crime in Progress* Officers were dispatched to a scene were a caller observed a crime in progress and called police. Officers were able to locate a suspect and had probable cause to make an arrest during the call for service.
- Other Officers were dispatched to a scene for a reason other than a crime in progress. Examples could include a "check on the well-being" or a disturbance or loud noise complaint. Once on the scene, an arrest was made that may or may not have been related to the original call but was for a newly charged crime.

Warrants:

- **New Charges** An arrest was made at a later date from an original incident after a new warrant was filed. These result from an investigation where the suspect was not initially known at the time of the report or additional evidence needed to be obtained before an arrest was made.
- Failure to Appear: Suspects were arrested on fail-to-appear warrants that had been filed by the court on an original charge out of Upper Arlington. Many of these warrants are failures to pay traffic citations and then not coming to court on the assigned court day. Often these warrant arrests are made by calling suspects and having them come to Upper Arlington to pay their fine in order to have the warrant removed. Some of these arrests are made when Upper Arlington officers have contact with the suspects for other reasons and their warrant is discovered during the encounter.
- Failure to Appear/Arrested by Other Agency These are fail-to-appear warrants that have been filed by the court on an original charge out of Upper Arlington. The arrests are made by outside agencies that have come into contact with the subjects of the warrants. The subjects are normally turned over to UAPD for processing or taken straight to jail by the other agency if they have their own charges to file. They are processed as an arrest once the warrant has been executed which can include faxing it to the jail even without the Upper Arlington officer having contact with the subject.
- **Probation Violation** These warrants have been issued by the court for violations of a subject's probation out of an original Upper Arlington charge. Most of these arrests were made by outside agencies during contacts with the subjects. They are sometimes served on a subject when he or she comes to court on a new charge that is in violation of their current probation.
- **Foreign Agency** These individuals were arrested by Upper Arlington officers during the course of their duties after coming into contact with subjects for a variety of reasons. All arrests were made because the subjects had warrants that had been filed by foreign agencies. Many contacts were out of routine traffic stops but some resulted from calls for service, traffic crashes, or disturbances.

On View Crime: An officer, while going about his or her routine patrol activities, observed a crime in progress and made an arrest based on his or her observations. An example would be an officer witnessing a subject breaking into a vehicle.

OVI: Driver of a vehicle that was stopped and arrested for operating a vehicle under the influence of drugs or alcohol.

OVI Crash: Driver of a vehicle that was involved in a traffic crash and subsequently arrested for OVI.

Traffic Stop/Other: An individual that was involved in a traffic stop that led to his or her arrest. An example would be a driver that was stopped for speeding but found to have drug paraphernalia and/or drugs in his or her possession. That person would be arrested on the drug charges.