LANE AVENUE PLANNING STUDY

Council Meeting Monday, June 15, 2020





AGENDA **City Council Meeting 1**

Introductions

O2 Project Process

- **O S Creating the Framework**
 - Traffic Analysis
 - Market Summary
 - Streetscape Analysis

Community Engagement Summary

- Recommendations
 - Framework Plan
 - Gateways & Neighborhood Thresholds
 - Streetscape

Next Steps

O1 INTRODUCTION



THE PLANNING TEAM









Lanham

O2 PROJECT PROCESS



Profect Goals



There is a need to main the second se





Grow the local <u>economy</u>.



Create and define the character.



Plan for a dynamic streetscape.



Consider traffic impacts.

acts.

Refine the <u>Unified</u> <u>Development Ordinance</u>.



Wellesley Dr

Determine the <u>role</u> of the corridor.

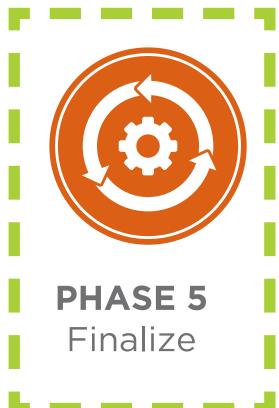
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KICK OFF MEETING

STEERING COMMITTEE 1

COMMUNITY MEETING 1

FOCUS GROUPS ROUND 1

COMMUNITY POP-UPS

STEERING COMMITTEE 2

STEERING COMMITTEE 3

COMMUNITY MEETING 2

STEERING COMMITTEE 4

COMMUNITY MEETING 3

FOCUS GROUPS ROUND 2

STEERING COMMITTEE 5

STEERING COMMITTEE 6

ELECTED/APPOINTED OFFICIALS MEETING: FRAMEWORK

ELECTED/APPOINTED OFFICIALS MEETING: CODE

July	26
August	21
September	18
September	25
September	26
October	16
November	21
December	12
January	16
February	13
February	27
March	13
Мау	<i>′</i> 6
June	15
June	29

O3 CREATING THE FRAMEWORK





- Traffic Study
- Market Analysis
- Streetscape Analysis





Creating the Framework 03 **Traffic Study applied to Plan**

- Level-of-Service study determined that the Pedestrian zone must work with *existing curb locations*; the goal of the streetscape improvments is to not add congestion.
- Pedestrian improvements should include saftey strategies at street crossings (signal timing, striping)
- District will need to address design solutions for structured parking and shared parking





Creating the Framework Market Summary * These figures are in addition to existing development and projects approved through October 2019. They represent market demand, not planned development.

Retail





including department stores, grocery, general merchandise stores, full-service restaurants, pharmacy, and hardware

2. Restaurants



Office



UP TO 260,000 SF COMBINED



2. Class A 4-5 Star



potential to support up to one million square feet of office seeking proximity to the proposed The Ohio State University West Campus research center, if fully implemented as planned

35,000 SF / 12-15 NEW RESTAURANTS

200,000 SF

Creating the Framework Market Summary * These figures are in addition to existing development and projects approved





1. Limited Service



2. Full Service

with well-appointed lobby and common area, 8,000-12,000 sf meeting and conference space, indoor pool, whirlpool, and a business center and fitness center. 4. Cottage Homes









120-140 UNITS 400 sf studio units to 900 sf 2 bedroom units in 2-5 story buildings





150-170 UNITS 700 sf 1 bedroom units to 1,150 sf 3 bedroom units located in multifamily buildings

3. Townhomes & Live-Works



60-80 UNITS 1,100 sf 2 bedroom units to 1,800 sf 3 bedroom units arranged in clusters of 4-8 units



250-300 KEYS



20-30 UNITS ranging from 1,000 sf 2 bedroom to 2,000 sf 4 bedroom homes on 2,500 sf to 4,000 sf lots

Creating the Framework Streetscape Analysis - Setting The Direction

- Maintain and build on existing *street tree* application, species, and grates;
- Build on existing *crosswalk infrastructure* and plan for aesthetic enhancements (e.g. pavers);
- Continue to *require high quality landscaping* for private developments and build a consistent theme that complements the public realm aesthetic;
- Continue to *promote access management* and, where feasible, require shared access and parking;
- Build on *existing light and furniture* furnishings, maintaining a black and green color scheme;
- Create setbacks that will create a **consistent** • streetscape condition and allow for quality design. The goal would be at least 100 feet of rightof-way to achieve the desired roadway, landscape zone, pedestrian travel zone and frontage zone;
- Create a **consistent sidewalk network** on • Lane Ave and extend the network north/south into adjoining neighborhoods;

- Develop a set a series **typologies** for how to develop the frontage zone;
- Create a **consistent lighting standard for** *fixtures* and application for public and private developments;
- Develop standards for the application of **bike** *infrastructure*;
- Develop a *gateway and branding strategy* for the corridor and integrate into streetscape standards;
- Develop a series of creative solutions to *manage* grade changes, where present in the study area;
- Enhance standards for *parking lot screening*;
- Develop standards for integrating *pedestrian* signage in the corridor; and
- Create a **Designated Outdoor Refreshment Area** (DORA) in the area, which is a designated public area where alcoholic beverages can legally be consumed.



Creating the Framework Streetscape Analysis - Key Findings

Creating the Framework

STREETSCAPE ANALYSIS

In recent years, the Lane Avenue corridor has benefited from new growth and development, including both private development and improvements to the streetscape and roadway. While these recent developments have dramatically changed the character of the Lane Avenue corridor, there is an opportunity to continue to improve and create a cohesive pattern in both the public and private realm. The planning team evaluated and assessed the existing streetscape using a variety of methods including site visits, a walking audit, photo documentation of existing building facades and frontages, and computer-based modeling and analysis, among other efforts.

The following are key findings of what is currently working within the streetscape and what may need to be improved.

Streetscape Assessment Key Findings

Trend toward consistent palette of light poles, furnishings, and street tree palette.



Consistent application of crosswalks but could Intent to activate frontage he improved to enhance aafety and comfart. zones loutdoor dining



Private developments maintain quality landscaping



Varying Inconsistent right-of-way limits ability to provide a consistent streetscape



Arlington Gateway (future)

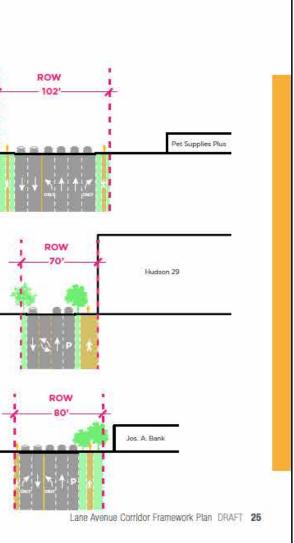
Future Arlington Gateway site



Shops o Surface Parking

Carsonie's	
C	

24 Upper Arlington







O4 COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT



O⁴ Community Engagement **Phase 1: Listening and Learning**

Community Meeting 1 COhatch, September 18th (60 + people)

- What do you envision for the future?
- Current areas of concern or interest?
- Mobility
- Streetscape
- Architecture
- Branding elements

Online version garnered nearly 1,900 responses.

Focus Group Interviews COhatch, September 25th (6 meetings)

- Neighboring communities and developers in the area
- Insight to adjacent area plans
- Opportunities to improve the regulations and process

(70 + people)

public meetings.

Community Pop-Ups Crimson Cup and Whole Foods, September 26th

• Capture feedback from people who may not typically be able to attend





64 Community Engagement **Phase 2: Testing and Refining**

Community Meeting 2 Municipal Building, December 12th (40+ people)

- Summary of public input to date
- Direction of future recommendations
- Feedback on gateway, streetscape, and code elements

Online version garnered over 1,100 responses.

Community Meeting 3 COhatch, February 13th (60+ people)

- Project overview
- Final recommendations

Focus Groups 2 (10 + people)

- Meeting with area developers
- Meeting with Osborn Road ulletResidents

COhatch and Municipal Bldg., February 12th





O4 Community Engagement **Engagement Review**















77% of people felt Lane Avenue should serve as UA's downtown.





"A place to be around other people."

--Participant's vision for Lane Ave

WHAT DID WE HEAR?



Community Engagement Engagement Round 1: District Vision

- Identity/Character. Conflicted on the identity of Lane Avenue (old vs. new); consensus for traditional, timeless, and durable building materials.
- Outdoor Dining/Gathering Spaces. Desire for outdoor dining and informal gathering.
- Walkability. Aligned on the need to improve the walkability and safety of Lane Avenue.
- Traffic/Congestion. Traffic flow along Lane Avenue is a major concern, especially as redevelopment continues.
- **Bikeability.** Although bicycle safety is a concern now, there is support for bike amenities and connections.





O⁴ Community Engagement **Engagement Round 1: District Vision**

- **Downtown.** Many view Lane Avenue as the downtown of Upper Arlington and/or a significant mixed use district that offers a live, work, play environment.
- **Boundaries and Buffers.** There is a need to clearly define the perimeter of the commercial district and adequately buffer development and traffic from residential neighborhoods.
- Consistent Building Character. Building architecture and design should be consistent and complementary throughout the corridor, with distinct massing and timeless character.
- Signage with Natural Materials. Traditional signage with stone, brick, metal, and other natural materials is preferred.

ANE AVENUE PLANNING STUD



Engagement Summary Engagement Round 2: Streetscape, Gateways, Thresholds

- Residents prefer a *contemporary design* that incorporates *traditional elements*, with integrated lighting feature.
- Most residents preferred the stone neighborhood threshold
- Integrate landscaping and soft elements in the streetscape, where appropriate
- Updating lighting poles within the district (from green) to black) may be supported in a cohesive streetscape installation.
- Generally, the public is *supportive of the direction for the* Lane PMUD code, although we may need to provide clarity on some topics in the future.





05 FRAMEWORK PLAN



Framework Plan 05 **Private Realm and Public Realm**



5 Framework Plan **Private Realm - Building Form**

Future Development Plan

- Long-term Vision impacted by many factors
- Mix of uses
- Small site development will be limited by land area and parking balance
- Buildings should front the street with parking to the side or rear.
- Signature greenspace should be integrated with larger and more dense redevelopment

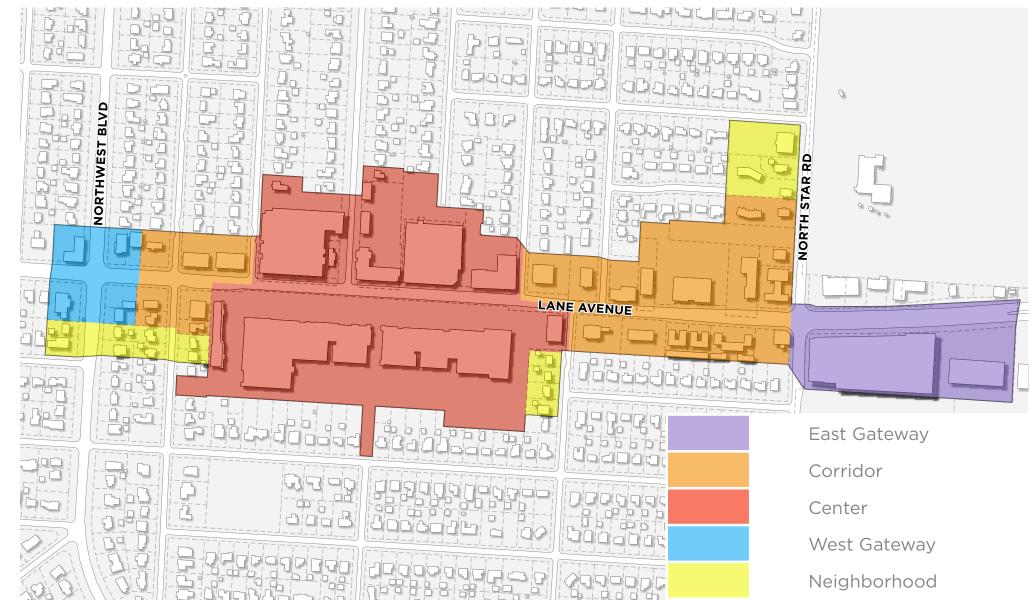




Framework Plan Private Realm - Subdistrict Plan

Context-based **Regulatory Framework**

- Use context areas (sub-districts) to devide public and private realm criteria
- Define by unique characteristics such as block size, lot size, lot depth and width, location and surrounding neighborhoods
- Assign and define development patterns (typologies) based on the context area.







Framework Plan Key Discussions

Building Height/ Massing

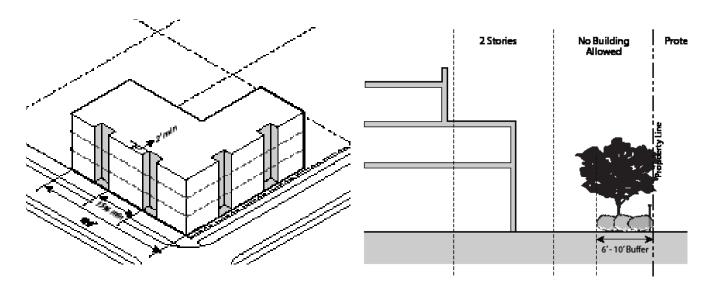
Limiting height, but also breaking up massing with step-backs and articulation to avoid creating big featurless boxes

	EAST GATEWAY	CORRIDOR	CENTER	NEIGHBORHOOD	WEST GATEWAY
Existing Max. Height	96 ft.	48 ft.	48 ft.	48 ft.	48 ft.
Proposed Max. Height	144 ft.	60 ft.	84 ft.	38 ft.	48 ft.

Code section review on June 29 with more details

PMUD District Boundary

- Based on community input and our ullettechnical assessment, we recommend that no changes be made to the PMUD boundary at this time.
- Exception: Osborn Road Neighborhood





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Framework Plan 05 **Public Realm - Hierachy of Streets**





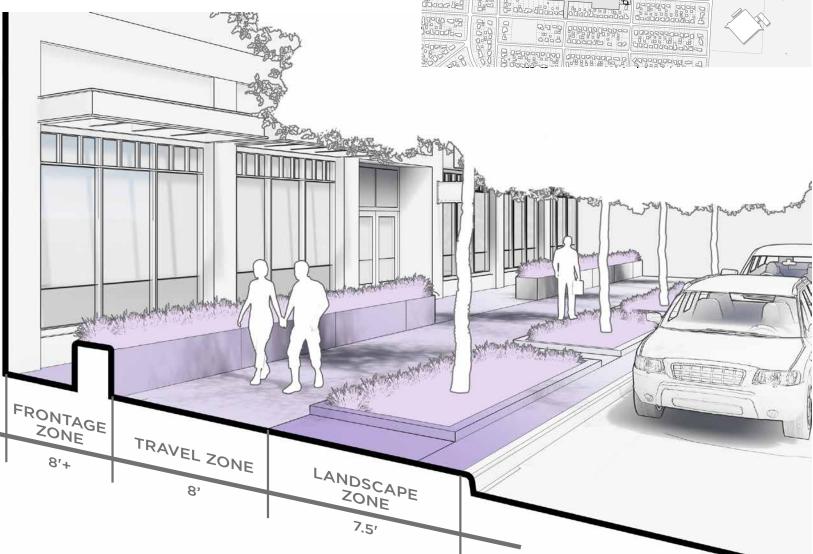


East Gateway

Design Goals

- Incorporate proposed streetscape model by Gateway project.
- Create a frontage zone that allows for outdoor dining.
- Create an enlarged landscape zone to ulletbuffer from high traffic volumes

- A 7.5' landscape zone to create a buffer between active pedestrian walking area and high-volume vehicular traffic;
- An 8' unobstructed pedestrian travel lane;
- An 8' minimum frontage zone which ulletcreates space for outdoor displays, planting, cafes or outdoor seating.









Corridor and Center

Design Goals

- Similar to existing streetscape model at Hudson 29 and Hilton, but without the existing Travel Zone encroachment.
- Ensure frontage zone allows for \bullet outdoor dining.
- Match Landscape Zone to existing tree \bullet grate dimensions, style, and spacing.

- A 5' landscape zone which shall match existing tree grate application;
- An 8' unobstructed pedestrian travel ulletzone on primary streets and a 6' unobstructed travel zone on secondary streets:
- A 6' minimum frontage zone.









Neighborhood

Design Goals

- Typology should be applied on residential/office/live work uses.
- Create a buffered frontage to transition ulletfrom commercial street scale to neighborhoods.
- Utilize a turf Landscape Zone to support residential character.

- A 5' landscape zone with turf;
- A 6' unobstructed pedestrian travel zone;
- A 6' minimum frontage zone with lacksquarelandscape plantings.







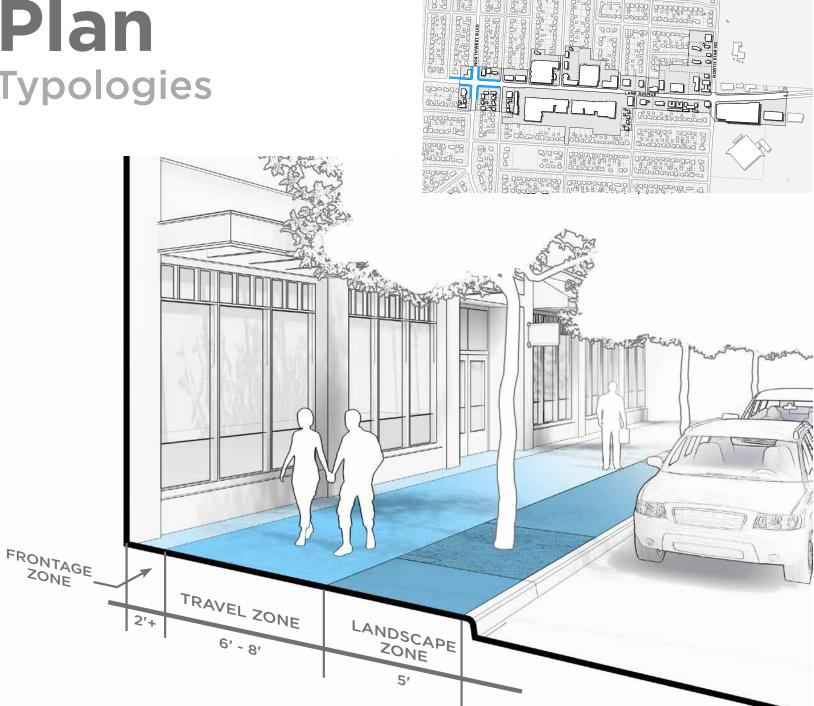


West Gateway

Design Goals

- Support a shallow frontage zone to transition from commercial street scale to residential.
- Utilize existing tree grates and spacing ulletin the Landscape Zone.
- Create outdoor seating in the \bullet Landscape Zone.

- A 5' landscape zone which, shall match existing tree grate application;
- An 8' unobstructed pedestrian travel \bullet zone on primary streets and a 6' unobstructed pedestrian travel zone on secondary streets;
- A 2' minimum frontage zone.





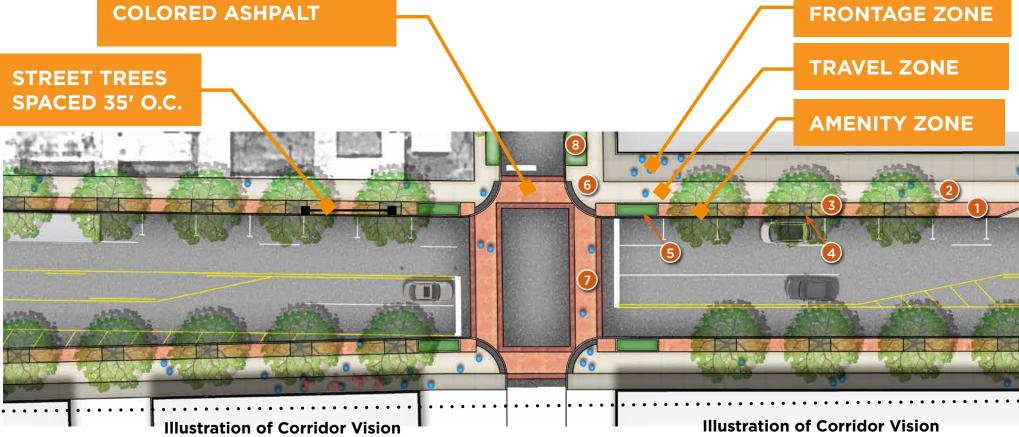


5 Framework Plan **Public Realm - Typical Streetscape**

LEGEND:

- BRICK PAVERS WITH DECORATIVE ACCENTS
- CONCRETE SIDEWALK 2
- STREET TREE WITH STRUCTURAL SOIL
- 4 TREE GRATE
- 5 **BIO-RETENTION PLANTER**
- ADA COMPLIANT CURB RAMP
- **DECORATIVE CROSSWALK**
- **TREE LAWN**

DECORATIVE **CROSSWALK: STAMPED COLORED ASHPALT**



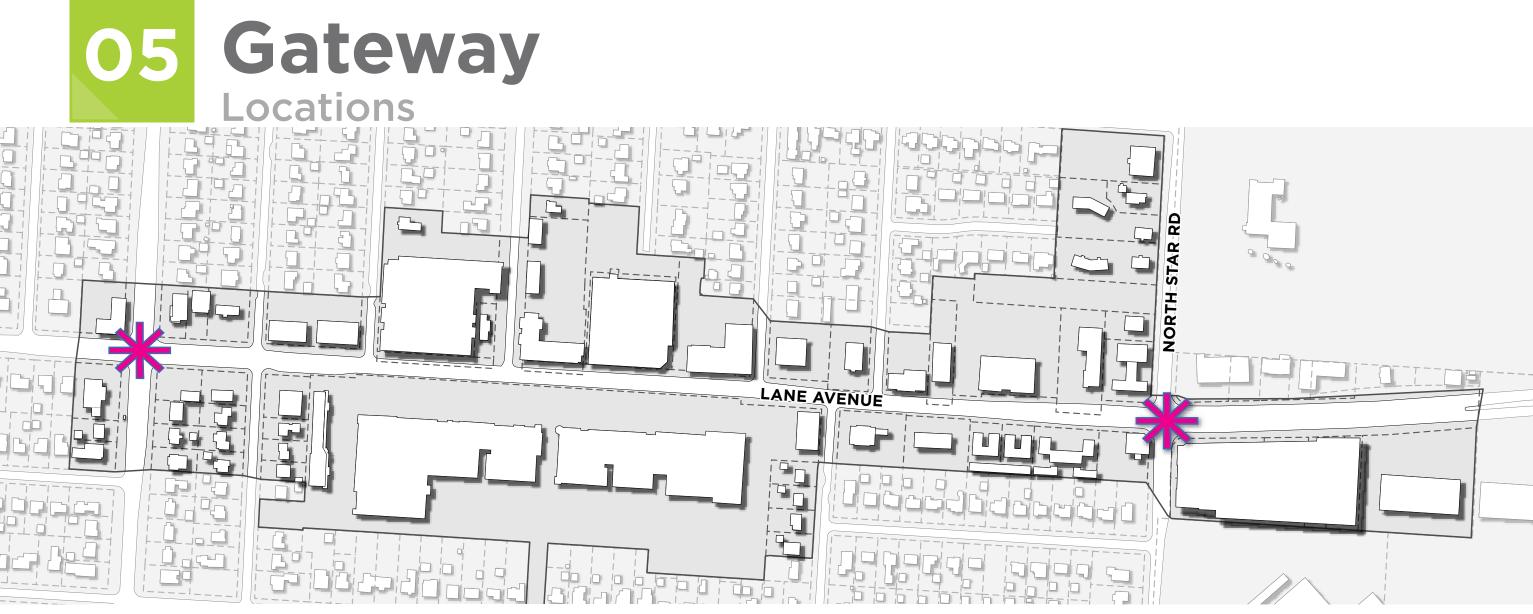
BUILDING





GATEWAY & THRESHOLD CONCEPTS





Design Goals

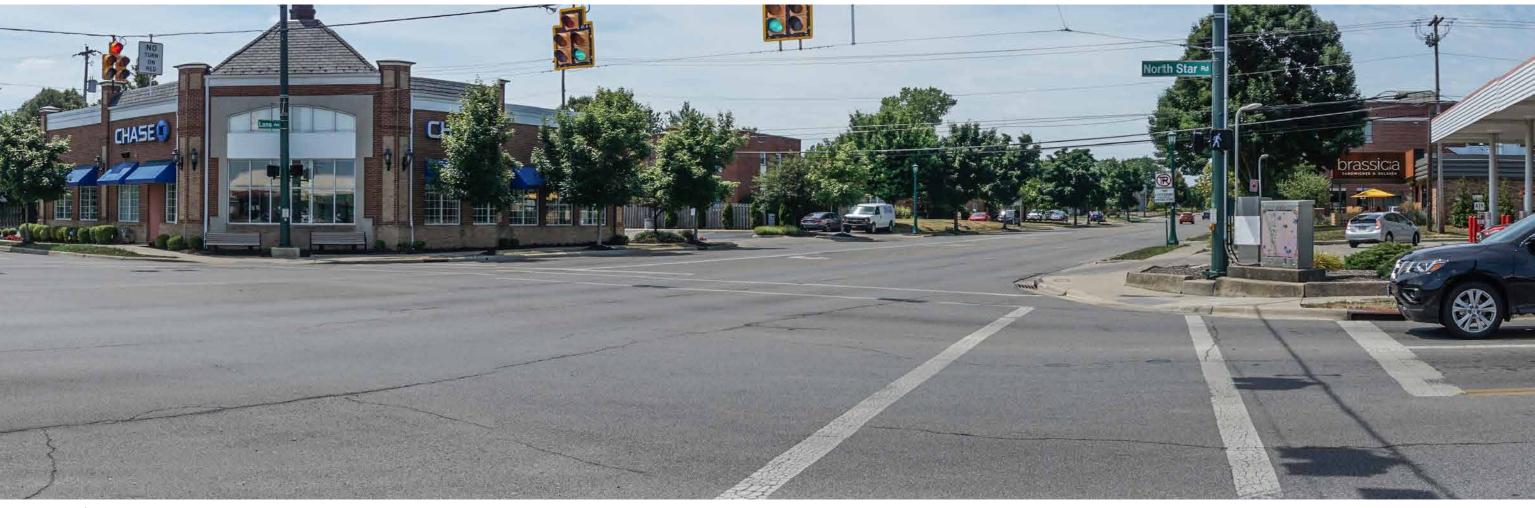
- Create unique district and define limits
- Improve circulation and pedestrian safety
- Work within confines of existing conditions







O5 Existing - Lane and North Star









Gateway - Looking West on Lane







Gateway - Looking East on Lane







05 Neighborhood Thresholds Locations



Design Goals

Create unique district and define limits

Improve circulation and pedestrian safety

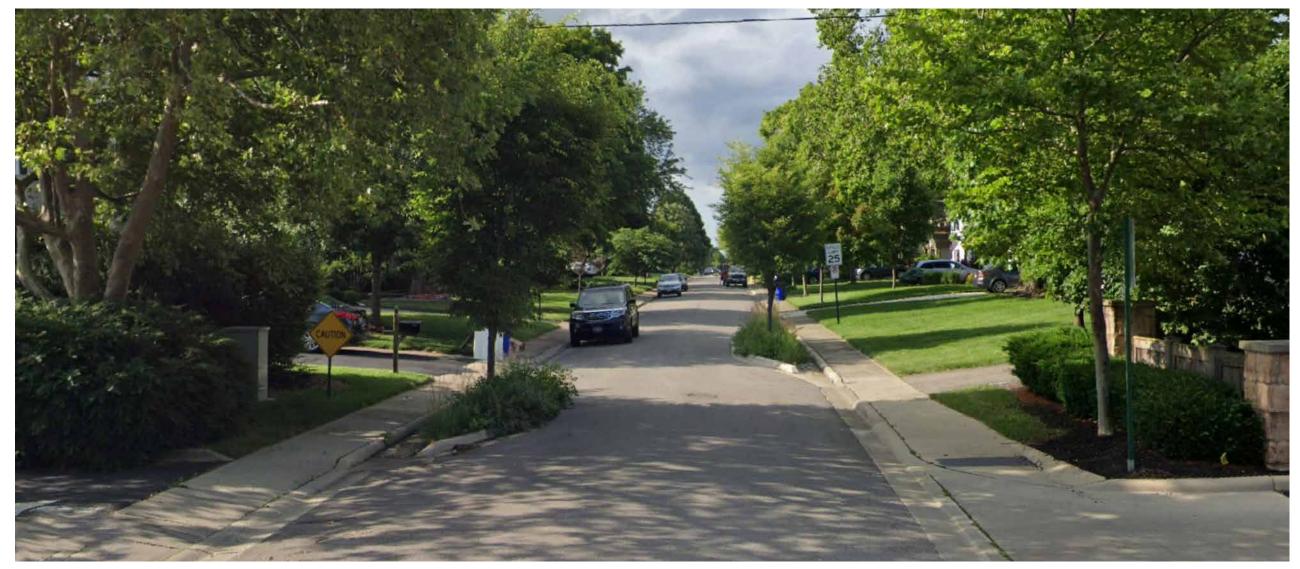
Work within confines of existing conditions

NEIGHBORHOOD THRESHOLDS

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05 Neighborhood Thresholds **Existing Brandon Road**



EXISTING CONDITION





O5 Neighborhood Thresholds Proposed Brandon Road



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Neighborhood Thresholds 05 Alternative



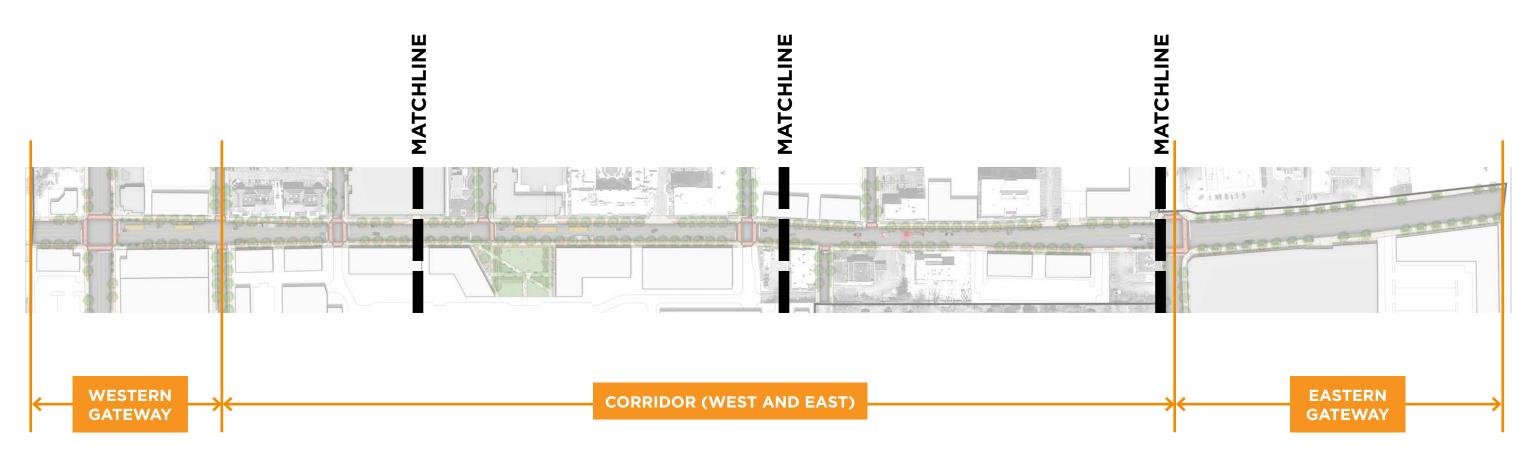
Alternative where right-of-way width allows or can be obtained.











Plan View of Streetscape Plan







05 Streetscape Design East Gateway









O5 Streetscape Design East Corridor and Center





O5 Streetscape Design West Corridor and Center and Signature Open Space





O5 Streetscape Design West Gateway





$\mathbf{0}$ NEXT STEPS





• June 29th: City Council - PMUD Code Introduction

