CITY OF UPPER ARLINGTON FRANKLIN COUNTY SINGLE AUDIT JANUARY 1, 2020 – DECEMBER 31, 2020





88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 IPAReport@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

Members of Council City of Upper Arlington 3600 Tremont Road Upper Arlington, Ohio 43221

We have reviewed the *Independent Auditor's Report* of the City of Upper Arlington, Franklin County, prepared by Wilson, Shannon & Snow, Inc., for the audit period January 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020. Based upon this review, we have accepted these reports in lieu of the audit required by Section 117.11, Revised Code. The Auditor of State did not audit the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, we are unable to express, and do not express an opinion on them.

Our review was made in reference to the applicable sections of legislative criteria, as reflected by the Ohio Constitution, and the Revised Code, policies, procedures and guidelines of the Auditor of State, regulations and grant requirements. The City of Upper Arlington is responsible for compliance with these laws and regulations.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

August 11, 2021



CITY OF UPPER ARLINGTON FRANKLIN COUNTY

<u> FITLE </u>	<u>PAGE</u>
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS	1
NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS – 2 CFR § 200.510 (b)(6)	2
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	3
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE AND THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY UNIFORM GUIDANCE	5
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS – 2 CFR § 200.515	8



CITY OF UPPER ARLINGTON FRANKLIN COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

FEDERAL GRANTOR Pass Through Grantor Program / Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Entity Identifying Number	 al Federal penditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY Passed Through Ohio Office of Budget and Management COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund Total U.S. Department of Treasury	21.019	HB481-CRF-Local	\$ 3,394,038 3,394,038
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE Direct Program Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program Federal Forfeiture Equitable Sharing Program Total U.S. Department of Justice	16.607 16.922	N/A N/A	4,370 230,262 234,632
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Direct Program Provider Relief Fund Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services	93.498	N/A	19,098 19,098
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 3,647,768

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

CITY OF UPPER ARLINGTON FRANKLIN COUNTY

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the City of Upper Arlington, Franklin County (the City) under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2020. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the City.

NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement. The City has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE C - MATCHING REQUIREMENTS

Certain Federal programs require the City to contribute non-Federal funds (matching funds) to support the Federally-funded programs. The City has met its matching requirements. The Schedule does not include the expenditure of non-Federal matching funds.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

City of Upper Arlington Franklin County 3600 Tremont Road Upper Arlington, Ohio 43221

To City Council:

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Upper Arlington, Franklin County, (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 25, 2021, wherein we noted the City considered the financial impact of COVID-19 as disclosed in Note 17.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinions on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the City's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

City of Upper Arlington
Franklin County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial
Reporting and On Compliance and Other
Matters Required By Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

Wilson Shanna ESway Suc.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Newark, Ohio

June 25, 2021



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE AND THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY UNIFORM GUIDANCE

City of Upper Arlington Franklin County 3600 Tremont Road Upper Arlington, Ohio 43221

To the City Council:

Report on Compliance for The Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Upper Arlington's (the City) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could directly and materially affect the City of Upper Arlington's major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2020. The *Summary of Auditor's Results* in the accompanying schedule of findings identifies the City's major federal program.

Management's Responsibility

The City's Management is responsible for complying with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal program.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the City's compliance for the City's major federal program based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). These standards and the Uniform Guidance require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the City's major program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

City of Upper Arlington
Franklin County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance With Requirements
Applicable to the Major Federal Program and On Internal Control
Over Compliance And the Schedule of Expenditures of
Federal Awards Required by Uniform Guidance
Page 2

Opinion on The Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City of Upper Arlington complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

The City's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control over compliance tests and the results of this testing based on Uniform Guidance requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

City of Upper Arlington
Franklin County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance With Requirements
Applicable to the Major Federal Program and On Internal Control
Over Compliance And the Schedule of Expenditures of
Federal Awards Required by Uniform Guidance
Page 3

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have also audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Upper Arlington (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. We issued our unmodified report thereon dated June 25, 2021, wherein we noted the City considered the financial impact of COVID-19 as disclosed in Note 17. We conducted our audit to opine on the City's basic financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards presents additional analysis required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule is management's responsibility, and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records management used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this schedule is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Newark, Ohio June 25, 2021

Wilson Shuma ESwee She.

CITY OF UPPER ARLINGTON FRANKLIN COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515

DECEMBER 31, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

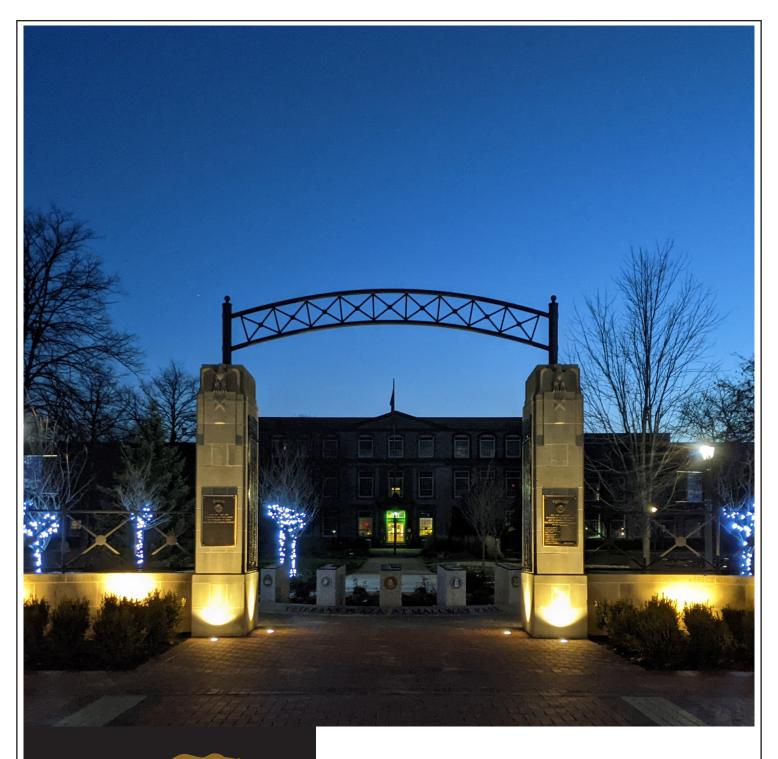
(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Coronavirus Relief Fund/CFDA #21.019
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR §200.520?	No

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None.

3. FINDINGS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None.



City of Upper Arlington Ohio

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

ISSUED BY:

CITY OF UPPER ARLINGTON, OHIO FINANCE DEPARTMENT

Brent Lewis, CPA
Finance Director

Jonathan Lindow, CPA
Assistant Finance Director

Lana Dennis
Purchasing Administrator

Margot Sandler, CPA Finance Manager

Laura Lynde
Accounting Assistant

Michelle Sexton
Payroll Administrator

Lisa Bolt Fiscal Technician

Donald Edens
Examiner

Brea Frey Deputy Clerk of Court

Melissa Kohler Clerk of Court







TABLE OF CONTENTS

Introductory Section

	<u>Page</u>
Table of Contents	i
Letter of Transmittal	v
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	xi
Organizational Chart	xii
List of City Officials	xiii
Financial Section	
Independent Auditor's Report	3
Required Supplementary Information – MD&A	
Management's Discussion & Analysis	7
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	19
Statement of Activities	20
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	22
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances	
to Net Position of Governmental Activities	23
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances –	24
Governmental Funds	
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	25
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	26
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position –	
Proprietary Funds	28
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	29
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	31
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	32
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	33
Required Supplementary Information – Other than MD&A	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance	94
Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) - General Fund	
Notes to the Budgetary Schedule	97
Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of Net Pension (Asset)/Liability -	
Ohio Public Employee's Retirement System	98
Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability -	
Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund	99
Schedule of City Pension Contributions - Ohio Public Employee's Retirement System	100
Schedule of City Pension Contributions -Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund	102

Required Supplementary Information – Other than MD&A (continued)	
Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability -	
Ohio Public Employee's Retirement System	104
Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability -	
Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund	105
Schedule of City OPEB Contributions - Ohio Public Employee's Retirement System	106
Schedule of City OPEB Contributions -Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund	108
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	110
Supplementary Information	
Fund Descriptions – Major Governmental Funds	113
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance	
Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)	
All Major General Fund Accounts:	
General Operating Account	115
Capital Asset Management Account	117
Police and Fire Pension Account	118
Capital Equipment Account	119
Self-Insured Loss Account	120
Communications and Technology Account	121
Unclaimed Funds Fund	122
Total General Fund Accounts	123
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance	
Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)	
General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund	125
All Major Capital Project Funds:	
Bonded Improvement Fund	126
Lane Avenue II Tax Improvement Financing Fund	127
Fund Descriptions – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	129
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	132
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	133
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	134
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	136
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance	
Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) –	
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:	
Tax Incentive Review Fund	138
Street Maintenance and Repair Fund	139
Law Enforcement Fund	140
Tree Planting Fund	141
Enforcement Education Fund	142
Mayor's Court Computer Fund	143
Mayor's Court Special Project Fund	144

Supplementary Information (continued)	
Life Long Learning and Leisure Fund	145
Local Coronavirus Relief Fund	146
Neighborhood Lighting Fund	147
Clerk of Court Fund	148
Upper Arlington Visitor's Bureau Fund	149
Emergency Medical Services Fund	150
Civil Service Fund	151
Economic Development Venture Fund	152
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	154
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	
(Deficit) – Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	156
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance	
Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) - Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds:	
Arlington Centre TIF Fund	158
Tremont Road TIF Fund	159
Lane Avenue Mixed Use TIF Fund	160
Lane Avenue TIF Fund	161
Arlington Crossing TIF Fund	162
Horizon TIF Fund	163
Kingsdale West TIF Fund	164
Kingsdale Core TIF Fund	165
Riverside North TIF Fund	166
Riverside South TIF Fund	167
W. Lane-Northwest TIF Fund	168
Infrastructure Fund	169
Estate Tax Capital Projects Fund	170
Community Fiber Optic Fund	171
Fund Descriptions – Enterprise Funds	172
Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Fund Equity	
Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) – Enterprise Funds:	
Solid Waste Fund	173
Water Surcharge Fund	174
Sanitary Sewer Surcharge Fund	175
Stormwater Fund	176
Swimming Pools Fund	177
Fund Descriptions – Internal Service Funds	178
Combining Statement of Net Position – Internal Service Funds	179
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position –	
Internal Service Funds	180
Combining Statement of Cash Flows – Internal Service Funds	181
Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Fund Equity	
Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) – Internal Service Funds	
Employee Benefits Fund	182

Supplementary Information (continued)	
BWC Administration Fund	183
Fund Descriptions – Fiduciary Funds	184
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position –	
Fiduciary Funds	185
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position -	
Fiduciary Funds	186
Statistical Section	
Description of Contents	190
Financial Trends:	
Net Position by Component – Last Ten Years – Table 1	191
Changes in Net Position – Last Ten Years – Table 2	193
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds – Last Ten Years – Table 3	197
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds – Last Ten Years – Table 4	199
Revenue Capacity:	
Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source – Last Ten Years – Table 5	201
Principal Property Taxpayers – Current and Nine Years Ago – Table 6	202
Property Tax Rates – Direct and Overlapping Governments – Last Ten Years – Table 7	203
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property –	
Last Ten Years – Table 8	205
Principal Employers – Ranked by Number of Full-time Employees –	
Last Ten Years – Table 9	207
Income Tax Statistics – Income Averages – Last Ten Years – Table 10	208
Income Tax Statistics – Local Taxes Paid by Residents – Last Ten Years – Table 11	210
Income Tax Revenue Base and Collections (Cash Basis) – Last Ten Years – Table 12	211
Special Assessment Billings and Collections – Last Ten Years – Table 13	212
Property Tax Levies and Collections – Last Ten Years – Table 14	213
Enterprise Funds Summary Data – Last Ten Years – Table 15	214
Debt Capacity:	
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type – Last Ten Years – Table 16	218
General Bonded Debt Outstanding as a Percentage of Estimated Actual	
Taxable Value of Property and per Capita – Last Ten Years – Table 17	220
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt –	
As of December 31, 2020 – Table 18	221
Legal Debt Margin Information – Last Ten Years – Table 19	222
Demographic and Economic Information:	
Demographic and Economic Statistics – Last Ten Years – Table 20	224
Operating Information:	
Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function -	
Last Ten Years – Table 21	225
Capital Asset Statistics – Last Ten Years – Table 22	226
Operating Indicators by Function – Last Ten Years – Table 23	228



June 25,2021

To the Honorable Brendan King and Members of City Council, And Citizens of the City of Upper Arlington:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Upper Arlington, Ohio (City), for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020, is submitted herewith. The report has a complete set of financial statements presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by Wilson, Shannon & Snow, Inc. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report. The MD&A provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements and complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

The City's Finance Department is responsible for management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal controls that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed its anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

In developing and revising the City's accounting and reporting control systems, consideration is given to the adequacy of internal controls to provide reasonable but not absolute assurance regarding the safeguarding of assets from loss, theft, or misuse and reliability of financial records for preparing the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and the evaluation of costs and benefits require estimates and judgments by management.

As management, we believe the data presented is accurate in all material aspects and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to acquire the maximum understanding of the City's financial activity have been included.

Profile of the Government

Upper Arlington was founded March 20, 1918. On February 8, 1941, the City of Upper Arlington was organized as a home-rule, Municipal Corporation organized under the laws of the State of Ohio. The City covers 9.77 square miles, located just northwest of downtown Columbus. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety; public service; parks and recreation; and community development.

As required by GAAP, the accompanying financial statements include all the organizations, activities and functions in which the City (primary government) and its component unit exercise financial accountability. The component unit discussed below is included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of its operations and/or financial relationship with the City.

Discretely Presented Component Unit – A 13-member board governs the Upper Arlington Community Improvement Corporation (CIC). For financial reporting purposes, the CIC is reported separately from the City's operations because its purpose is to assist the City as a whole in the revitalization and enhancement of property within the City, and its governing body is not the same as that of the primary government.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. The City complies with the requirements of the Ohio Revised Code in the adoption of the budget. Appropriations for the operation of various City departments are established through the passage of an ordinance by City Council. Budgetary control is facilitated through the maintenance of an encumbrance system for purchase orders, and through the use of the City's automated financial system. The Council is required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt the budget by no later than December 31, the close of the City's fiscal year.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, (e.g., General Fund), department (e.g., Police) and line item (e.g., Personal Services). The City Council may pass supplemental appropriations at any time by ordinance. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. The General Fund is presented in the required supplementary section, beginning on page 94. For governmental funds, other than the General Fund, with appropriated annual budgets, this comparison is presented in the governmental fund subsection of this report, which starts on page 138.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City operates.

Local Economy

Despite the concerns about potential impacts from the COVID-19 pandemic, economic growth in the Columbus region remains strong and the Columbus region remains ranked as one of the fastest growing metropolitan areas in the Midwest.

In Upper Arlington, reinvestment in the community not only remained strong in 2020, but continued its recent pattern of growth. Within the business and development arena, the Economic Development Office continued its focus on efforts to attract and grow a mix of professional office and medical users to strengthen and diversify the overall business base. Several significant progressed over the course of the year, including:

The Lane II - this project continues Crawford Hoying's vision for the north side of the Lane Avenue commercial district, transforming two additional blocks to the west of The Lane, the company's first mixed-use redevelopment project. On the east side of Westmont Boulevard, the Lane II includes the City's second hotel – a 116-room Townplace Suites Hotel (completed in the fall of 2020) – along with surface parking and housing units to provide a better neighborhood transition. To the west of Westmont is a five-story mixed-use building with apartments, two restaurants, 20,000 square feet of office, apartments and

structured parking wrapped by townhomes to the north that front a new access road between Westmont and Chester – with an anticipated completion by mid-2021.

- Arlington Gateway a project that has undergone several iterations since it was first introduced in 2016, the Arlington Gateway project is now being led by Continental Real Estate. With construction scheduled to begin in the summer of 2021, Arlington Gateway will include 27,000 square feet of ground floor retail and restaurant space, 225 apartments on the 2nd-6th floors wrapped around a seven-story parking garage with 866 spaces, and an additional five stories on the east side of the building, with 139,000 square feet of office space. In May of 2021, it was announced that three companies have already committed to leasing more than 73,000 square feet of the office space, bringing approximately 400 jobs to Upper Arlington when the project is completed in approximately two years.
- Kingsdale Redevelopment Project early in 2020, The Kroger Company decided it would not pursue a redevelopment project for the site of the former Macy's department store at the Kingsdale Shopping Center. After seeking proposals from developers, Continental Real Estate submitted a successful proposal to purchase and redevelop the site. This project places an emphasis on providing senior and multi-family housing options, reflective of current development trends and complementing the existing mix of retail, restaurant and office uses that already exist at Kingsdale. It will include: a seven-story senior housing apartment building with 142 assisted and independent living units, with a 6.000 square foot restaurant on the ground floor; a seven-story building with five floors of 325 one- and two-bedroom apartments and two amenity courtyards over a two-story parking garage, with eight, two-story townhomes fronting Northwest Boulevard. A third building site was set aside pending the outcome of a community center ballot issue to either become a seven-story community center building, with five floors dedicated to the community center and two floors of office space, or if the ballot issue was unsuccessful, to become a nine-story building with 75 apartments, 50,000 square feet of office space and structured parking.
- **First Community Village** significant progress was made on the construction of the Fairfax, a five-story, 70-unit independent living apartment complex, with a 70-space parking garage, with an anticipated completion by the summer of 2021.

Another significant development project pertains to the Upper Arlington Schools implementation of its facilities master plan. Significant progress was made on the construction of a replacement High School, scheduled to open in the fall of 2021. Additionally, Tremont, Barrington and Greensview elementary schools have all undergone significant renovations and expansions, and Wickliffe and Windermere elementary schools are being completely replaced.

The combined review and inspection of commercial and residential construction projects generated a construction value of \$128 million for 2020, the second highest year for permit activity and construction value – with more than \$80 million of the total attributed to home renovations, additions and new homes.

Long-term Financial Planning

The City of Upper Arlington's Master Plan, first adopted in 2001—and updated and re-adopted in 2013—serves as the community's vision for its future, and comprehensively addresses a wide range of goals and considerations within the areas of land use, housing, community facilities and appearance, economic development, transportation

and infrastructure, technology, sustainability and implementation. The Master Plan's ultimate goal is to preserve and enhance the community's quality of life, while assuring fiscal stability over the long term.

A significant portion of the City's role in reinvesting in Upper Arlington is to protect those investments already made as the community grew and took shape over the course of many decades—our underground and surface infrastructure, public facilities and parks. The City remains committed to improving its aging infrastructure through its Capital Improvement Program (CIP). The most recent CIP is a 10-year plan of approximately \$129 million for years 2021 through 2030.

In 2014, Upper Arlington voters supported a 0.5% increase in the income tax rate—which went into effect in January 2015—with these funds restricted for the City's Capital Improvement Program, providing a long-term, critical funding source. With this funding source in place, the City is continuing to use the adopted financial and debt policies for capital investments, which call for the Capital Improvement Program to be funded using a combination of cash and financing. The City issues general obligation bonds for financing capital improvement projects. The bonds are primarily paid with income tax receipts. In addition to the 0.5%, the City Council approved setting aside an additional 8% of the income tax to retire existing debt. For 2020, \$6.8 million of the \$30.6 million in income tax revenues can be attributed to the tax increase, representing a 1.4% increase from the previous year

Relevant Financial Policies

A debt policy was adopted on September 8, 2003 to establish conditions for the use of debt and to create policies that minimize the City's debt service and issuance costs, retain the highest credit rating and maintain full and complete financial disclosure and reporting.

In addition, City financial policies dictate that a reserve will be maintained in the Unrestricted Fund Balance at a level for meeting the day-to-day obligations of the City equal to 30% of the General Fund operating budget.

Major Initiatives

The City has successfully maintained Triple A financial ratings from Moody's Investors Service, and S&P Global since 2008. These are the highest ratings available and reaffirm that the City takes its fiscal responsibilities seriously. It also means the City can expect to benefit from the lowest possible interest rates in the marketplace at any given time for future bond sales.

The seventh year of the City's 10-year Capital Improvement Program was implemented in 2020 and included: Full roadway reconstruction on sections of five streets; water and storm improvements, new roadway and sidewalks on one side of the street on Mountview Road; various improvements on Chester Road and Westmont Boulevard in support of the Lane II Mixed-Use Project; year four of the Sustainable Sewer Solutions Project; and storm sewer improvements on a section of Northwest Boulevard.

Since the City expanded its Capital Improvement Program to 10 years, approximately \$74 million has been invested in our streets, waterlines, bridges, sanitary sewer lines, streetlights and traffic signals, with positive results. Additionally, the Engineering Division has been able to maximize the community's reinvestment in its streets and underground infrastructure by securing more than \$15.4 million in grants or low/no interest loans to help fund projects for years 2015-223, representing approximately 10% of the costs for the entire 10-year program. The most recent two-year street paving conditions rating exercise—a process for measuring road conditions to help prioritize projects—continues a trend of improvement: the average rating for pavement condition has shifted from 82.7 in

2012 to 89.9 in 2020 (out of 100); and curb conditions have improved from an average of 2.3 in 2012 to 1.8 in 2020 (on a scale of one to five, with one being the best condition).

Tied to the high level of reinvestment occurring in the Lane Avenue business district, a 2019-2020 Lane Avenue Planning Study was undertaken to better understand the impacts of growth and develop a framework guiding this growth in a way that benefits the district and community, while being sensitive to surrounding neighborhoods. The result includes a set of streetscape standards to enhance the district's appeal, with a focus on pedestrian activities, accessibility, outdoor dining, and opportunities for public art and public gathering spaces with the creation of a revised and greatly enhanced Lane Avenue Planned Mixed Use District zoning document.

After an 18-month study process, the Community Center Feasibility Task Force concluded its work at the close of 2020. After a first phase affirmed that many residents want and believe there is a need for a community center, the Task Force transitioned to a second phase that drilled into location options, what facilities to include and costs. The Task Force concluded that it is feasible for the City to construct, operate and maintain a community center, with the former Macy's site at Kingsdale identified as the preferred location. In response to the findings and recommendations from the Task Force, City Council placed the issue on the May 4, 2021 ballot, and authorized various funding mechanisms that would enable the City to construct a community center - estimated at approximately \$54 million - without any increase in City income or property taxes. On May 4, 2021, Upper Arlington voters overwhelmingly voted in favor of this issue (just under 80%). The funding plan includes a combination of existing City reserves, private donations and the issuance of long-term debt. The debt will be repaid with revenues generated by the Kingsdale Mixed-Use TIF District, hotel/motel tax revenues, plus rent and income taxes generated by the two floors of office space. A detailed business operations model projects full cost recovery that will greatly reduce or eliminate the \$530,000 annual subsidy for Parks & Recreation programming that exists today. The modeling also includes a "stress test" scenario in anticipation of down years - under this model, the subsidy needed to support operations would increase by approximately \$230,000. Looking ahead, the City anticipates the detailed design process running through the remainder of 2021, with construction beginning in 2022 and lasting approximately two years.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded the 33rd consecutive Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Upper Arlington for its comprehensive annual report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Additionally, the City received its 15th consecutive Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting from GFOA for the 2019 Popular Annual Financial Report, which provides a reader-friendly summary of the City's financial standing from year to year.

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated efforts of the entire Staff of the Finance Department. We wish to express our appreciation to everyone who contributed to its preparation.

Respectfully submitted,

Brent Lewis Finance Director St. 1. Se-

Steve Schoeny City Manager



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Upper Arlington Ohio

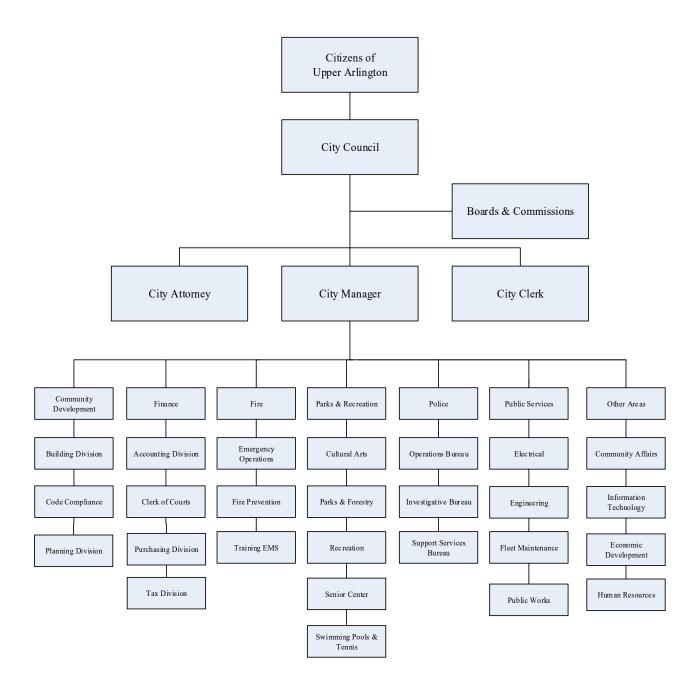
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2019

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

CITY OF UPPER ARLINGTON, OHIO ORGANIZATIONAL CHART For the Year Ended December 31, 2020



CITY OF UPPER ARLINGTON, OHIO LIST OF CITY OFFICIALS

December 31, 2020

City Council

President/Mayor Kip Greenhill
Vice President/Vice Mayor Brendan King
Council Member Michele Hoyle
Council Member Brian Close
Council Member Jim Lynch
Council Member Michaela Burris
Council Member John Kulewicz

Appointed Officials

City Manager Steven Schoeny
City Attorney Darren Shulman
City Clerk Ashley Ellrod

Executive Staff

Assistant City Manager Daniel Ralley Finance Director **Brent Lewis** Fire Division Chief Lyndon Nofziger Parks and Recreation Director Deborah McLaughlin Police Division Chief Steven Farmer Public Services Director/City Engineer Jacolyn Thiel Human Resources Director Abby Cochran Economic Development Director Joseph Henderson Chad Gibson Community Development Director Community Affairs Director Emma Speight Information Technology Director Granville Harris





City of Upper Arlington Franklin County 3600 Tremont Road Upper Arlington, Ohio 43221

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the City Council and Management:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Upper Arlington, Franklin County, Ohio (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

City of Upper Arlington Franklin County Independent Auditor's Report

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Upper Arlington, Franklin County, Ohio, as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 17 to the financial statements, during 2020, the financial impact of COVID-19 and the ensuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the City. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *management's discussion and analysis*, *required budgetary comparison schedule*, and schedules of net pension liability/asset and other post-employment benefit liability and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the City's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory section, the financial section's combining statements, individual fund statements and schedules and the statistical section information present additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The statements and schedules are management's responsibility, and derive from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this information to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

City of Upper Arlington Franklin County Independent Auditor's Report

We did not subject the introductory section and statistical section information to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 25, 2021, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Newark, Ohio

Wilson Shanna ESwey De.

June 25, 2021



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

As management of the City of Upper Arlington (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Upper Arlington for the year ended December 31, 2020. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found at the front of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent year by \$131.6 million (net position).
- The City's total net position increased by \$10.4 million, or 9%.
- At the end of the current year, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$28.3 million, or 85% of the total General Fund expenditures.
- As of the close of the current year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$90.5 million, an increase of \$5.4 million in comparison with the prior year. Of this total amount:
 - o \$3.6 million, or 4%, represents non-spendable balances for inventories, advances, unclaimed monies and assets held for resale.
 - o \$47.1 million, or 52%, of the fund balance is categorized as restricted. Restricted fund balances have constraints externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.
 - \$11.4 million, or 13%, of the fund balance is categorized as committed. Committed fund balances have constraints as to use imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. These constraints can only be removed or changed by taking the same type of action it employed to commit those amounts.
 - o \$1.8 million, or 2%, of the fund balance is categorized as assigned. Assigned fund balances are constrained by the government's intent to use the funds for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed.
 - o \$26.6 million, or 29%, of the fund balance is categorized as unassigned. The unassigned fund balance represents fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This management's discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad view of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference being reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the cash flows. Thus, revenue and expenses reported in this statement for some items will only result in cash flows for future periods (e.g., uncollected taxes, and earned-but-unused vacation leave).

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees or charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include public safety, general government, public services, parks and recreation, and community development. The business-type activities of the City include five enterprise activities: a sanitary sewer system, a stormwater system, a water management system, solid waste collection, and three swimming pool facilities.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 19-21 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on the near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in funds balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

The City of Upper Arlington maintains 30 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund, Bonded Improvement Fund, and the Lane Avenue II TIF Fund, all of which are considered major funds. Data from the other 26 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* in the supplemental section of this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 22-25 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water, sanitary sewer, stormwater, swimming pools, and solid waste collection operations. *Internal service* funds are an accounting devise used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City maintains two internal service funds to recover costs and pay premiums for employee health and dental benefits; and to recover costs and pay premiums for workers' compensation benefits.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water Surcharge, Sanitary Sewer Surcharge, Stormwater, Swimming Pools, and Solid Waste funds, which are considered to be major funds of the City. Additionally, the internal service funds are presented in the proprietary fund financial statements in one column.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 26-30 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 31-32 of this report.

Notes to the basic financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 33-92 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 94 - 111 of this report.

Other Supplementary Information, including additional budgetary schedules, the combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds and major business-type funds, are presented immediately following the other required supplemental information. The additional budgetary schedules and combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 113-186 of this report.

Additionally, the Statistical Section of this report, which can be used to enhance the understanding of the economic condition of the City as a whole, can be found on pages 190-229.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

Government-wide Financial Analysis

The table below provides a comparative summary of the City's net position at December 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019:

	G	overnmental Activiti	ies		ies		
	2020	2019	Change	2020	2019	Change	
Assets							
Current & Other Assets	\$ 119,095,467	\$ 109,866,020	\$ 9,229,447	\$ 8,744,960		\$ 1,099,360	
Net Pension/OPEB Asset Capital Assets	142,062,020	13,500	(13,500) 18,400,266	51,592,194	1,764	(1,764)	
*		123,661,754				(130,024)	
Total Assets	261,157,487	233,541,274	27,616,213	60,337,154	59,369,582	967,572	
Deferred Outflows of Resources							
Deferred Charges	588,398	711,869	(123,471)		- <u>-</u>	- ,	
Pension & OPEB	11,834,834	19,745,616	(7,910,782)	555,754	822,220	(266,466)	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	12,423,232	20,457,485	(8,034,253)	555,754	822,220	(266,466)	
Liabilities							
Current & Other Liabilities	6,303,845	4,140,307	2,163,538	288,365	84,760	203,605	
Long-Term Liabilities:							
Due Within One Year	7,125,554	6,979,610	145,944	152,276	5 150,098	2,178	
Due In More Than One Year:							
Net Pension Liability	42,798,771	54,118,121	(11,319,350)	1,360,391	2,017,398	(657,007)	
Net OPEB Liability	12,287,606	11,544,787	742,819	942,535	944,707	(2,172)	
Other Amounts	106,355,891	96,176,109	10,179,782	1,678,251	1,783,074	(104,823)	
Total Liabilities	174,871,667	172,958,934	1,912,733	4,421,818	4,980,037	(558,219)	
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Property Taxes	10,846,083	9,530,757	1,315,326			-	
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	2,928,026	2,762,222	165,804		<u>-</u>	-	
Pension & OPEB	9,154,096	2,651,585	6,502,511	679,591	136,832	542,759	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	22,928,205	14,944,564	7,983,641	679,591	136,832	542,759	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	69,393,740	62,875,298	6,518,442	49,812,242	2 49,837,992	(25,750)	
Restricted	37,226,462	35,232,944	1,993,518	79,012,242		(23,730)	
Unrestricted	(30,839,355)	(32,012,981)	1,173,626	5,979,257	5,236,941	742,316	
Total Net Position	\$ 75,780,847	\$ 66,095,261	\$ 9,685,586	\$ 55,791,499	\$ 55,074,933	\$ 716,566	

Current and other assets increased in comparison with the prior year-end. This increase is primarily the result of an increase in cash and investments resulting from new bond issuances related to capital projects.

Capital assets, net, increased significantly in comparison with the prior year-end. This increase represents the amount in which capital asset acquisitions exceeded current year depreciation expense.

Current liabilities and other long-term liabilities also increased significantly in comparison with the prior year-end. The increase in current liabilities is primarily due to an increase in accounts payable. The increase in other long-term liabilities is primarily the result of increases in bonds payable.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

The net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources all fluctuated significantly in comparison with the prior year. These fluctuations are due to changes in the actuarial liabilities and related accruals that are passed through to the City's financial statements. All components of pension and OPEB accruals contribute to the fluctuations in deferred outflows/inflows and net pension/net OPEB liability are described in more detail in their respective notes.

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceed liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$131.6 million at the close of 2020.

A large portion of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, construction in progress, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding plus any significant unspent bond proceeds. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; therefore, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position, (28%) represents resources that are subject to restrictions on how they may be used.

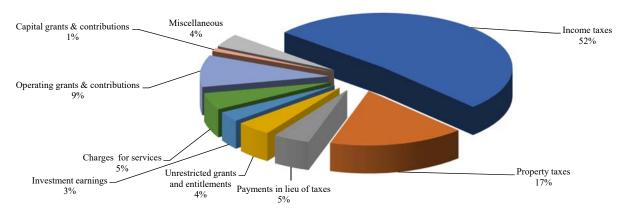
Overall net position of the City increased \$10.4 million (9%) in 2020. Net position for governmental activities increased \$9.7 million (15%), while the net position for business-type activities increased \$716,566 (1%).

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

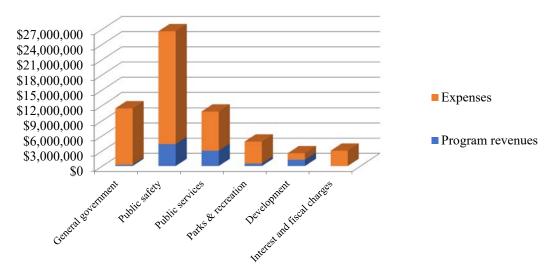
Governmental activities. As stated previously, Governmental activities net position increased by \$9.7 million. General revenues increased by \$4.1 million primarily due to a \$2.2 million increase in income tax revenue and a \$1.7 million increase in miscellaneous revenue.

The following charts illustrate both the 2020 revenues and expenses for governmental activities.

Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities



Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

The table below provides a comparative analysis of changes in net position for 2020 and 2019:

	G	overnmental Activiti	es	В	ies	
	2020	2019	Change	2020	2019	Change
Revenues						
Program Revenues						
Charges for Services	\$ 3,061,702	\$ 7,254,722	\$ (4,193,020)	\$ 6,003,801	\$ 6,427,298	\$ (423,497)
Operating Grants & Contributions	5,743,740	2,500,784	3,242,956	-	-	-
Capital Grants & Contributions	564,657	481,495	83,162			
Total Program Revenues	9,370,099	10,237,001	(866,902)	6,003,801	6,427,298	(423,497)
General Revenues						
Income Taxes	31,494,428	29,291,541	2,202,887	-	-	-
Property Taxes	10,377,050	10,127,226	249,824	-	-	
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	2,807,943	2,802,827	5,116	-	-	-
Unrestricted Grants and Entitlements	2,677,432	2,562,718	114,714	-	-	
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	1,816,566	2,023,069	(206,503)	100,157	91,673	8,484
Other Miscellaneous Revenue	2,396,986	684,204	1,712,782	1,240		1,240
Total General Revenues	51,570,405	47,491,585	4,078,820	101,397	91,673	9,724
Total Revenues	60,940,504	57,728,586	3,211,918	6,105,198	6,518,971	(413,773)
Program Expenses						
General Government	11,178,526	13,076,554	(1,898,028)	-	-	-
Public Safety	22,238,234	1,818,847	20,419,387	-	-	= _
Public Services	7,747,204	8,322,708	(575,504)	-	-	-
Parks and Recreation	4,357,522	5,101,656	(744,134)	-	-	- ,
Community Development	1,289,465	1,263,002	26,463	-	-	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	3,040,326	3,040,548	(222)	-	-	- ,
Enterprise Operations						
Solid Waste	-	-	-	2,876,367	2,861,459	14,908
Water Surcharge	-	-	-	1,029,188	804,521	224,667
Sanitary Sewer Surcharge	-	-	-	1,194,152	1,279,066	(84,914)
Stormwater	-	-	-	982,163	931,154	51,009
Swimming Pools				710,403	1,254,168	(543,765)
Total Expenses	49,851,277	32,623,315	17,227,962	6,792,273	7,130,368	(338,095)
Transfers	(1,403,641)	(4,971,489)	3,567,848	1,403,641	4,971,489	(3,567,848)
Change in Net Position	9,685,586	20,133,782	(10,448,196)	716,566	4,360,092	(3,643,526)
Net Position Beginning of Year	66,095,261	45,961,479	20,133,782	55,074,933	50,714,841	4,360,092
Net Position End of Year	\$ 75,780,847	\$ 66,095,261	\$ 9,685,586	\$ 55,791,499	\$ 55,074,933	\$ 716,566

Charges for services revenues decreased significantly and operating grants and contributions increased significantly in comparison with the prior year, both of which were due to impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic.

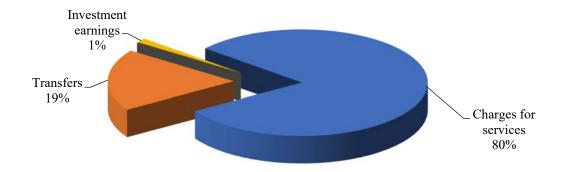
Public safety expenses increased significantly in comparison with the prior year. This increase is primarily the result of a change in net pension/OPEB liability. In 2019, OP&F changed its retiree health care model to a stipend-based health care model thus reducing its total OPEB liability. That change resulted in significantly lower net OPEB liability reported by the City in 2019.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

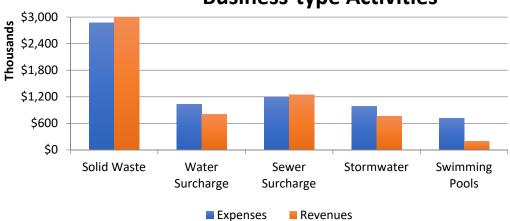
Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$716,566. The key element of the increase was the current year subsidies and transfers of capital assets from governmental sources of \$1.4 million.

The following charts illustrate 2020 revenues and expenses for the business type activities.

Revenues by Source - Business-type Activities



Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-type Activities



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

As of the close of the current year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$90.5 million, an increase of \$5.4 million in comparison with the prior year. Of this total amount:

- o \$3.6 million, or 4%, represents non-spendable balances for inventories, advances, unclaimed monies and assets held for resale.
- \$47.1 million, or 52%, of the fund balance is categorized as restricted. Restricted fund balances
 have constraints externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of
 other governments.
- \$11.4 million, or 13%, of the fund balance is categorized as committed. Committed fund balances have constraints as to use imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. These constraints can only be removed or changed by taking the same type of action it employed to commit those amounts.
- o \$1.8 million, or 2%, of the fund balance is categorized as assigned. Assigned fund balances are constrained by the government's intent to use the funds for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed.
- o \$26.6 million, or 29%, of the fund balance is categorized as unassigned. The unassigned fund balance represents fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$28.3 million, while the total fund balance was \$54.6 million. The remaining fund balance consists of \$18.5 million restricted for pension obligations and capital improvements; \$2.7 million committed for capital improvements and/or payment of debt issued for capital improvements and general liability insurance; \$3.3 million in non-spendable balance for unclaimed funds, inventories, and advances not expected to be returned within one year; and, \$1.8 million assigned for future appropriations and expenditures.

During 2020, the City saw fund balances in the General Fund and Bonded Improvement Fund increase by \$7.4 million and \$8.1 million, respectively. The fund balances in the General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund and Lane Avenue II TIF Fund decreased by \$668,493 and \$10.3 million, respectively. These increases and decreases in fund balances were attributable to the following:

o The increase in the General Fund was primarily the result of decreased general government, public safety, and parks and recreation expenditures.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

- o The decrease in the General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund was primarily the result of an increase in debt service expenditures, offset by the issuance of refunding bonds.
- o The increase in the Bonded Improvement Fund was primarily the result of the issuance of debt for the purpose of capital improvements.
- The decrease in the Lane Avenue II TIF Fund was the result of the issuance of debt for the purpose of capital improvements in the prior year and an increase in capital outlay expenditures.

Proprietary funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the business-type activities of the government-wide financial statements, with the exception of the allocation of the internal service fund net position and related net income, but in more detail.

As of the close of the current year, the City's proprietary funds reported combined ending net position of \$58.3 million, an increase of \$1.2 million in comparison with the prior year. Of this total amount, \$49.8 million represents investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding plus any significant unspent bond proceeds. The remaining \$8.5 million is unrestricted.

As mentioned above, net position increased \$1.2 million during 2020. During 2020, the Water Surcharge Fund and Swimming Pools Fund saw decreases in net position of \$53,636 and \$512,612, respectively. The decrease in the Water Surcharge Fund is the result of an operating loss offset by capital contributions. The decrease in the Swimming Pools Fund is the result of operations.

During 2020, the Solid Waste Fund, Sanitary Sewer Surcharge Fund, Stormwater Fund, and Internal Service funds saw increases in net position of \$146,119, \$479,985, \$632,577, and \$503,724, respectively. The increases in the Sanitary Sewer Surcharge Fund and the Stormwater Fund were primarily the result of receiving its portion of capital assets that were completed during 2020 and paid for out of governmental activity funds. The increase in the Internal Service funds is primarily the result of a decrease in self-insurance expenses.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2020, amounts to \$193.7 million, net of accumulated depreciation. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, infrastructure and construction in progress. The City's overall investment in capital assets, increased \$18.3 million, or 10%.

Major capital asset events during the current year included the following:

- □ **Key construction-in-progress infrastructure projects included:** The City continued to invest in the 10-year capital improvements plan for its aging infrastructure. Construction, engineering and studies for street, waterline, and stormwater projects that have begun and will continue into future years include: park improvements, street maintenance and street reconstruction programs, and various other street, waterline, bridge, sewer, and stormwater projects.
- □ Key completed construction and infrastructure projects included: park renovations, street maintenance and street reconstruction programs, street light replacements, and stormwater projects.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation

		nmental vities	Business-type Activities					
	2020	2019	2020	2019				
Land	\$ 5,350,070	\$ 4,461,752	\$ 1,236,573	\$ 1,236,573				
Construction in progress	32,076,323	18,589,070	-	-				
Building	7,515,419	8,006,523	1,653,670	1,696,530				
Improvements	10,065,039	9,242,665	9,504,189	9,732,576				
Machinery and equipment	4,607,018	3,886,488	233,856	320,714				
Infrastructure	82,448,151	79,475,256	38,963,906	38,735,825				
Total	\$ 142,062,020	\$ 123,661,754	\$ 51,592,194	\$ 51,722,218				

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 4 to the basic financial statements.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current year, the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$104.1 million. The general obligation bonds are backed by the full faith and credit of the City. The City's special obligation bonds are limited special revenue obligations of the City, payable solely from nontax revenues.

Outstanding Bonded General Obligation Debt

	Govern	nmental	Busine	ess-type		
	Activ	vities	Acti	vities		
	2020	2019	2020	2019		
General obligation bonds	\$ 82,021,655	\$ 72,801,816	\$ 1,723,345	\$ 1,818,184		
Special obligation bonds	20,340,000	20,340,000	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Total	\$ 102,361,655	\$ 93,141,816	\$ 1,723,345	\$ 1,818,184		

During the current year, the City's total bonded debt increased by \$9.1 million as a result of the issuance of \$15.5 million in various purpose bonds for the purpose of funding capital improvements and \$14.1 million in refunding bonds offset by regular debt payments.

The City has received an "Aaa" rating from Moody's and an "AAA" rating from Standard & Poor's for general obligation debt. These are the highest ratings available, and Upper Arlington is one of a small number of Ohio communities to have achieved this distinction.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 to the basic financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During 2020, the City decreased its original General Fund revenues and other financing sources estimates by \$63,900. The decreases were primarily related to lower than expected property and other local tax revenues and charges for services revenues. In addition, actual revenues and other financing sources exceeded the final estimate by \$952,754. The variance is primarily the result of greater than expected income tax receipts.

During 2020, the City increased original appropriations by \$1.6 million highlighted by a \$500,000 transfer to the General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund and transfers to the Water Surcharge Fund, Sanitary Sewer Surcharge Fund, and Stormwater Fund, totaling \$764,570. Other increases were made in relation to the higher than expected expenditures. Actual expenditures were \$7.5 million less than final appropriations as a result of conservative budgeting practices.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- □ In 2020, Upper Arlington's average unemployment rate was 4.4%, which compares favorably to the state's average unemployment rate of 5.5%.
- □ In 2020, the median household income in Upper Arlington was \$123,548. This amount has increased from the 2019 amount of \$115,093 and is significantly higher the state's average of \$56,602.
- □ During the current year, the unrestricted budgetary fund balance in the General Fund operating account increased \$5.7 million to a fund balance of \$24.9 million. The City has appropriated \$41.3 million for General Fund account operating expenditures in the 2021 year budget, which includes the 2021 budgeted revenues of \$41 million.
- □ Health insurance costs remained stable during the current year. The City continues its efforts to contain costs by requiring employed spouses to be secondary on the City's health care plan as well as evaluating premium contributions. The City also continued to operate a wellness program in 2020.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Director, 3600 Tremont Road, Upper Arlington, Ohio, 43221. This report is also available on the City's website at https://upperarlingtonoh.gov.

		Component Unit		
			_	Upper Arlington Community
	Governmental	Business-Type		Improvement
	Activities	Activities	Total	Center
Assets				
Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments	\$ 91,254,202	\$ 7,823,433	\$ 99,077,635	\$ -
Cash, Cash Equivalents in Segregated Accounts	0.252.051	-	- 0.252.051	8,583
Income Taxes Receivable Property and Other Taxes Receivable	8,253,951	-	8,253,951	-
Special Assessments Receivable	11,771,733 640,411	-	11,771,733 640,411	-
Payments in Lieu of Taxes Receivable	3,170,541	-	3,170,541	_
Accounts Receivable	312,834	757,355	1,070,189	_
Accrued Interest Receivable	185,164	6,602	191,766	_
Intergovernmental Receivable	2,792,826	-,	2,792,826	-
Internal Balances	(157,570)	157,570	-	-
Materials and Supplies Inventory	365,650	-	365,650	-
Assets Held for Resale	505,725	-	505,725	-
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	37,426,393	1,236,573	38,662,966	-
Depreciable Capital Assets, net	104,635,627	50,355,621	154,991,248	
Total Assets	261,157,487	60,337,154	321,494,641	8,583
D. G. 10 (8)				
Deferred Outflows of Resources	500 200		500 200	
Deferred Charges on Refunding Pension	588,398 6,967,020	220 200	588,398	-
OPEB	4,867,814	330,399 225,355	7,297,419 5,093,169	-
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	12,423,232	555,754	12,978,986	
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	3,715,137	255,447	3,970,584	450
Retainage Payable	928,961	-	928,961	-
Accrued Wages and Benefits	701,269	24,217	725,486	-
Due to Other Governments	697,593	3,742	701,335	-
Accrued Interest Payable	260,885	4,959	265,844	-
Long-Term Liabilities: Due Within One Year	7,125,554	152,276	7,277,830	
Due In More Than One Year:	7,123,334	132,270	7,277,630	-
Net Pension Liability	42,798,771	1,360,391	44,159,162	
Net OPEB Liability	12,287,606	942,535	13,230,141	-
Other Amounts Due in More Than One Year	106,355,891	1,678,251	108,034,142	_
Total Liabilities	174,871,667	4,421,818	179,293,485	450
Deferred Inflows of Resources	10.046.003		10.046.002	
Property Taxes Levied for the Next Year	10,846,083	-	10,846,083	-
Payments in Lieu of Taxes Pension	2,928,026	451,690	2,928,026	-
OPEB	6,245,145 2,908,951	227,901	6,696,835 3,136,852	-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	22,928,205	679,591	23,607,796	_
Net Position				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	69,393,740	49,812,242	119,205,982	_
Restricted for:	07,575,710	19,012,212	117,203,702	
Capital Projects	29,483,930	_	29,483,930	_
Debt Service	413,081	-	413,081	-
Street Maintenance and Repairs	2,491,210	-	2,491,210	_
Law Enforcement and Education	666,420	-	666,420	-
Pension Obligations	3,537,249	-	3,537,249	-
Other Purposes	634,572	-	634,572	-
Unrestricted	(30,839,355)	5,979,257	(24,860,098)	8,133

City of Upper Arlington Franklin County, Ohio

Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

			_	Program Revenues							
	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		G	Capital rants and ntributions			
Governmental Activities											
General Government	\$	11,178,526	\$	217,409	\$	-	\$	25,814			
Public Safety		22,238,234		726,672		3,624,502		-			
Public Services		7,747,204		387,607		2,119,238		538,843			
Parks and Recreation		4,357,522		487,901		-		-			
Community Development		1,289,465		1,242,113		-		-			
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-			
Interest and Fiscal Charges		3,040,326				-		-			
Total Governmental Activities		49,851,277		3,061,702		5,743,740		564,657			
Business-Type Activities											
Solid Waste		2,876,367		2,992,073		-		-			
Water Surcharge		1,029,188		805,757		-		-			
Sanitary Sewer Surcharge		1,194,152		1,244,403		-		-			
Stormwater		982,163		762,846		-		-			
Swimming Pools		710,403		198,722							
Total Business-Type Activities		6,792,273		6,003,801							
Component Unit											
Upper Arlington Community Improvement Corporation		3,803									
Total	\$	56,647,353	\$	9,065,503	\$	5,743,740	\$	564,657			

General Revenues

Income Taxes
Property Taxes
Payments in Lieu of Taxes
Unrestricted Grants and Entitlements
Investment Earnings
Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Total General Revenues

Net Position Beginning of Year

Net Position End of Year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

		Prim	ary Government		Component Unit		
G	Governmental Activities		usiness-Type Activities	 Total	Co Imp	r Arlington mmunity rovement Center	
\$	(10,935,303)	\$	-	\$ (10,935,303)	\$	-	
	(17,887,060)		-	(17,887,060)		-	
	(4,701,516)		-	(4,701,516)		-	
	(3,869,621) (47,352)		-	(3,869,621) (47,352)		-	
	(47,332)		_	(47,332)		10,000	
	(3,040,326)		-	(3,040,326)		-	
	(40,481,178)		-	(40,481,178)		10,000	
	-		115,706	115,706		-	
	-		(223,431)	(223,431)		-	
	-		50,251	50,251		-	
	-		(219,317)	(219,317)		-	
			(511,681)	 (511,681)		-	
	<u> </u>		(788,472)	 (788,472)		-	
						(3,803)	
	(40,481,178)		(788,472)	 (41,269,650)		6,197	
	31,494,428		-	31,494,428		-	
	10,377,050		-	10,377,050		-	
	2,807,943		-	2,807,943		-	
	2,677,432		-	2,677,432		-	
	1,816,566		100,157	1,916,723		4	
	2,396,986		1,240	 2,398,226		-	
	51,570,405		101,397	 51,671,802		4	
	(1,403,641)		1,403,641	-		-	
	50,166,764		1,505,038	 51,671,802		4	
	9,685,586		716,566	10,402,152		6,201	
	66,095,261		55,074,933	121,170,194		1,932	
\$	75,780,847	\$	55,791,499	\$ 131,572,346	\$	8,133	

City of Upper Arlington Franklin County, Ohio Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2020

	_	General	General Obligation Bonded Bond Retirement Improvement			Lane Avenue II TIF		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Assets		45.004.545		4.534.040						45.005.005	
Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments Income Taxes Receivable	\$	45,824,615 8,253,951	\$	1,736,969	\$	23,151,445	\$	1,423,570	\$	15,925,337	\$ 88,061,936 8,253,951
Property and Other Taxes Receivable		11,767,989		-		_		-		3,744	11,771,733
Special Assessments Receivable		434,019		12		_		_		206,380	640,411
Payments in Lieu of Taxes Receivable		-		-		_		-		3,170,541	3,170,541
Accounts Receivable		305,035		-		-		-		7,799	312,834
Accrued Interest Receivable		148,500		-		32,601		-		4,063	185,164
Intergovernmental Receivable		1,345,010		-		-		-		1,447,816	2,792,826
Advances to Other Funds		2,768,335		-		-		-		-	2,768,335
Due from Other Funds		620,000		-		-		-		-	620,000
Materials and Supplies Inventory		69,384		-		-		-		296,266	365,650
Assets Held for Resale		505,725									505,725
Total Assets	\$	72,042,563	\$	1,736,981	\$	23,184,046	\$	1,423,570	\$	21,061,946	\$ 119,449,106
Liabilities											
Accounts Payable	\$	418,857	\$	_	\$	1,074,325	\$	683,813	\$	1,029,067	\$ 3,206,062
Retainage Payable	Ψ	-	Ψ	_	Ψ	601,083	Ψ	-	Ψ	327,878	928,961
Accrued Wages and Benefits		647,797		-		3,488		-		49,984	701,269
Due to Other Governments		688,998		-		539		-		8,056	697,593
Accrued Vacation and Sick Leave		201,772		-		-		-		-	201,772
Advances from Other Funds		-		-		-		-		2,768,335	2,768,335
Due to Other Funds		11,044				45				620,650	631,739
Total Liabilities		1,968,468				1,679,480		683,813		4,803,970	9,135,731
Deferred Inflows of Resources											
Property and Other Taxes		10,846,083		-		_		-		_	10,846,083
Payments in Lieu of Taxes		-		-		-		-		2,928,026	2,928,026
Unavailable Revenue		4,642,084		12		30,339		-		1,347,812	6,020,247
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		15,488,167		12		30,339		-		4,275,838	19,794,356
Fund Balances											
Nonspendable		3,349,720		_		_		_		296,266	3,645,986
Restricted		18,542,286		1,736,969		21,474,227		739,757		4,612,350	47,105,589
Committed		2,654,944		-				-		8,706,461	11,361,405
Assigned		1,784,585		-		_		-		-	1,784,585
Unassigned (Deficit)		28,254,393								(1,632,939)	26,621,454
Total Fund Balance		54,585,928		1,736,969	_	21,474,227		739,757		11,982,138	90,519,019
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of											
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	72,042,563	\$	1,736,981	\$	23,184,046	\$	1,423,570	\$	21,061,946	\$ 119,449,106

City of Upper Arlington Franklin County, Ohio Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities December 31, 2020

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 90,519,019
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial		
resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		142,062,020
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds:		
Income Taxes \$	2,739,449	
Property Taxes	238,427	
Special Assessments	587,586	
Payments in Leiu of Taxes	242,515	
Intergovernmental	2,063,581	
Accounts	82,683	
Interest	66,006	6,020,247
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds.		
The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities		
in the statement of net position.		2,537,359
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore not reported in the funds.		(260,885)
Unamortized loss on refunding represents deferred outflows, which do not use current financial resources		
and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		588,398
The net pension liability and net OPEB liability are not due and payable in the current period, therefore,		
the liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds.		
Deferred Outflows - Pension	6,967,020	
Deferred Outflows - OPEB	4,867,814	
Net Pension Liability (42,798,771)	
Net OPEB Liability (12,287,606)	
Deferred Inflows - Pension	(6,245,145)	
Deferred Inflows - OPEB	(2,908,951)	(52,405,639)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
·	05,132,225)	
	(5,656,052)	
Unamortized Bond Discount	249,413	
Accrued Vacation and Sick Leave	(2,740,808)	 (113,279,672)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 75,780,847

City of Upper Arlington Franklin County, Ohio Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	General Obligation Bonded Lane Avenue II General Bond Retirement Improvement TIF		Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
Revenues						
Municipal Income Taxes	\$ 31,469,336	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 31,469,336
Property and Other Taxes	9,965,986	315,344	-	-	44,359	10,325,689
Special Assessments	60,285	296	-	-	30,456	91,037
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	-	-	-	-	2,912,611	2,912,611
Charges for Services	1,146,248	-	-	-	140,377	1,286,625
Licenses and Permits	1,513,736	-	-	-		1,513,736
Fines and Forfeitures	168,254	-	-	-	28,229	196,483
Intergovernmental	2,604,691	46,544	-	-	6,372,987	9,024,222
Investment Earnings	1,880,850	-	134,315	-	60,501	2,075,666
Miscellaneous	1,377,071	196			952,638	2,329,905
Total Revenues	50,186,457	362,380	134,315		10,542,158	61,225,310
Expenditures						
Current:						
General Government	8,748,284	5,304	-	-	1,264,857	10,018,445
Public Safety	15,674,001	-	-	-	3,198,986	18,872,987
Public Services	2,025,558	-	-	-	2,035,001	4,060,559
Parks and Recreation	3,454,120	-	-	-	168,967	3,623,087
Community Development	1,137,115	-	-	-	749	1,137,864
Capital Outlay	1,971,739	-	7,543,635	10,322,682	5,587,918	25,425,974
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement	-	6,271,595	-	-	-	6,271,595
Interest and Fiscal Charges	-	3,014,471	-	-	-	3,014,471
Bond Issuance Costs	172,982		197,083			370,065
Total Expenditures	33,183,799	9,291,370	7,740,718	10,322,682	12,256,478	72,795,047
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	17,002,658	(8,928,990)	(7,606,403)	(10,322,682)	(1,714,320)	(11,569,737)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	90,572	_	_	_	_	90,572
Proceeds of Bonds	90,372	-	15,500,000	-	-	15,500,000
Refunding Bonds Issued	60,740	14,034,260	13,300,000			14,095,000
Premium on Debt Issued	112,242	1,720,827	197,083			2,030,152
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	112,242	(14,781,510)	177,003			(14,781,510)
Transfers In		7,286,920			3,318,400	10,605,320
Transfers Out	(9,861,144)	7,200,720			(744,176)	(10,605,320)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(9,597,590)	8,260,497	15,697,083		2,574,224	16,934,214
Net Change in Fund Balances	7,405,068	(668,493)	8,090,680	(10,322,682)	859,904	5,364,477
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	47,180,860	2,405,462	13,383,547	11,062,439	11,122,234	85,154,542
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 54,585,928	\$ 1,736,969	\$ 21,474,227	\$ 739,757	\$ 11,982,138	\$ 90,519,019

City of Upper Arlington Franklin County, Ohio Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds			\$ 5,364,477
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activites, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Capital Asset Additions	\$	24,196,215	
Current Year Depreciation		(4,371,189)	19,825,026
The effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, trade-ins, donations and disposals) is to decrease net position. Contributions, donations, and transfers of construction in progress			(1,403,641)
Governmental funds only report the disposal of capital assets to the extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal.			(21,119)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			
Income Taxes		25,092	
Property Taxes		51,361	
Special Assessments		94,473	
Payments in Leiu of Taxes Intergovernmental		(104,668) (283,025)	
Accounts		(113,687)	
Interest		(44,924)	(375,378)
Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.			
Bonds and Loans Payable			6,271,595
Issuance of refunding bonds results in expenditures and other financing sources and uses in the governmental funds, but these transactions are reflected in the statement of net position			
as long-term deferred outflows and liabilities.			
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent		14,781,510	
Premium on Refunding Bonds		(871,800)	
Proceeds of Refunding Bonds	-	(14,095,000)	(185,290)
Debt proceeds issued in the governmental funds that increase long-term liabilities in the statement of			
net position are not reported as revenues.			
General Obligation Bonds		(15,500,000)	
Premium on issuance of General Obligation Bonds		(1,158,352)	(16,658,352)
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, and bond premium and the gain/loss on refunding are amortized over the term of the bonds, whereas in governmental funds,			
an interest expenditure is reported when bonds are issued.		36,821	
Accrued Interest Payable Amortization of Premium on Bonds		442,179	
Amortization of Discount on Bonds		(11,313)	
Amortization of Refunding Loss		(123,783)	343,904
Contractually required pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows.			
Pension		3,512,682	3,569,299
OPEB Except for amount reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability are		56,617	3,369,299
reported as pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities.		(5.0(0.024)	
Pension OPEB		(5,969,924) (1,449,333)	(7,419,257)
The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to invididual funds is not reported in the statement of activities. Governmental expenditures and related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.			479,592
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated Absences			(105,270)
Accrued Vacation Leave Payable			 (100,210)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities			\$ 9,685,586
•			 77-

City of Upper Arlington Franklin County, Ohio

Statement of Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2020

			Enterpri	se Fun	ds	
	Solid Vaste	 Water Surcharge	nitary Sewer Surcharge	S	Stormwater	 Swimming Pools
Assets Current Assets: Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments Accounts Receivable Accrued Interest Receivable Due From Other Funds	\$ 1,062,378 267,945 1,687	\$ 1,411,158 169,516 -	\$ 1,986,455 253,658	\$	3,095,275 66,236 4,915	\$ 268,167
Total Current Assets	1,332,010	1,580,674	2,240,113		3,166,426	268,167
Non-Current Assets: Non-Depreciable Capital Assets Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	 -	514 17,824,836	 - 8,328,970		13,596,210	1,236,059 10,605,605
Total Non-Current Assets	 	 17,825,350	 8,328,970		13,596,210	 11,841,664
Total Assets	 1,332,010	 19,406,024	 10,569,083		16,762,636	 12,109,831
Pension OPEB	 <u>-</u>	 29,855 20,100 49,955	 103,056 72,873 175,929		140,603 89,427 230,030	 56,885 42,955 99,840
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	 	 49,933	 173,929		230,030	 99,640
Liabilities Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable Accrued Wages and Benefits Due to Other Governments Due to Other Funds Accrued Vacation and Sick Leave Loans Payable General Obligation Bonds Payable Accrued Interest Payable	242,088	3,312 2,938 454 38 10,995 18,869 54,716 2,758	1,844 14,769 2,282 192 11,999 - 4,676 236		7,241 5,440 841 71 12,039 - 38,982 1,965	962 1,070 165 14
Total Current Liabilities	242,088	94,080	35,998		66,579	2,211
Long-Term Liabilities: Accrued Vacation and Sick Leave Loans Payable Bonds Payable Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability	 - - - - -	4,878 37,738 903,822 123,672 85,685	 5,323 - 77,228 494,687 342,740		5,341 - 643,921 371,016 257,055	371,016 257,055
Total Long-Term Liabilities	 	 1,155,795	 919,978		1,277,333	 628,071
Total Liabilities	 242,088	 1,249,875	 955,976		1,343,912	 630,282
Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension OPEB Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 - - -	 28,504 16,844 45,348	 146,328 70,791 217,119		78,702 36,598 115,300	 198,156 103,668 301,824
Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets Unrestricted Total Net Position	\$ 1,089,922 1,089,922	\$ 16,810,205 1,350,551 18,160,756	\$ 8,247,066 1,324,851 9,571,917	\$	12,913,307 2,620,147 15,533,454	\$ 11,841,664 (564,099) 11,277,565

Adjustment to consolidate the internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds

Net position of business-type activities

	Governmental Activities
Total	Internal Service Fund
\$ 7,823,433 757,355	\$ 3,192,266
6,602	12,054
8,587,390	3,204,320
1,236,573 50,355,621	- -
51,592,194	
60,179,584	3,204,320
330,399 225,355	- -
555,754	
255,447	509,075
24,217 3,742	-
315	-
35,033 18,869	-
98,374	-
4,959	
440,956	509,075
15,542	-
37,738 1,624,971	-
1,360,391	-
942,535	
3,981,177	
4,422,133	509,075
451.600	
451,690 227,901	-
679,591	
40.012.242	
49,812,242 5,821,372	2,695,245
\$ 55,633,614	\$ 2,695,245
157,885	
\$ 55,791,499	

City of Upper Arlington Franklin County, Ohio Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

			Ente	rprise			Governmental Activities
	Solid Waste	Water Surcharge	Sanitary Sewer Surcharge	Stormwater	Swimming Pools	Total	Internal Service Fund
Operating Revenues Charges for Services Miscellaneous	\$ 2,992,073	\$ 805,757	\$ 1,244,403 1,240	\$ 762,846	\$ 198,722	\$ 6,003,801 1,240	\$ 3,624,987 196,752
Total Operating Revenues	2,992,073	805,757	1,245,643	762,846	198,722	6,005,041	3,821,739
Operating Expenses Personal Services Materials and Supplies Contractual Services Self-Insurance Depreciation Miscellaneous	2,876,367 - -	76,417 12,222 351,053 - 560,585	580,027 60,021 187,787 - 375,330 68	472,417 6,899 144,676 - 338,522	263,222 50,984 136,321 - 259,228 1,579	1,392,083 130,126 3,696,204 - 1,533,665 1,647	3,318,015
Total Operating Expenses	2,876,367	1,000,277	1,203,233	962,514	711,334	6,753,725	3,318,015
Operating Income (Loss)	115,706	(194,520)	42,410	(199,668)	(512,612)	(748,684)	503,724
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses) Investment Earnings Interest Expense	30,413	(34,864)	(2,979)	69,744 (24,838)	-	100,157 (62,681)	<u>-</u>
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	30,413	(34,864)	(2,979)	44,906		37,476	
Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions	146,119	(229,384)	39,431	(154,762)	(512,612)	(711,208)	503,724
Capital Contributions		175,748	440,554	787,339		1,403,641	
Change in Net Position	146,119	(53,636)	479,985	632,577	(512,612)	692,433	503,724
Net Position Beginning of Year	943,803	18,214,392	9,091,932	14,900,877	11,790,177		2,191,521
Net Position End of Year	\$ 1,089,922	\$ 18,160,756	\$ 9,571,917	\$ 15,533,454	\$ 11,277,565		\$ 2,695,245
		Adjustment to consolid		e fund activities related ange in net position in l		24,133 \$ 716,566	

City of Upper Arlington Franklin County, Ohio

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

			Enterpris	se Funds			Governmental Activities
	Solid Waste	Water Surcharge	Sanitary Sewer Surcharge	Stormwater	Swimming Pools	Total	Internal Service Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities							
Cash Received from Customers and Users	\$ 3,033,490	\$ 789,905	\$ 1,210,325	\$ 764,614	\$ 198,722	\$ 5,997,056	\$ 3,818,371
Cash Payments to Suppliers and Contractual Services Cash Payments to Employees	(2,643,744)	(361,436) (125,784)	(285,401) (490,689)	(156,287) (315,227)	(188,482) (295,216)	(3,635,350) (1,226,916)	(3,296,074)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	389,746	302,685	434,235	293,100	(284,976)	1,134,790	522,297
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities							
Advances Out	(125,000)	-	-	-	-	(125,000)	-
Net Cash Used for							
Noncapital Financing Activities	(125,000)					(125,000)	
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activit	ies						
Principal Payments on Capital Debt	-	(62,185)	(4,508)	(37,581)	-	(104,274)	-
Interest Payments on Capital Debt		(35,208)	(3,008)	(25,083)		(63,299)	
Net Cash Used for Capital and							
Related Financing Activities		(97,393)	(7,516)	(62,664)		(167,573)	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities							
Interest Received	31,276			73,890		105,166	
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	31,276			73,890		105,166	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	296,022	205,292	426,719	304,326	(284,976)	947,383	522,297
Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of Year	766,356	1,205,866	1,559,736	2,790,949	553,143	6,876,050	2,669,969
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of Year	\$ 1,062,378	\$ 1,411,158	\$ 1,986,455	\$ 3,095,275	\$ 268,167	\$ 7,823,433	\$ 3,192,266

(Continued)

City of Upper Arlington Franklin County, Ohio Statement of Cash Flows

Statement of Cash Flows
Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Enterprise Funds						vernmental Activities					
	 Solid Waste	S	Water urcharge		itary Sewer urcharge	St	ormwater	S	wimming Pools	 Total	Inte	rnal Service Fund
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities												
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 115,706	\$	(194,520)	\$	42,410	\$	(199,668)	\$	(512,612)	\$ (748,684)	\$	503,724
Adjustments:												
Depreciation	-		560,585		375,330		338,522		259,228	1,533,665		-
(Increase) Decrease in Assets and Deferred Outflows:												
Accounts Receivable	41,417		(15,852)		(35,318)		1,768		-	(7,985)		-
Due from Other Funds	-		-		-		-		-	-		(3,368)
Net Pension Asset	-		130		674		299		661	1,764		-
Deferred Outflows - Pension/OPEB	-		452		187,280		(89,892)		168,626	266,466		-
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities and Deferred Inflows:												
Accounts Payable	232,623		1,839		(37,526)		(4,713)		402	192,625		21,941
Accrued Wages	-		1,796		7,948		1,446		540	11,730		-
Accrued Vacation and Sick Leave	-		9,824		(16,621)		8,426		-	1,629		-
Deferred Inflows - Pension/OPEB	-		(52,588)		205,553		110,210		279,584	542,759		-
Net Pension Liability	-		(25,045)		(276,832)		29,488		(384,618)	(657,007)		-
Net OPEB Liability	 		16,064		(18,663)		97,214		(96,787)	 (2,172)		
Net Cash Provided by (Used For) Operating Activities	\$ 389,746	\$	302,685	\$	434,235	\$	293,100	\$	(284,976)	\$ 1,134,790	\$	522,297
Noncash Capital Financing Activities:												
Contributions of Capital Assets from												
Governmental Activities	\$ 	\$	175,748	\$	440,554	\$	787,339	\$		\$ 1,403,641	\$	

City of Upper Arlington Franklin County, Ohio

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2020

	Custodial		
Assets			
Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments	\$	174,138	
Total Assets		174,138	
Liabilities			
Due to Other Governments		139,568	
Total Liabilities		139,568	
Net Position			
Restricted for Individuals and Other Governments		34,570	
Total Net Position	\$	34,570	

City of Upper Arlington Franklin County, Ohio

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	 Custodial
Additions Fines & Forfeitures for Other Governments Fees for Other Organizations	\$ 80,169 196,790
Total Additions	 276,959
Deductions Fines & Forfeitures Distributions to Other Governments	90,678
Fee Distributions to Other Organizations Total Deductions	196,790 287,468
Change in Net Position	(10,509)
Net Position Beginning of Year	 45,079
Net Position End of Year	\$ 34,570

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Reporting Entity

The City of Upper Arlington (City) was organized on February 8, 1941 and is a home-rule, municipal corporation organized under the laws of the State of Ohio. The City operates under the Council-Manager form of government. Elected officials include seven council members.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the City consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the City. For the City of Upper Arlington this includes the departments that provide the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety, public service, parks and recreation, and community development.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable. The City is financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board, and (1) the City is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the City is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the City is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance deficits of or provide financial support to the organization; or the City is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations for which the City approves the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The City has one component unit, the Upper Arlington Community Improvement Corporation (CIC).

The CIC was formed pursuant to Resolution 19-93 passed December 13, 1993. The CIC was designated as a not-for-profit organization of the City to assist in the revitalization and enhancement of property through advancing, encouraging, and promoting industrial, economic, commercial, and civic development. The CIC is governed by a thirteen-member board. The Code of Regulations for the CIC calls for six members to be appointed by the City, including: the City Manager, the President of City Council or designee, up to two additional City Council members, and the remaining nine seats by citizens recommended by the Mayor and confirmed by City Council. Thus, the City appoints and or approves appointment of 100% of the Board. Additionally, the City has provided 100% of the past financial support of the CIC. The CIC does not operate with substantively the same governing body as the primary government. In addition, the CIC through its economic development activities exists to benefit the citizens of Upper Arlington. The CIC is discretely presented as a component unit of the City. Financial statements can be obtained from Brent Lewis, Finance & Administrative Services Director, 3600 Tremont Road, Upper Arlington, Ohio 43221.

The City is associated with an organization, which is defined as a Jointly Governed Organization. This organization is presented in Note 14 to the basic financial statements.

(b) Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Beginning January 1, 2003, the City changed its financial reporting to comply with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments*. Financial information of the City, including the City's discretely presented component unit, is presented in the accompanying statements in the following format:

 Management's discussion and analysis, a part of the required supplementary information, introduces the basic financial statements and provides analytical overview of the City's financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

• Basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the basic financial statements. The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units.

The statement of net position and statement of activities measure and report all the assets, liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, revenues and expenses, gains, and losses. Governmental activities are reported separately from the business-type activities. Taxes and intergovernmental revenues support governmental activities while revenues such as fees and charges support business-type activities. Interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function, and therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function.

Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by programs and grants and/or contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund financial statements consist of a series of statements focusing on information about the City's major governmental funds, enterprise funds, and fiduciary funds.

Notes to the financial statements provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

Required supplementary information (RSI) is comprised of budgetary comparison schedules and pension and OPEB trend data required by GASB.

(c) Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting policies and financial reporting practices of the City conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and disclose contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds where each is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures (expenses) are recognized in the accounts of the financial statements and relates to the timing of the measurements made.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The government-wide and the proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the time of related cash flows.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments, compensated absences, and net pension liability which are recognized as expenditures when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt are reported as other financing sources.

Non-exchange transactions, where the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from income tax is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are earned. Revenues from grants, entitlements and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Intergovernmental revenue is also recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the government's water, sewer, solid waste and stormwater functions and other various functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes and unrestricted intergovernmental revenues. Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues primarily include Homestead and Rollback taxes related to the collection of property taxes in Ohio.

Amounts reported as operating revenues and operating expenses in proprietary funds generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's proprietary funds are charges for services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of commodities, and operating and administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and nonoperating expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – This fund accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund – This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for the payment of general obligation long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Bonded Improvement Fund – This fund accounts for issuance of bonds for the purchase of significant capital projects with useful lives of more than five years.

Lane Avenue II Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Fund – This fund accounts for any incremental increases in value and expenditure related to the redevelopment of several parcels of real property located on the north side of West Lane Avenue, between Chester Road and Westmont Boulevard (known as the Lane II project).

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Solid Waste Fund – This fund accounts for the receipts generated from the refuse collection fees charged to the City's residents. Disbursements are for operating costs.

Water Surcharge Fund – This fund accounts for the surcharge applied to the consumption of water by all users within the City for the purpose of paying the cost of maintaining the City's water distribution system. These monies may be used for the construction and reconstruction of the water distribution system, including the repair/replacement of fire hydrants.

Sanitary Sewer Surcharge Fund – This fund accounts for the surcharge applied to the consumption of water by all users within the City for the purpose of paying the cost of maintaining the City's sanitary sewer system. These monies may be used for enlargement or replacement of the system and construction and reconstruction of main and interceptor sewers.

Stormwater Fund – This fund accounts for all receipts from stormwater drainage service charges, permit and inspection fees, direct charges, and investment earnings for the purpose of paying the cost of operating the stormwater management utility. These monies may be used for the purchase of capital equipment and capital improvements, including the payment of principal and interest on debt issued for such purposes.

Swimming Pools Fund – This fund accounts for all receipts generated from admission to the City's two pools and the related disbursements associated with operating these pools.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Other Special Revenue Funds – These funds are used to account for revenues derived from specific taxes, grants, or other restricted or committed revenue sources. The use and limitation of the special revenue funds are specified by City ordinance or federal and state statutes.

Other Capital Project Funds – These funds are used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned and used for acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

Internal Service Funds – These funds are used to account for financing services provided by one department to other departments of the City generally on a cost-reimbursement basis. The City's Internal Service funds report on the self-insurance program.

Custodial Funds – These funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund. The City's custodial funds account for amounts collected and distributed on behalf of another government or organization, including fines and forfeitures received from citizens as a result of violating City laws and miscellaneous deposits of funds collected by the City and due to other governments.

(d) Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund Balance

1. Deposits and Investments

City funds are pooled and invested to improve cash management. The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand and demand deposits. The proprietary funds consider all highly liquid investments to be cash equivalents when purchased.

During 2020, investments were limited to Federal agency securities, municipal securities, U.S. Treasuries, corporate bonds, commercial paper, the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio), money market funds, and negotiable certificates of deposit. Federal agency securities, municipal securities, U.S. Treasuries, corporate bonds, commercial paper, and negotiable certificates of deposit are reported at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. STAR Ohio and money market accounts are reported at the net asset value (NAV) per share. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides a NAV per share that approximates fair value.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." For 2020, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$100 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$100 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$100 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

2. Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" for the current portion of the interfund activity or "advances to/from other funds" for the non-current portion of the interfund activity. Any residual balances outstanding between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real, public utility and tangible (used in business) property located in the City. Real property tax revenues received in 2020 represent the collection of 2019 taxes. Real property taxes received in 2020 were levied after October 1, 2019, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2019, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are taxes established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due January 20th, with the remainder payable by June 20th.

Public utility property tax revenues received in 2020 represent the collection of 2019 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in 2019 became a lien on December 31, 2019, were levied after October 1, 2019, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property is currently assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The Franklin County Treasurer collects property taxes on behalf of all taxing districts within the County, including the City of Upper Arlington. The County Auditor periodically remits to the City its portion of the taxes collected.

Accrued property taxes receivable represents real property and public utility property taxes which were measurable as of December 31, 2020, and for which there was an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next year are measurable, amounts to be received during the available period are not subject to reasonable estimation at December 31 and are not intended to finance 2020 operations.

Collectible delinquent real property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue on the full accrual basis. On the modified accrual basis, the entire receivable is deferred.

The full tax rate for all City operations for the year ended December 31, 2020 was \$6.17 per \$1,000 of assessed value. The assessed values of real and tangible personal property upon which 2020 property tax receipts were based are as follows:

	As	Assessed Valuation			
Real Property	\$	1,897,558,700			
Public Utility Property		28,626,100			
Total	\$	1,926,184,800			

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The City levies an income tax of 2.5% on substantially all income earned within the City. In addition, residents of the City are required to pay City income tax on income they earn outside the City. However, a credit is allowed for income taxes paid to other municipalities. Employers within the City are required to withhold income tax on employee compensation and remit this tax at least quarterly. Corporation and other individual taxpayers are required to pay their estimated tax quarterly and file a declaration annually. The City utilizes the Regional Income Tax Agency (RITA) to administer and collect taxes for the City with the guidance of the City's finance department. The income tax receivable includes both balances already filed by taxpayers and tax estimates, net of non-collectible taxes and refunds.

3. Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost using the first in/first out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund-types inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

4. Assets Held for Resale

In 2017, the City purchased 1615 Fishinger Road to help ensure the City had input concerning the future use of the property as part of the potential future development of the Kingsdale area. The City's intent is for the property to be sold to promote economic development within the City.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund statements. The City defines capital assets as assets with an estimated useful life in excess of five years and an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Pursuant to the implementation of GASB Statement 34, the historical costs of governmental infrastructure assets (retroactive to January 1, 1980) are included as part of the governmental capital assets reported in the government-wide statements. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the time of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities and proprietary funds are included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Capital assets of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset description	Estimated useful life (years)
Machinery and equipment	
(Autos and trucks, computer equipment)	5 - 8
(Other equipment, furniture & fixtures)	10 - 25
Buildings	40
Infrastructure (water/sewer/stormwater lines)	50
Infrastructure (streets, lights)	15 - 30
Improvements	8 - 50

6. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the City, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for deferred charges on refunding, pension and OPEB. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are explained in Notes 10 and 11.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the City, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, payments in lieu of taxes, pension, OPEB and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, 2020, but which were levied to finance 2021 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the City unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes, income taxes, special assessments and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are reported on the government-wide statement of net position. (See Notes 10 and 11)

7. Compensated Absences

City employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts. In the event of termination, an employee is reimbursed for accumulated vacation at varying rates. In the event of retirement, an employee is reimbursed for accumulated vacation in full and sick leave at varying levels.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Vacation and sick leave accumulated by governmental fund type and proprietary fund type employees is recorded as an expense when incurred in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types. Vacation and sick leave accumulated by governmental fund type employees are recorded as expenditures when due in the governmental fund financial statements. When paid, compensated absences for governmental activities are paid from the fund to which the employee's payroll is charged.

The City uses the vesting method in determining the liability of sick leave recorded. The timing of future payments for vacation and sick leave is dependent on many factors and therefore not readily determinable. However, management believes that sufficient resources will be made available for the payment of vacation and sick leave when such payments become due.

8. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable unamortized bond premium or discount. Net pension/OPEB liability is also included in the long-term obligations and recalculated on an annual basis.

In the governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, are recognized during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

9. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

10. Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is "bound to honor constraints on specific purposes for which amounts in the fund can be spent" in accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. The five fund classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> – The nonspendable classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in a spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

<u>Restricted</u> – Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

<u>Committed</u> – The committed classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (passage of an ordinance) of the City Council. The committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (passage of a new ordinance) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. City Council has established fund balance policies that allow the Director of Finance to assign fund balance for specific purposes. Council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's budget.

<u>Unassigned</u> – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report the deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts have been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The City first applies restricted resources when expenditure is incurred for purposed for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used.

11. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes primarily include resources restricted for recreation and various mayor's court activities.

The City applies restricted resources first, when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 2 – Deposits and Investments

Deposit and Investment Policies

The City pools its cash, except for that held by trustees, and fiscal and escrow agents, for maximum investing efficiency. Earnings on the pool are allocated to individual funds according to Chapter 221 of the Upper Arlington City Code. In management's opinion, all statutory requirements were met in distributing earnings of the pool to various funds.

The City Code, Chapter 221, Depositories and Investments, provides the City with its authorized investment instruments, which do not include derivatives. In addition, the City is prohibited from using reverse repurchase agreements and does not leverage its investment portfolio in any manner. During 2020, the City invested in STAR Ohio. Management of STAR Ohio states that its policy also prohibits investing in derivatives and/or engaging in the use of reverse repurchase agreements. Average days to maturity of the STAR Ohio portfolio at December 31, 2020 were 55.8 days.

The City purchases investments, except for certificates of deposit, only through its investment advisor, Meeder Investment Management (Meeder). Meeder is contracted by the City to make investment recommendations and must acknowledge in writing their comprehension and receipt of the City policies.

The City's investment code and practices have consistently protected the portfolio from unnecessary credit risk (safety) and market risks (liquidity) while providing a competitive yield. The investments permitted by the City Code as well as limitations on investments are described in detail below.

Investments as permitted by Chapter 221 of the Upper Arlington City Code are as follows:

- (a) U.S. Treasury Bills, Notes, and Bonds; various federal agency securities including issues of Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA), Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp. (FHLMC), Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB), Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB), Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA), Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) and other agencies or instrumentalities of the United States. GNMA mortgage-backed, pass-through securities are considered as eligible investments of the city and are not derivative securities, as defined under ORC § 135.14(C). Eligible investments include securities that may be "called", by the issuer, prior to the final maturity date. Any eligible investment may be purchased at a premium or a discount. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities.
- (b) General obligations of the State of Ohio.
- (c) General obligations of any county, township, school district, municipal corporation, or other legally constituted taxing subdivision of Ohio, which is not at the time of such investment, in default in the payment of principal on any of its obligations, provided that all of the following apply:
 - 1. The debt is payable from the general revenues and backed by the full faith and credit of the political subdivision,
 - 2. The debt is rated at the time of purchase in the three highest classifications of at least one nationally recognized rating agency and purchased through a registered securities broker or dealer,
 - 3. The aggregate value of the bonds/obligations does not exceed twenty percent (20%) of the portfolio, and
 - 4. The City is not the sole buyer of the issue.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 2 – Deposits and Investments (continued)

- (d) Certificates of deposit issued by institutions whose deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Certificates of deposit shall be collateralized using eligible securities or instruments as defined under ORC § 135.18 or 135.181. The selection of ORC § 135.18 or 135.181 for purposes of collateralization, shall be determined by the finance director. Under either method, the finance director may require an additional percentage of eligible collateral to compensate for any depreciation of market value of such pledged collateral, less any portion insured by the FDIC.
- (e) Repurchase agreements with any eligible institution mentioned in ORC § 135.03, or any eligible securities dealer pursuant to ORC § 135.14(M). Repurchase agreements transacted with eligible securities dealers shall be executed on a delivery versus payment basis. Eligible repurchase agreement collateral is restricted to securities listed in C.O. § 221.06(A), limited to final maturity dates of ten (10) years. The market value of securities subject to a repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the repurchase agreement amount by at least two (2) percent and marked to market daily. Term repurchase agreements shall be limited to a maximum of thirty (30) days.
- (f) Banker's acceptances issued by any domestic bank rated in the highest category by one of two nationally recognized rating agencies.
- (g) No load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in ORC § 135.14(B)(1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions mentioned in ORC § 135.03.
- (h) Commercial paper notes issued by an entity that is defined in ORC § 1705.01(D) and that has assets exceeding five hundred million dollars (\$500,000,000.00), to which notes all of the following apply:
 - 1. The notes are rated at the time of purchase in the highest classification established by at least two (2) nationally recognized standard rating services.
 - 2. The aggregate value of the notes does not exceed ten (10) percent of the aggregate value of the outstanding commercial paper of the issuing corporation.
 - 3. The notes mature not later than two hundred seventy (270) days after purchase.
 - 4. The investment in commercial paper notes of a single issuer shall not exceed in the aggregate five (5) percent of interim moneys available for investment at the time of purchase.
- (i) Medium term notes issued by a corporation, domiciled within the United States and having assets in excess of \$500 million, provided that such medium term notes have a maximum maturity of five (5) years and are highly rated, at the time of purchase, by Standard & Poor's, Moody's, or Fitch.
 - If a security has a split rating, the higher of the two ratings shall be used to determine the eligibility for investment purposes. In no event shall a corporate security, at the time of purchase, be rated less than A- by Standard & Poor's or less than an A3 by Moody's.
- (j) The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR OHIO), pursuant to Ohio Revised Code § 135.45.

Limitations on Investments by Chapter 221 of the Upper Arlington City Code are as follows:

- (a) Limitations on investments of any single institution or issuer:
 - 1. The City's investment with any individual issuer shall not constitute more than five percent (5%) of such issuer's total outstanding issue in banker's acceptances, commercial paper or corporate medium term notes.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 2 – Deposits and Investments (continued)

- 2. The total value of certificates of deposit, purchased from any individual financial institution, shall not exceed three percent (3%) of that institution's total time deposits, provided that such total deposits do not exceed five percent (5%) of the City's average portfolio at the time of purchase.
- (b) Limitations on the investment of interim funds:

The aggregate investments in banker's acceptances and commercial paper shall not exceed twenty five percent (25%) of the City's average portfolio, at the time of purchase.

- 1. The aggregate total of all corporate medium term notes shall not exceed fifteen percent (15%) of the average portfolio, based upon purchase cost or book value, at the time of purchase. Commercial paper and bankers' acceptances shall not be considered when calculating the maximum holdings in any single issuer.
- 2. The use of derivative securities, as defined in Ohio Revised Code §135.14(C), is expressly prohibited.
- 3. Collateralized mortgage obligations (CMOs) of any kind are expressly prohibited.
- (c) All eligible investments will mature within five (5) years from the date of settlement, unless the investment is matched to a specific obligation or debt of the City and the investment is specifically approved by the Finance Director.

All of the City's deposits and investments comply with State statutes, City ordinances, and applicable bond indentures.

Deposits

At December 31, 2020, the carrying value of all the City's cash deposits was \$1,156,181 and the bank balance was \$2,043,724. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and the remaining was uninsured and collateralized. The City's financial institution was approved for a reduced collateral rate of 50 percent through the Ohio Pooled Collateral System. Additionally, within its general fund, the City had cash on hand with a third-party fiscal agent in the amount of \$17,052.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. The City has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or be protected by:

- 1. Eligible securities pledged to the District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured; or
- 2. Participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 2 – Deposits and Investments (continued)

Investments

At year-end, the City had investments with maturities as follows:

			Investment maturitie									
	M	l easurement		1 year		1 to 3		3 to 5				
Investment type		Value		or less		or less		or less		years		years
STAR Ohio	\$	24,570,990	\$	24,570,990	\$	-	\$	-				
Commercial Paper		12,277,977		12,277,977		-		-				
Money market mutual fund		1,959,736		1,959,736		-		-				
Municipal securities		901,460		-		901,460		-				
FFCB		21,842,756		278,119		12,571,471		8,993,166				
FHLB		2,396,306		2,176,555		219,751		-				
FMAE		6,927,018		429,490		635,318		5,862,210				
FMAC		3,809,090		1,001,100		2,807,990		-				
Corporate bonds		1,537,837		-		1,537,837		-				
US treasuries		7,338,486		1,346,625		4,663,786		1,328,075				
Negotiable CD's		14,516,884		1,235,797		10,953,787		2,327,300				
Total investments	\$	98,078,540	\$	45,276,389	\$	34,291,400	\$	18,510,751				

STAR Ohio and money market accounts are reported at the net asset value (NAV) per share. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides a NAV per share that approximates fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value. The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets, for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. All of the City's investments, with the exception of STAR Ohio and money market mutual funds, are reported at fair value and are valued using significant other observable inputs (Level 2 inputs). Institutional bond quotes and evaluations based on various market and industry inputs are used in the valuation of the City's level 2 investments

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City's investment policy generally limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

Credit Risk. The City's investment policy limits investments held to those issued by the U.S. Government or any of its agencies; STAR Ohio, and only very highly-rated money market funds, commercial paper, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, bonds and other obligations of any county, township, school district, municipal corporation, or other legally constituted taxing subdivision of Ohio, which is not at the time of such investment, in default in the payment of principal on any of its obligations. Additionally, the City may invest in medium term notes issued by a corporation, domiciled within the United States and having assets in excess of \$500 million provided that they are highly rated by Standard & Poor's, Moody's, or Fitch.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 2 – Deposits and Investments (continued)

The City's investments in federal agency securities, US treasuries, STAR Ohio, municipal securities, and money market mutual funds were rated AAA. The City's investments in commercial paper were rated P-1. Of the City's investments in corporate bonds, \$1,128,733 were rated A1, and \$409,104 were rated Aa1.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The City through its investment policy limits investments with any individual issuer to 5% of such issuer's total outstanding issue in banker's acceptances, commercial paper, or corporate medium notes, and limits the value of certificates of deposits to 3% of that institution's total time deposits, provided that such total deposits do not exceed 5% of the City's average portfolio at the time of purchase.

Custodial Credit Risk. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investments are not exposed to custodial credit risk, as defined by GASB Statement No. 40 as they are either insured, registered, held by the City, or held by an agent in the name of the City.

Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position: The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments to the statement of net position as of December 31, 2020:

Cash and investments per note		
Carrying amount of deposits	\$	1,156,181
Cash held by third party agent		17,052
Investments		98,078,540
Total	\$	99,251,773
Cash and investments per statements	of n	et position
Governmental activities	\$	91,254,202
Business-type activities		7,823,433
Custodial Funds		174,138
Total	\$	99,251,773

Interest revenue credited to the General Fund as of December 31, 2020 consisted of \$854,267 in interest earnings and \$1,026,583 in unrealized fair value gains. Of the \$854,267 in interest earnings credited to the General Fund as of December 31, 2020, \$414,146 represents the amount assigned from other funds not entitled to earn interest per Ohio statute.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 3 – Receivables and Deferred Inflows of Resources

(a) Receivables

Receivables at December 31, 2020 consisted of income taxes, property and other taxes, special assessments, payments in lieu of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services), accrued interest and intergovernmental receivables arising from grants, entitlements, and shared revenue. Receivables have been recorded to the extent that they are measurable at December 31, 2020. A summary of the items of receivables reported on the statement of net position follows:

	Governmental		Bus	iness-type
		Activities	A	ctivities
Income taxes	\$	8,253,951	\$	-
Property and other taxes		11,771,733		-
Special assessments		640,411		-
Payments in lieu of taxes		3,170,541		-
Accounts		312,834		757,355
Accrued interest		185,164		6,602
Intergovernmental		2,792,826		-

Receivables have been separately identified on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year.

(b) Deferred Inflows of Resources

On the statement of net position, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes and payments in lieu of taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of December 31, 2020, which were levied to finance year 2020 operations, pension and OPEB (see Notes 10 and 11).

	Governmental Activities		siness-type activities
Property and other taxes	\$	10,846,083	\$ -
Payments in lieu of taxes		2,928,026	-
Pension/OPEB		9,154,096	679,591
	\$	22,928,205	\$ 679,591

On the modified accrual basis of accounting, the City has recorded certain receivables where the related revenue is unavailable. Unavailable revenues have been reported as deferred inflows of resources on the governmental fund balance sheet for the following:

		General			
		Obligation Bond	Bond	Other	
Deferred inflows:	General	Retirement	Improvement	Governmental	Total
Income tax	\$ 2,739,449	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,739,449
Property tax	238,427	-	-	-	238,427
Special assessments	434,019	12	-	153,555	587,586
Payments in lieu of taxes	-	-	-	242,515	242,515
Intergovernmental	1,117,326	-	-	946,255	2,063,581
Accrued interest	35,348	-	30,339	319	66,006
Accounts	77,515			5,168	82,683
Total deferred inflows	\$ 4,642,084	\$ 12	\$ 30,339	\$ 1,347,812	\$ 6,020,247

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 4 – Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2020 was as follows:

	Beginning				Ending
Governmental Activities	balance	Additions	Deductions	Transfers	balance
Nondepreciable capital assets					
Land	\$ 4,461,752	\$ 652,568	\$ -	\$ 235,750	\$ 5,350,070
Construction in progress	18,589,070	22,079,945	-	(8,592,692)	32,076,323
Total nondepreciable assets	23,050,822	22,732,513		(8,356,942)	37,426,393
Depreciable capital assets					
Buildings	18,766,053	14,147	-	(238,232)	18,541,968
Improvements other than buildings	12,458,262	-	-	1,069,313	13,527,575
Machinery and equipment	18,108,563	1,426,027	(762,530)	367,608	19,139,668
Infrastructure	116,308,063	23,528	-	5,752,130	122,083,721
Total depreciable assets	165,640,941	1,463,702	(762,530)	6,950,819	173,292,932
Less accumulated depreciation					
Buildings	(10,759,530)	(269,501)	-	2,482	(11,026,549)
Improvements other than buildings	(3,215,597)	(246,939)	-	-	(3,462,536)
Machinery and equipment	(14,222,075)	(1,051,986)	741,411	-	(14,532,650)
Infrastructure	(36,832,807)	(2,802,763)	-	-	(39,635,570)
Total accumulated depreciation	(65,030,009)	(4,371,189)	741,411	2,482	(68,657,305)
Depreciable capital assets, net					
of accumulated depreciation	100,610,932	(2,907,487)	(21,119)	6,953,301	104,635,627
Total capital assets, net	\$ 123,661,754	\$ 19,825,026	\$ (21,119)	\$ (1,403,641)	\$142,062,020

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of governmental activities as follows:

Governmental Activities:

General government	\$ 412,077
Public safety	488,718
Public services	3,100,582
Parks and recreation	362,937
Community development	6,875
Total depreciation expense	\$ 4,371,189

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 4 – Capital Assets (continued)

	Beginning				Ending
Business-type Activities	balance	Additions	Deductions	Transfers	balance
Nondepreciable capital assets					
Land	\$ 1,236,573	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,236,573
Total nondepreciable assets	1,236,573				1,236,573
Depreciable capital assets					
Buildings	1,714,388	-	-	-	1,714,388
Improvements other than buildings	11,649,747	-	-	-	11,649,747
Machinery and equipment	1,325,481	-	(90,372)	-	1,235,109
Infrastructure	64,174,944	-	-	1,403,641	65,578,585
Total depreciable assets	78,864,560		(90,372)	1,403,641	80,177,829
Less accumulated depreciation					
Buildings	(17,858)	(42,860)	-	-	(60,718)
Improvements other than buildings	(1,917,171)	(228,387)	-	-	(2,145,558)
Machinery and equipment	(1,004,767)	(86,858)	90,372	-	(1,001,253)
Infrastructure	(25, 439, 119)	(1,175,560)	-	-	(26,614,679)
Total accumulated depreciation	(28,378,915)	(1,533,665)	90,372	-	(29,822,208)
Depreciable capital assets, net					
of accumulated depreciation	50,485,645	(1,533,665)		1,403,641	50,355,621
Total capital assets, net	\$ 51,722,218	\$ (1,533,665)	\$ -	\$ 1,403,641	\$ 51,592,194

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of business-type activities as follows:

Business-type Activities:

Water Surcharge	\$ 560,585
Sanitary Sewer Surcharge	375,330
Stormwater	338,522
Swimming Pools	259,228
Total depreciation expense	\$ 1,533,665

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 4 – Capital Assets (continued)

<u>Construction Commitments</u> - The City has active construction projects as of December 31, 2020. The projects include reconstruction/maintenance of streets, waterlines, sewer lines and stormwater systems, installing sidewalks, replacing traffic signals, and various park-related projects. At year-end, the City's commitments with contractors are as follows:

		Amount
	Contract	Remaining
Company	Amount	on Contract
Arcadis U.S.	\$ 2,010,237	\$ 1,009,203
Burgess and Niple	1,364,782	173,736
Decker Construction	5,075,877	481,740
Strawser Paving	6,926,049	657,656
Performance Pipelining	2,895,187	1,023,875
Lane Ave Commercial Holdings	19,923,000	636,735
Elite Excavating	3,189,035	372,597
Inland Water Pollution Control	410,158	259,120
Setterlin Building Corp.	1,426,260	247,264
G & G Concrete Construction	590,238	221,491

<u>Encumbrances</u> - Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed by all funds on a budgetary basis of accounting. On the GAAP basis of accounting, encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Outstanding encumbrances, net of related payables, in the governmental funds at December 31, 2020 were as follows:

	Encumbrances,		
Fund	net payables		
General	\$ 1,356,293		
Bonded Improvement		3,883,498	
Infrastructure Improvement	1,390,149		
Lane Avenue II TIF		629,037	
Other Governmental		1,127,317	
Total	\$	8,386,294	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 5 – Interfund Activity

(a) Due from/to Other Funds

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services and to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received in the fund financial statements, these receivables and payables are reported as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the balance sheet, and are normally expected to be liquidated in a year or less.

"Due from/to other funds" balances at December 31, 2020 represent the premium charges payable to the BWC administration fund for the funding of worker's compensation claims totaling \$12,054. Additionally, the Due from/to other funds" balances in the General, Other Governmental funds and Proprietary funds include \$620,000 in interfund balances that are expected to be repaid within one year. See the table in 5(b) for further detail.

(b) Interfund Balances

During the course of operations advances are made from the General Fund to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by December 31. As mentioned in note 5(a) above, the portion of the advances expected to be repaid within a year or less are reported as "Due from/to other funds" on the balance sheet. The portion of the advances expected to be repaid in more than one year are reported as "advances from other funds" or "advances to other funds" on the balance sheet. Accordingly, a nonspendable fund balance has been established in the General Fund.

Interfund balances at December 31, 2020 as reported on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet, consist of the following individual interfund advances:

							Balance	e She	eet
	Beginning	New		Advance	Ending	Dυ	ie from/to		Advances
Fund	balance	advances	S	repayments	balance	ot	her funds		from/to
General	\$ 4,447,335	\$	-	\$ (1,059,000)	\$ 3,388,335	\$	620,000	\$	2,768,335
Other Governmental:									
Tremont Road TIF	(251,135)		-	40,000	(211,135)		(35,000)		(176,135)
Kingsdale Core TIF	(518,000)		-	309,000	(209,000)		-		(209,000)
Lane Ave TIF	(100,000)		-	50,000	(50,000)		-		(50,000)
Lane Ave Mixed Use TIF	(360,000)		-	60,000	(300,000)		(100,000)		(200,000)
Horizon TIF	(1,200,000)		-	375,000	(825,000)		(375,000)		(450,000)
W. Lane Northwest TIF	(218,200)		-	-	(218,200)		(10,000)		(208,200)
Community Fiber Optic	(1,675,000)		-	100,000	(1,575,000)		(100,000)		(1,475,000)
Total Other Governmental	(4,322,335)		-	934,000	(3,388,335)		(620,000)		(2,768,335)
Proprietary Funds:									
Solid Waste	(125,000)			125,000					
Total	\$ -	\$		\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	

Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 5 – Interfund Activity (continued)

(c) Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2020, consisted of the following, as reported in the fund financials:

			Transfers to					
			Gene	eral Obligation		Other		
Transfers from	General		Bor	nd Retirement	Go	overnmental		Total
				_				
General	\$	-	\$	6,542,744	\$	3,318,400	\$	9,861,144
Other Governmental		-		744,176		-		744,176
Total	\$	-	\$	7,286,920	\$	3,318,400	\$	10,605,320

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted for debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

All transfers were made in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.14, 5705.15 and 5705.16 and the City's Charter.

Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities of the Governmental and Business-type Activities for the year ended December 31, 2020:

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities (continued)

Governmental Activities

	,			г т	D W.1.
	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
General obligation bonds:	Dalance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One rear
2009A Building renovation					
refunding bonds 2%-4%	\$ 150,000	\$ -	\$ (150,000)	\$ -	\$ -
2009C Various purpose bonds 2%-4%	370,000	-	(370,000)	-	-
2011 Refunding bonds 2%-3.5%	2,610,000	-	(2,610,000)	-	-
2012 Lane Ave mixed use	,,		() , ,		-
development bonds 2%-3.125%	6,030,000	-	(6,030,000)	-	-
2012 Various purpose bonds 2%-3%	2,530,000	-	(2,530,000)	-	-
2013 Refunding bonds 3%-4%	5,520,000	-	(4,535,000)	985,000	485,000
2014 Refunding bonds 1.5%-3.5%	5,720,000	-	(500,000)	5,220,000	400,000
2015 Various purpose bonds 1.5%-4%	13,614,816	-	(710,161)	12,904,655	736,626
2015 Refunding bonds 1.5%-4%	5,417,000	-	(525,000)	4,892,000	545,000
2016 Various purpose bonds 2.45%-3.11%	9,810,000	-	(5,000)	9,805,000	5,000
2017 Various purpose bonds 3%	6,715,000	-	(865,000)	5,850,000	875,000
2018 Various purpose bonds 3%-4%	9,515,000	-	(5,000)	9,510,000	5,000
2019 Various purpose bonds 2.5%-4%	4,800,000	-	(530,000)	4,270,000	550,000
2020A Various purpose bonds 1%-4%	-	15,500,000	(875,000)	14,625,000	350,000
2020A Refunding bonds 1%-4%	_	9,575,000	(65,000)	9,510,000	990,000
2020B Refunding bonds .233%-1.398%	_	4,520,000	(70,000)	4,450,000	110,000
Total general obligation bonds	72,801,816	29,595,000	(20,375,161)	82,021,655	5,051,626
Special obligation nontax revenue bonds: 2019 Lane Ave mixed use development bonds II 2%-4%	20,340,000			20,340,000	
Loans - Direct Borrowings:					
OPWC Tremont Road 0%	2,248,559	_	(52,292)	2,196,267	104,584
FCIB Community Fiber Network 1.7%	683,445	_	(109,142)	574,303	111,005
Total loans	2,932,004		(161,434)	2,770,570	215,589
Unamortized premium on bonds	4,584,277	2,030,152	(958,377)	5,656,052	-
Unamortized discount on bonds	(260,726)		11,313	(249,413)	
Total bonds and notes payable	100,397,371	31,625,152	(21,483,659)	110,538,864	5,267,215
Net pension liability:					
OPERS	15,438,052	-	(4,431,256)	11,006,796	-
OP&F	38,680,069	-	(6,888,094)	31,791,975	-
Total net pension liability:	54,118,121		(11,319,350)	42,798,771	
Net OPEB Liability					
OPERS	7,229,501	396,471		7,625,972	
OP&F	4,315,286	346,348	-	4,661,634	-
Total net OPEB liability	11,544,787	742,819		12,287,606	
·					
Accrued vacation and sick leave	2,758,348	3,774,843	(3,590,610)	2,942,581	1,858,339
Total Governmental Activities long-term liabilities	\$168,818,627	\$ 36,142,814	\$ (36,393,619)	\$168,567,822	\$ 7,125,554

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities (continued)

Business-type Activities

Water Surcharge Fund	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
General obligation bonds: 2015 Various purpose bonds 1.5%-4%	¢ 1.011.200	¢	\$ (52,750)	¢ 050 520	¢ 54.716
Total general obligation bonds	\$ 1,011,288 1,011,288	\$ -	\$ (52,750) (52,750)	\$ 958,538 958,538	\$ 54,716 54,716
Total general obligation bolids	1,011,200		(32,730)	930,330	34,710
OPWC loans - Direct Borrownigs:					
Arlington Avenue waterline 0%	66,042	-	(9,435)	56,607	18,869
Total OPWC loans	66,042		(9,435)	56,607	18,869
	/ -		(-,)		
Net pension liability - OPERS	148,717	-	(25,045)	123,672	-
Net OPEB liability - OPERS	69,621	16,064	-	85,685	_ `
Accrued vacation and sick leave	6,049	18,790	(8,966)	15,873	10,995
Total Water Surcharge Fund	1,301,717	34,854	(96,196)	1,240,375	84,580
Sewer Surcharge Fund General obligation bonds: 2015 Various purpose bonds 1.5%-4%	86,412	_	(4,508)	81,904	4,676
Total general obligation bonds	86,412		(4,508)	81,904	4,676
Total general congation conds	00,412		(4,300)	61,704	4,070
Net pension liability - OPERS	771,519	-	(276,832)	494,687	-
Net OPEB liability - OPERS	361,403	-	(18,663)	342,740	_ ·
Accrued vacation and sick leave	33,943	51,413	(68,034)	17,322	11,999
Total Sewer Surcharge Fund	1,253,277	51,413	(368,037)	936,653	16,675
Stormwater Fund General obligation bonds:					
2015 Various purpose bonds 1.5%-4%	720,484		(37,581)	682,903	38,982
Total general obligation bonds	720,484		(37,581)	682,903	38,982
Net pension liability - OPERS Net OPEB liability - OPERS Accrued vacation and sick leave	341,528 159,841 8,954	29,488 97,214 45,415	- - (36,989)	371,016 257,055 17,380	12,039
Total Stormwater Fund	1,230,807	172,117	(74,570)	1,328,354	51,021
Total Stormwater Land	1,230,007	172,117	(71,370)	1,320,331	31,021
Swimming Pools Fund Net pension liability - OPERS Net OPEB liability - OPERS Swimming Pools Fund	755,634 353,842 1,109,476	- -	(384,618) (96,787) (481,405)	371,016 257,055 628,071	- · ·
Summing 1 00th 1 min	1,102,770		(101,403)	020,071	
Total Business-type Activities					
long-term liabilities	\$ 4,895,277	\$ 258,384	\$ (1,020,208)	\$ 4,133,453	\$ 152,276

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities (continued)

The City pays obligations related to employee compensation from the fund benefitting from their service. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension/OPEB liability. However, employer pension/OPEB contributions are made from the following funds; the General Fund, the Bonded Improvement Fund, the Infrastructure Improvement Fund, Other Governmental Funds, and the Water Surcharge Fund, the Sewer Surcharge Fund, the Stormwater Fund, and the Swimming Pools fund.

General Obligation Bonds and Notes are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. The City issues general obligation bonds and notes to provide funds for acquisition and construction of major capital equipment, infrastructure, and facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities.

Special Obligation bonds are limited special revenue obligations of the City, payable solely from Nontax Revenues. Neither the general credit of the City, nor that of the State of Ohio or of any political subdivision thereof, is pledged to the payment of the principal of, or premium, if any, or interest on the Special Obligation Nontax Revenue bonds. Special Obligation bonds have been issued for governmental activities.

General Obligation Bonds:

2020A Various Purpose and Refunding Bonds

On September 16, 2020, the City issued \$25,075,000 in Various Purpose Limited Tax Bonds. The bonds were broken into the following two components based on the intended use of the proceeds: (i) 2020A Various Purpose Bonds (\$15,500,000) were issued for the purpose of acquiring, constructing, installing, and equipping capital projects and public infrastructure with related equipment, acquiring land and interests in land, and all necessary appurtenances thereto, and; (ii) 2020A Refunding Bonds (\$9,575,000) were issued for the purpose of currently refunding a portion (\$1,980,000) of the Series 2011 Capital Improvement Refunding Bonds and currently refunding a portion (\$8,220,000) of the Series 2012 Various Purpose and Lane Avenue Mixed Use Development Bonds.

The reacquisition price of the 2020A Refunding Bonds exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$33,566 for governmental-type activities. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which equal to the life of the 2020A Refunding Bonds issued. This refunding was undertaken to reduce the combined total debt service payments by \$958,839 and resulted in an economic gain of \$854,756.

The bond issues included serial and term bonds, in the amounts of \$15,245,000 and \$9,830,000, respectively. The bonds were issued for a twenty-nine year period with final maturity at December 1, 2049. Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. Payments of principal and interest are recorded as disbursements of the General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund.

The \$1,610,000 term bonds maturing on December 1, 2038, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 of the year and in the respective principal amount as follows:

	Principal amount			
Fiscal year	to be	be redeemed		
2037	\$	795,000		

The remaining principal amount of such Series 2020A Bonds (\$815,000) will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2038.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities (continued)

The \$1,710,000 term bonds maturing on December 1, 2040, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 of the year and in the respective principal amount as follows:

	Principal amount		
Fiscal year	to b	e redeemed	
2039	\$	840,000	

The remaining principal amount of such Series 2020A Bonds (\$870,000) will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2040.

The \$1,815,000 term bonds maturing on December 1, 2042, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 of the year and in the respective principal amount as follows:

	Princ	Principal amount		
Fiscal year	to be	e redeemed		
2041	\$	895,000		

The remaining principal amount of such Series 2020A Bonds (\$920,000) will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2042.

The \$1,905,000 term bonds maturing on December 1, 2045, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 of the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

	Principal amount		
Fiscal year	to b	e redeemed	
2043	\$	615,000	
2044		635,000	

The remaining principal amount of such Series 2020A Bonds (\$655,000) will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2045.

The \$2,790,000 term bonds maturing on December 1, 2049, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 of the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

	Princ	Principal amount			
Fiscal year	to b	e redeemed			
2046	\$	675,000			
2047		690,000			
2048		705,000			

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities (continued)

The remaining principal amount of such Series 2020A Bonds (\$720,000) will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2049.

The \$2,790,000 term bonds maturing on December 1, 2049, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 of the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

	Princ	Principal amount			
Fiscal year	to b	e redeemed			
2046	\$	675,000			
2047		690,000			
2048		705,000			

The remaining principal amount of such Series 2020A Bonds (\$720,000) will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2049.

2020B Refunding Bonds

On September 16, 2020, the City issued \$4,520,000 in Various Purpose Limited Tax Refunding Bonds for the purpose currently refunding a portion (\$4,065,000) of the Series 2013 Various Purpose Refunding Bonds.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$101,136. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the Series 2020B bonds issued. This current refunding was undertaken to reduce the combined total debt service payments by \$347,715 and resulted in an economic gain of \$347,715.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2029. Payments of principal and interest are recorded as disbursements of the general obligation bond retirement fund.

2019 Various Purpose Bonds

On January 8, 2019, the City issued \$5,370,000 in Various Purpose Limited Tax Bonds for the purpose of acquiring, constructing, installing, and equipping capital projects and public infrastructure with related equipment.

The bond issues included serial bonds, in the amount of \$5,370,000. The bonds were issued for an eight year period with final maturity at December 1, 2027. Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. Payments of principal and interest are recorded as disbursements of the General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities (continued)

2018 Various Purpose Bonds

On December 19, 2018, the City issued \$9,515,000 in Various Purpose Limited Tax Bonds for the purpose of acquiring, constructing, installing, and equipping capital projects and public infrastructure with related equipment.

The bond issues included serial and term bonds, in the amounts of \$4,715,000 and \$4,800,000, respectively. The bonds were issued for a twenty year period with final maturity at December 1, 2038. Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. Payments of principal and interest are recorded as disbursements of the General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund.

The \$4,800,000 term bonds maturing on December 1, 2038, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

	Principal amou		
Fiscal year	to be	e redeemed	
2034	\$	900,000	
2035		925,000	
2036		960,000	
2037		990 000	

The remaining principal amount of such Series 2018 Bonds (\$1,025,000) will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2038.

2017 Various Purpose Bonds

On January 10, 2017, the City issued \$9,280,000 in Various Purpose Limited Tax Bonds for the purpose of acquiring, constructing, installing, and equipping capital projects and public infrastructure with related equipment.

The bond issues included serial bonds, in the amounts of \$9,280,000. The bonds were issued for an eleven year period with final maturity at December 1, 2027. Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. Payments of principal and interest are recorded as disbursements of the General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund.

2016 Various Purpose Bonds

On December 15, 2016, the City issued \$9,825,000 in Various Purpose Limited Tax Bonds for the purpose of acquiring, constructing, installing, and equipping capital projects and public infrastructure with related equipment.

The bond issues included serial and term bonds, in the amounts of \$5,520,000 and \$4,305,000, respectively. The bonds were issued for a twenty year period with final maturity at December 1, 2036. Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. Payments of principal and interest are recorded as disbursements of the General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities (continued)

The \$530,000 term bonds maturing on December 1, 2027, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

	Principal amour	
Fiscal year	to be	redeemed
2026	\$	50,000

The remaining principal amount of such Series 2016 Bonds (\$480,000) will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2027.

The \$3,775,000 term bonds maturing on December 1, 2036, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

	Princ	ipal amount
Fiscal year	to be	e redeemed
2033	\$	540,000
2034		1,060,000
2035		1,080,000

The remaining principal amount of such Series 2016 Bonds (\$1,095,000) will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2036.

2015 Various Purpose and Refunding Bonds

On April 14, 2015, the City issued \$24,995,000 in Various Purpose Limited Tax Bonds. The bonds were broken into the following two components based on the intended use of the proceeds: (1) 2015 Various Purpose Bonds (\$18,913,000) were issued for the purpose of retiring the Land Acquisition Bond Anticipation Notes and for acquiring, constructing, installing, and equipping capital projects and public infrastructure with related equipment, and; (2) 2015 Refunding Bonds (\$6,082,000) were issued to advance refund the callable portion of the City's outstanding 2008 Fire Station and Infrastructure Bonds. The advance refunded debt is considered defeased (insubstance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position.

As mentioned above, the 2015 Various Purpose Bonds (\$18,913,000) were issued for the purpose of financing various capital improvements. These could include improvements to streets, parks, water lines, sewer lines, stormwater lines, etc. Due to the broadness in scope of the potential projects, the proceeds were deposited into the Bonded Improvement Fund. However, it is the intent of the City to repay the potion of the debt used to improve enterprise fund related assets (water lines, sewer lines, storm water line, etc.) out of the corresponding enterprise fund. Therefore, once the enterprise-related asset is completed, the capital asset will be contributed to the appropriate enterprise fund.

The reacquisition price of the 2015 Refunding Bonds exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$736,297 for governmental-type activities. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which equal to the life of the 2015 Refunding Bonds issued. This refunding was undertaken to reduce the combined total debt service payments by \$349,571 and resulted in an economic gain of \$299,949.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities (continued)

The bond issues included serial and term bonds, in the amounts of \$22,760,000 and \$2,235,000, respectively. The bonds were issued for a twenty year period with final maturity at December 1, 2034. Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. Payments of principal and interest are recorded as disbursements of the General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund.

The \$2,235,000 term bonds maturing on December 1, 2030, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 in the year and in the respective principal amount as follows:

	Prin	Principal amount			
Fiscal year	to b	e redeemed			
2029	\$	1,100,000			

The remaining principal amount of such Series 2015 Bonds (\$1,135,000) will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2030.

2014 Refunding Bonds

On July 22, 2014, the City issued \$6,265,000 in Various Purpose Limited Tax Refunding Bonds for the purpose of currently refunding the remaining maturities of the Series 2010B Various Purpose Build America bonds.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$48,263. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the Series 2013 bonds issued. This current refunding was undertaken to reduce the combined total debt service payments by \$48,487 and resulted in an economic gain of \$44,186.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2030. Payments of principal and interest are recorded as disbursements of the general obligation bond retirement fund.

2013 Refunding Bonds

On June 12, 2013, the City issued \$8,640,000 in Various Purpose Limited Tax Refunding Bonds for the purpose of currently refunding the Series 2009 Various Purpose Build America bonds (\$7,320,000) and a portion (\$1,900,000) of the Series 2010B Various Purpose Build America bonds.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$53,050. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the Series 2013 bonds issued. This current refunding was undertaken to reduce the combined total debt service payments by \$509,691 and resulted in an economic gain of \$413,839.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2029. Payments of principal and interest are recorded as disbursements of the general obligation bond retirement fund.

On September 16, 2020, \$4,065,000 was currently refunded through the issuance of the 2020B Refunding Bonds, leaving an outstanding balance of \$985,000 as of December 31, 2020. The final maturity on the remaining bonds is December 1, 2022.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities (continued)

2012 Various Purpose and Lane Ave Mixed Use Development Bonds

On November 20, 2012, the City issued \$10,000,000 in Various Purpose Bonds for infrastructure improvements in the Lane Avenue Mixed Use Development district (\$6,685,000) and for various infrastructure improvements (\$3,315,000).

The bond issue included serial and term bonds, in the amounts of \$6,240,000 and \$3,760,000, respectively. Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2042. Payments of principal and interest are recorded as disbursements of the general obligation bond retirement fund.

On September 16, 2020, \$4,460,000 of the serial bonds and the full amount of the term bonds were currently refunded through the issuance of the 2020A Refunding Bonds. The outstanding balance of the serial bonds, \$340,000, matured on December 1, 2020.

2011 Refunding Bonds

On December 21, 2011, the City issued \$6,000,000 in Capital Improvement Refunding Bonds for the purpose of advance refunding the callable portion of the Series 2003 Various Purpose Bonds (principal \$5,905,000). The refunded debt is fully defeased.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$451,391. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which equal to the life of the Series 2011 issued. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce the combined total debt service payments by \$531,503 and resulted in an economic gain of \$480,017.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2023. Payments of principal and interest are recorded as disbursements of the general obligation bond retirement fund.

On September 16, 2020, \$1,980,000 was currently refunded through the issuance of the 2020A Refunding Bonds. The outstanding balance of \$985,000 matured on December 1, 2020.

2009 Various Purpose, Build America and Refunding Bonds

On December 1, 2009, the City issued \$5,295,000 (Series 2009A) in Various Purpose General Obligation Bonds, \$7,320,000 (Series 2009B) in Various Purpose Build America Bonds and \$5,489,994 (Series 2009C) in Refunding Bonds. Series 2009A was issued for the purpose of currently refunding the 1998 Turkey Run Bonds (\$1,275,000), advance refunding the 2001 Building Renovation Bonds (\$1,135,000) and for capital improvements (\$2,785,000). Series 2009B was issued for infrastructure and capital improvements. Series 2009C was issued for the purpose of currently refunding the 1998 Voted Issue 4 Bonds (\$2,715,000) and advance refunding the 2001 Voted Issue 4 Bonds (\$2,775,000). The refunded debt is fully defeased.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$433,023 and \$29,595 for governmental-type and business-type activities, respectively. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which equal to the life of the Series 2009 issued. This refunding was undertaken to reduce the combined total debt service payments by \$435,175 and \$126,777 for Governmental and Business-type Activities, respectively and resulted in an economic gain of \$517,793.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities (continued)

The bond issue included serial, term and capital appreciation bonds, in the amounts of \$12,485,000, \$5,385,000 and \$264,994, respectively. The bonds were issued for a twenty year period with final maturity at December 1, 2030. The Capital appreciation bonds matured on December 1, 2017 (approximate initial offering yield to maturity of 3.5%) at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bonds matured December 1, 2017 was \$725,000.

The term bonds were issued at \$5,385,000 and were currently refunded with the issuance of the 2013 Refunding bonds.

Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The bonds matured on December 1, 2020. Payments of principal and interest are recorded as disbursements of the General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund and the Stormwater Fund.

Special Obligation Bonds:

2019 Lane Avenue Mixed-Use Development II Nontax Revenue Bonds

On November 7, 2019, the City issued \$20,340,000 in Lane Avenue Mixed-Use Development II Special Obligation Nontax Revenue Bonds for the purpose of paying costs of constructing the Lane Avenue Mixed-Use Development II Project.

The bond issues included serial and term bonds, in the amounts of \$8,945,000 and \$11,395,000, respectively. The serial bonds were issued for a twenty-one year period with final maturity at December 1, 2040. Term bonds in the amount of \$3,370,000 were issued for a twenty-five year period with final maturity at December 1, 2044. Term bonds in the amount of \$8,025,000 were issued for a thirty-three year period with final maturity at December 1, 2052. Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. Payments of principal and interest are recorded as disbursements of the General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund.

The \$3,370,000 term bonds maturing on December 1, 2044, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

	Principal amount				
Fiscal year	to b	e redeemed			
2041	\$	780,000			
2042		840,000			
2043		860,000			

The remaining principal amount of such Series 2019 Bonds (\$890,000) will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2044.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities (continued)

The \$8,025,000 term bonds maturing on December 1, 2052, are subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption at a redemption price of 100 percent of the principal amount to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the date of redemption, on December 1 in the years and in the respective principal amounts as follows:

	Principal amount				
Fiscal year	to be redeemed				
2045	\$ 950,000				
2046	980,000				
2047	1,005,000				
2048	1,075,000				
2049	1,110,000				
2050	1,135,000				
2051	1,210,000				

The remaining principal amount of such Series 2019 Bonds (\$560,000) will be paid at stated maturity on December 1, 2052.

OPWC Loans:

The City has entered into three debt financing arrangements through the Ohio Public Works Commission (OPWC) to finance road, water and sewer infrastructure improvement projects. The amounts due to the OPWC are payable solely from general revenues. The loan agreements function similar to a line-of-credit agreement. The OPWC loans are being repaid from the Capital Asset Management Fund and Water Surcharge Fund. The loan agreements require semi-annual payments based on the actual amount loaned. The two loans are scheduled to fully mature: January 1, 2023 (Arlington Avenue); and January 1, 2041 (Tremont Road).

Franklin County Infrastructure Bank Loan:

The City has entered into a debt financing arrangements through the Franklin County Infrastructure Bank (FCIB) to finance a community fiber network improvement project. The amount due to FCIB is payable solely from general revenues. The loan agreement function similar to a line-of-credit agreement. The loan is being repaid from the Community Fiber Optic Fund. The loan agreements require semi-annual payments with an interest rate of 1.7 percent. The loan is scheduled to fully mature October 1, 2025.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 6 – Long-term Liabilities (continued)

Future Debt Service Requirements

Principal and interest requirements to retire long-term obligations outstanding at December 31, 2020 are follows:

_	Governmental Activities								
_	General C	Obligation	Special C	Obligation Loans					
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest			
2021	\$ 5,051,626	\$ 2,439,353	\$ -	\$ 661,950	\$ 215,589	\$ 9,293			
2022	5,169,861	2,302,108	-	661,950	217,484	7,398			
2023	5,227,504	2,187,842	275,000	661,950	219,412	5,471			
2024	4,778,381	2,065,463	310,000	653,700	221,372	3,511			
2025	4,869,259	1,931,050	325,000	641,300	223,366	1,517			
2026-2030	24,437,014	7,396,698	1,945,000	3,022,900	522,920	-			
2031-2035	17,813,010	3,879,243	2,630,000	2,587,000	522,920	-			
2036-2040	8,165,000	1,487,572	3,460,000	2,036,450	522,923	-			
2041-2045	3,720,000	625,725	4,320,000	1,461,750	104,584	-			
2046-2050	2,790,000	158,625	5,305,000	755,400	-	-			
2051-2052			1,770,000	69,900					
Total	\$ 82,021,655	\$ 24,473,679	\$ 20,340,000	\$ 13,214,250	\$ 2,770,570	\$ 27,190			

_		Business-type Activities							
		General C	bliga	ıtion		OPWC Loans			
	F	Principal		Interest	P	rincipal	Int	terest	
2021	\$	98,374	\$	59,506	\$	18,869	\$	_	
2022		100,139		57,539		18,869		-	
2023		102,496		55,535		18,869		-	
2024		106,619		51,436		-		-	
2025		110,741		47,171		-		-	
2026-2030		622,986		167,026		-		-	
2031-2034		581,990		49,445					
Total	\$	1,723,345	\$	487,658	\$	56,607	\$		

Debt Limitation

The Ohio Revised Code provides that the net debt of a municipal corporation, whether or not approved by the electors, shall not exceed 10.5% of the total value of all property in the municipal corporation as listed and assessed for taxation. In addition, the unvoted net debt of municipal corporations cannot exceed 5.5% of the total taxation value of property. The assessed valuation used in determining the City's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in calculating the City's legal debt margin calculation excludes tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The statutory limitations on debt are measured by a direct ratio of net debt to tax valuation and expressed in terms of a percentage. At December 31, 2020, the City's total debt limit was \$241.1 million and the unvoted debt limit was \$126.3 million.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 7 – Risk Management

On October 1, 1997, the City established membership in the Central Ohio Risk Management Agency (CORMA) Self-Insurance Pool, Inc. CORMA was formed pursuant to ORC Section 2744.081. Members consist of the cities of Upper Arlington, Westerville, Pickerington, Dublin, Powell, Grove City, Groveport, Canal Winchester, and Grandview Heights. Each member has two representatives on the Board of Trustees. This Board establishes its own budget, hires and fires personnel and determines annual rates for its members. Membership in CORMA enables the City to take advantage of any economies to be realized from an insurance pool with other cities and also provides the City with more control over claims than what is normally available with traditional insurance coverage.

As part of participating in CORMA, coverage is provided for up to \$15,000,000 per occurrence and \$15,000,000 annual aggregate umbrella/excess liability for all liability claims and \$624,715,932 limit for property claims for the pool. Coverage is provided for general liability (\$1,000,000/\$2,000,000), law enforcement liability (\$1,000,000/\$1,000,000), public official liability (\$1,000,000/\$1,000,000), employment practices liability (\$1,000,000/\$1,000,000) and automobile liability (\$1,000,000). Pool retentions are \$0 per loss for property, \$750,000 for umbrella and \$150,000 for liability. A third-party broker, with expertise in public entity pools, markets the program, identifies coverage lines and limits, and recommends the best insurer and insurance for procurement.

The City self-administers deductible amounts and any other amounts not covered by CORMA. Claims liabilities and expenses are estimated through a case by case review of all claims.

Settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in the past three years. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage for the prior year.

The City is self-insured for the employees' health care, dental, and worker's compensation claims. To account for and finance its health, dental, and worker's compensation claims, the City established the Employee Benefit Fund and the BWC Administration Fund (internal service funds). Operating funds of the City participate in the program and make payments to the Employee Benefit Fund and BWC Administration Fund based on actuarial estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims. The City purchases specific stop loss insurance for health care claims, which exceed \$90,000 per covered individual in one year and aggregate stop loss coverage at 125% of annual expected claims. The City purchases stop loss insurance for worker's compensation claims, which exceeds \$350,000 per occurrence.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 7 – Risk Management (continued)

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the past two years are as follows:

			Health/Dental/			
	General			Workers		
	I	Liability	C	ompensation		
		<u>201</u>	9			
Unpaid claims - January 1, 2019	\$	215	\$	462,674		
Incurred claims		11,723		4,042,421		
Payment of claims		(11,938)		(4,017,961)		
Unpaid claims - December 31, 2019	\$		\$	487,134		
		202	<u>20</u>			
Unpaid claims - January 1, 2020	\$	-	\$	487,134		
Incurred claims		17,942		3,318,015		
Payment of claims		(17,942)		(3,296,074)		
Unpaid claims - December 31, 2020	\$	-	\$	509,075		

A claims liability of \$509,075 (health/dental/workers compensation) in the Internal Service Fund accounts payable balance represents an estimate for incurred but unpaid claims liabilities and incurred but not reported claims liabilities.

Note 8 – Joint Operating Agreement

In 2003, the City of Upper Arlington and the Upper Arlington City School District (District) entered into a joint operating agreement to provide recreational facilities at Burbank Park for the benefit of the residents of the City. Whereas, pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Section 755.16, this agreement shall establish the working partnership between the City and the District regarding joint acquisition and construction of the project, as well as its shared operation and maintenance. The agreement establishes a four (4) member operations committee consisting of the Superintendent of the School District, the City Manager, the School District's Athletic Director, and the Parks and Recreation Director of the City.

The Agreement shall exist until: One year from date of certificate of establishment (July 11, 2003), and shall automatically renew for consecutive periods of one (1) year each for so long as the project is used for public athletic and recreational uses for the benefit of the residents of the City.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 9 – Contingent Liabilities

(a) Grants

The City receives financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on any of the financial statements of the individual fund types included herein or on the overall financial position of the City at December 31, 2020.

(b) Litigation

The City is a defendant in a number of lawsuits pertaining to matters, which are incidental to performing routine governmental functions. City management is of the opinion that ultimate settlement of such claims will not result in a material adverse effect on the City's financial position as of December 31, 2020.

Note 10 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability

Pensions and OPEB are components of exchange transactions - between an employer and its employees - of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions and OPEB are provided to an employee - on a deferred-payment basis - as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

The net pension liability and the net OPEB liability represent the City's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the City's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The City cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the City does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide health care to eligible benefit recipients.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 10 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* and *net OPEB liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension/OPEB contributions outstanding at the end of the year is included in due to other governments on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

The remainder of this note includes the pension disclosures. See Note 11 for the OPEB disclosures.

Plan Description - Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

City employees, other than full-time police and firefighters, participate in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS). OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The traditional pension plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The member-directed plan is a defined contribution plan, and the combined plan is a combination cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit/defined contribution pension plan. While members (e.g. City employees) may elect the member-directed plan and the combined plan, substantially all employee members are in OPERS' traditional plan; therefore, the following disclosure focuses on the traditional pension plan.

OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to members of the traditional plan. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about OPERS' fiduciary net position that may be obtained by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling 800-222-7377.

Senate Bill (SB) 343 was enacted into law with an effective date of January 7, 2013. In the legislation, members were categorized into three groups with varying provisions of the law applicable to each group. The following table provides age and service requirements for retirement and the retirement formula applied to final average salary (FAS) for the three member groups under the traditional plan as per the reduced benefits adopted by SB 343 (see OPERS Annual Report referenced above for additional information, including requirements for reduced and unreduced benefits):

Group A	Group B	Group C
Eligible to retire prior to	20 years of service credit prior to	Members not in other Groups
January 7, 2013 or five years	January 7, 2013 or eligible to retire	and members hired on or after
after January 7, 2013	ten years after January 7, 2013	January 7, 2013
State and Local	State and Local	State and Local
Age and Service Requirements:	Age and Service Requirements:	Age and Service Requirements:
Age 60 with 60 months of service credit	Age 60 with 60 months of service credit	Age 57 with 25 years of service credit
or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	or Age 62 with 5 years of service credit
Formula:	Formula:	Formula:
2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of	2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of	2.2% of FAS multiplied by years of
service for the first 30 years and 2.5%	service for the first 30 years and 2.5%	service for the first 35 years and 2.5%
for service years in excess of 30	for service years in excess of 30	for service years in excess of 35

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 10 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

Final average salary (FAS) represents the average of the three highest years of earnings over a member's career for Groups A and B. Group C is based on the average of the five highest years of earnings over a member's career.

Members who retire before meeting the age and years of service credit requirement for unreduced benefits receive a percentage reduction in the benefit amount. The initial amount of a member's pension benefit is vested upon receipt of the initial benefit payment for calculation of an annual cost-of-living adjustment.

When a benefit recipient has received benefits for 12 months, current law provides for an annual cost-of-living adjustment (COLA). This COLA is calculated on the base retirement benefit at the date of retirement and is not compounded. For those who retired prior to January 7, 2013, the cost of living adjustment is 3 percent. For those retiring subsequent to January 7, 2013, beginning in calendar year 2019, current law provides that the COLA will be based on the average percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index, capped at 3 percent.

Beginning in 2022, the Combined Plan will be consolidated under the Traditional Pension Plan (defined benefit plan) and the Combined Plan option will no longer be available for new hires beginning in 2022.

Funding Policy - Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	State
	and Local
2020 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates	_
Employer	14.00 %
Employee	10.00 %
2020 Actual Contribution Rates	
Employer:	
Pension	14.00 %
Post-Employment Health Care Benefits	0.00 %
Total Employer	14.00 %
Employee	10.00 %

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution was \$1,235,604 for 2020. Of this amount, \$140,299 is reported as due to other governments.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 10 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

Plan Description – Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)

Full-time police and firefighters participate in Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by OP&F. OP&F provides retirement and disability pension benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the Ohio State Legislature and are codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code. OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information and detailed information about OP&F fiduciary net position. The report that may be obtained by visiting the OP&F website at www.op-f.org or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

Upon attaining a qualifying age with sufficient years of service, a member of OP&F may retire and receive a lifetime monthly pension. OP&F offers four types of service retirement: normal, service commuted, age/service commuted and actuarially reduced. Each type has different eligibility guidelines and is calculated using the member's average annual salary. The following discussion of the pension formula relates to normal service retirement.

For members hired after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 52 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit. For members hired on or before after July 1, 2013, the minimum retirement age is 48 for normal service retirement with at least 25 years of service credit.

The annual pension benefit for normal service retirement is equal to a percentage of the allowable average annual salary. The percentage equals 2.5 percent for each of the first 20 years of service credit, 2.0 percent for each of the next five years of service credit and 1.5 percent for each year of service credit in excess of 25 years. The maximum pension of 72 percent of the allowable average annual salary is paid after 33 years of service credit (see OP&F Comprehensive Annual Financial Report referenced above for additional information, including requirements for Deferred Retirement Option Plan provisions and reduced and unreduced benefits).

Under normal service retirement, retired members who are at least 55 years old and have been receiving OP&F benefits for at least one year may be eligible for a cost-of-living allowance adjustment. The age 55 provision for receiving a COLA does not apply to those who are receiving a permanent and total disability benefit, surviving beneficiaries, and statutory survivors. Members participating in the DROP program have separate eligibility requirements related to COLA.

Members retiring under normal service retirement, with less than 15 years of service credit on July 1, 2013, will receive a COLA equal to either three percent or the percent increase, if any, in the consumer price index over the 12 month period ending on September 30 of the immediately preceding year, whichever is less. The COLA amount for members with at least 15 years of service credit as of July 1, 2013, is equal to 3 percent of their base pension or disability benefit.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 10 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

Funding Policy - Ohio Revised Code (ORC) provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions as follows:

	Police	Firefighters
2020 Statutory Maximum Contribution Rates		
Employer	19.50 %	24.00 %
Employee	12.25 %	12.25 %
2020 Actual Contribution Rates		
Employer:		
Pension	19.00 %	23.50 %
Post-Employment Health Care Benefits	0.50 %	0.50 %
Total Employer	19.50 %	24.00 %
Employee	12.25 %	12.25 %

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution to OP&F was \$2,412,994 for 2020. Of this amount, \$335,901 is reported as due to other governments.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for OPERS was measured as of December 31, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. OP&F's total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2019, and was determined by rolling forward the total pension liability as of January 1, 2019, to December 31, 2019. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

	 OPERS	OP&F		Total
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability:				
Current Measurement Period	0.062569%	0.471934%		
Prior Measurement Period	0.063734%	 0.473867%		
Change in Proportion	-0.001165%	-0.001933%		
Proportionate Share of the Net				
Pension Liability	\$ 12,367,187	\$ 31,791,975	\$	44,159,162
Pension Expense	\$ 2,002,224	\$ 4,149,510	\$	6,151,734

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 10 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

Other than contributions made subsequent to the measurement date and differences between projected and actual earnings on investments; deferred inflows/outflows of resources are recognized in pension expense beginning in the current period, using a straight line method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining services lives of all employees that are provided with pensions, determined as of the beginning of the measurement period. Net deferred inflows/outflows of resources pertaining to the differences between projected and actual investment earnings are similarly recognized over a closed five year period. At December 31, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 OPERS	OP&F		 Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Differences between Expected and				
Actual Experience	\$ -	\$	1,203,429	\$ 1,203,429
Changes of Assumptions	660,552		780,411	1,440,963
Changes in Proportionate Share	121,821		882,608	1,004,429
City Contributions Subsequent				
to the Measurement Date	 1,235,604		2,412,994	 3,648,598
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 2,017,977	\$	5,279,442	\$ 7,297,419
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Differences between Expected and				
Actual Experience	\$ 156,637	\$	1,639,639	\$ 1,796,276
Net Difference between Projected and Actual				
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	2,466,977		1,535,808	4,002,785
Changes in Proportionate Share	358,142		539,632	 897,774
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 2,981,756	\$	3,715,079	\$ 6,696,835

\$3,648,598 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31:	 OPERS		OP&F		Total	
2021	\$ (469,981)	\$	(250,947)	\$	(720,928)	
2022	(851,547)		25,916		(825,631)	
2023	102,155		880,252		982,407	
2024	(980,010)		(1,354,266)		(2,334,276)	
2025	 		(149,586)		(149,586)	
	\$ (2,199,383)	\$	(848,631)	\$	(3,048,014)	

Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 10 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019, using the following key actuarial assumptions and methods applied to all prior periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 67. Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, prepared as of December 31, 2019 are presented below.

Actuarial Information	Traditional Pension Plan
Wage Inflation	3.25 percent
Future Salary Increases,	3.25 percent to 10.75 percent
including wage inflation	(including wage inflation)
Investment Rate of Return	
Current Measurement Date	7.20 percent
Prior Measurement Date	7.20 percent
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age
Cost-of-Living	Pre-1/7/2013 Retirees: 3.00 percent Simple
Adjustments	Post-1/7/2013 Retirees: 3.00 percent Simple
	through 2020, then 2.15 percent Simple

In October 2019, the OPERS Board adopted a change in COLA for Post-January 7, 2013 retirees, changing it from three percent simple through 2018 then 2.15 simple to 1.4 percent simple through 2020 then 2.15 percent simple.

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employees mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to all of the above described tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended December 31, 2015.

During 2019, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio, and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Defined Benefit portfolio contains the investment assets of the Traditional Pension Plan, the defined benefit component of the Combined Plan and the annuitized accounts of the Member-Directed Plan. Within the Defined Benefit portfolio, contributions into the plans are all recorded at the same time, and benefit payments all occur on the first of the month. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Defined Benefit portfolio was 17.2 percent for 2019.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 10 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

The allocation of investment assets with the Defined Benefit portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined benefit pension plans. The long-term expected rate of return on defined benefit investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return were provided by the Board's investment consultant. For each major asset class that is included in the Defined Benefit portfolio's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2019, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

		Weighted Average Long-Term			
	Target	Expected Real Rate of Return			
Asset Class	Allocation	(Arithmetic)			
Fixed Income	25.00 %	1.83 %			
Domestic Equities	19.00	5.75			
Real Estate	10.00	5.20			
Private Equity	12.00	10.70			
International Equities	21.00	7.66			
Other Investments	13.00	4.98			
Total	100.00 %	5.61_ %			

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.20 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.20 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.20 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.20 percent) than the current rate:

		Current					
	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase		
City's Proportionate Share of the	·	_		_		·	
Net Pension Liability	\$	20,397,494	\$	12.367.187	\$	5,148,177	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 10 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - OP&F

OP&F's total pension liability as of December 31, 2019 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2019, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total pension liability is determined by OP&F's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Assumptions considered were: withdrawal rates, disability retirement, service retirement, DROP elections, mortality, percent married and forms of the payment, DROP interest rate, CPI-based COLA, investment returns, salary increases and payroll growth.

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, prepared as of January 1, 2019, are presented below:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Investment Rate of Return	8.00 percent
Projected Salary Increases	3.75 percent to 10.50 percent
Payroll Growth	3.25 percent per annum, compounded annually,
	consisting of inflation rate of 2.75 percent plus productivity increase rate of 0.50 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	3.00 percent simple;
	2.20 percent simple for increases based on the lesser
	of the increase in CPI and 3.00 percent

Mortality for non-disabled participants is based on the RP-2014 Total Employee and Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Buck Modified 2016 Improvement Scale. Rates for surviving beneficiaries are adjusted by 120 percent.

Age	Police	Fire
67 or less	77 %	68 %
68-77	105	87
78 and up	115	120

Mortality for disabled retirees is based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Buck Modified 2016 Improvement Scale.

Age	Police	Fire
59 or less	35 %	35 %
60-69	60	45
70-79	75	70
80 and up	100	90

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 10 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended December 31, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expected. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. Best estimates of the long-term expected real rates of return for each major asset class included in OP&F's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2019, are summarized below:

		10 Year	30 Year
	Target	Expected Real	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return**	Rate of Return**
Cash and Cash Equivalents	- %	0.10 %	1.00 %
Domestic Equity	16.00	3.90	5.40
Non-U.S. Equity	16.00	4.70	5.80
Private Markets	8.00	6.10	8.00
Core Fixed Income*	23.00	1.10	2.70
High Yield Fixed Income	7.00	2.50	4.70
Private Credit	5.00	4.80	5.50
U.S. Inflation Linked Bonds*	17.00	0.40	2.50
Midstream Energy Infrastructure	8.00	5.80	6.60
Real Assets	8.00	6.90	7.40
Private Real Estate	12.00	5.40	6.40
Total	120.00 %		

Note: Assumptions are geometric.

OP&F's Board of Trustees has incorporated the risk parity concept into OP&F's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on the relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.20 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

Discount Rate The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 8.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return 8.00 percent. Based on those assumptions, OP&F's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

^{*} Levered 2x

^{**} Numbers are net of expected inflation

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 10 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8.00 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (7.00 percent), or one percentage point higher (9.00 percent) than the current rate.

	Current					
	1	% Decrease	D:	iscount Rate	1	% Increase
City's Proportionate Share of the						
Net Pension Liability	\$	44,062,572	\$	31,791,975	\$	21,528,837

Note 11 – Defined Benefit OPEB Plans

See Note 10 for a description of the net OPEB liability.

Plan Description - Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

OPERS administers three separate pension plans: the traditional pension plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the member-directed plan, a defined contribution plan; and the combined plan, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care trust, which funds multiple health care plans including medical coverage, prescription drug coverage and deposits to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement to qualifying benefit recipients of both the traditional pension and the combined plans. This trust is also used to fund health care for member-directed plan participants, in the form of a Retiree Medical Account (RMA). At retirement or separation, member directed plan participants may be eligible for reimbursement of qualified medical expenses from their vested RMA balance.

In order to qualify for postemployment health care coverage, age and service retirees under the traditional pension and combined plans must have twenty or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit with a minimum age of 60, or generally 30 years of qualifying service at any age. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement 75. See OPERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report referenced below for additional information.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require OPERS to provide health care to its eligible benefit recipients. Authority to establish and amend health care coverage is provided to the Board in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Disclosures for the health care plan are presented separately in the OPERS financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by visiting https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml, by writing to OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642, or by calling (614) 222-5601 or 800-222-7377.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 11 – Defined Benefit OPEB Plans (continued)

Funding Policy - The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority allowing public employers to fund postemployment health care through their contributions to OPERS. When funding is approved by OPERS' Board of Trustees, a portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside to fund OPERS health care plans. Beginning in 2018, OPERS no longer allocated a portion of its employer contributions to health care for the traditional plan and the combined plan

Employer contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of the earnable salary of active members. In 2020, state and local employers contributed at a rate of 14.0 percent of earnable salary and public safety and law enforcement employers contributed at 18.1 percent. These are the maximum employer contribution rates permitted by the Ohio Revised Code. Active member contributions do not fund health care.

Each year, the OPERS Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside to fund health care plans. For 2020, OPERS did not allocate any employer contribution to health care for members in the Traditional Pension Plan and Combined Plan. The OPERS Board is also authorized to establish rules for the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries to pay a portion of the health care provided. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected. The employer contribution as a percentage of covered payroll deposited into the RMA for participants in the member-directed plan for 2020 was 4.0 percent.

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and are expressed as a percentage of covered payroll. The City's contractually required contribution was \$0 for 2020.

Plan Description – Ohio Police & Fire Pension Fund (OP&F)

Plan Description – The City contributes to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund (OP&F) sponsored healthcare program, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined post-employment health care plan administered by a third-party provider. This program is not guaranteed and is subject to change at any time upon action of the Board of Trustees. On January 1, 2019, OP&F implemented a new model for health care. Under this new model, OP&F provides eligible retirees with a fixed stipend earmarked to pay for health care and Medicare Part B reimbursements.

A retiree is eligible for the OP&F health care stipend unless they have access to any other group coverage including employer and retirement coverage. The eligibility of spouses and dependent children could increase the stipend amount. If the spouse or dependents have access to any other group coverage including employer or retirement coverage, they are not eligible for stipend support from OP&F. Even if an OP&F member or their dependents are not eligible for a stipend, they can use the services of the third-party administrator to select and enroll in a plan. The stipend provided by OP&F meets the definition of an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75.

The Ohio Revised Code allows, but does not mandate, OP&F to provide OPEB benefits. Authority for the OP&F Board of Trustees to provide health care coverage to eligible participants and to establish and amend benefits is codified in Chapter 742 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OP&F issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information and required supplementary information for the plan. The report may be obtained by visiting the OP&F website at www.op-f.org or by writing to the Ohio Police and Fire Pension Fund, 140 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-5164.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 11 – Defined Benefit OPEB Plans (continued)

Funding Policy – The Ohio Revised Code provides for contribution requirements of the participating employers and of plan members to the OP&F defined benefit pension plan. Participating employers are required to contribute to the pension plan at rates expressed as percentages of the payroll of active pension plan members, currently 19.5 percent and 24 percent of covered payroll for police and fire employer units, respectively. The Ohio Revised Code states that the employer contribution may not exceed 19.5 percent of covered payroll for police employer units and 24 percent of covered payroll for fire employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB Plan.

The Board of Trustees is authorized to allocate a portion of the total employer contributions for retiree health care benefits. For 2020, the portion of employer contributions allocated to health care was 0.5 percent of covered payroll. The amount of employer contributions allocated to the health care plan each year is subject to the Trustees' primary responsibility to ensure that pension benefits are adequately funded.

The OP&F Board of Trustees is also authorized to establish requirements for contributions to the health care plan by retirees and their eligible dependents or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

The City's contractually required contribution to OP&F was \$56,617 for 2020.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability and total OPEB liability for OPERS were determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2019, by incorporating the expected value of health care cost accruals, the actual health care payment, and interest accruals during the year. OP&F's total OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2019, and was determined by rolling forward the total OPEB liability as of January 1, 2019, to December 31, 2019. The City's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the retirement plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

		OPERS		OP&F		Total
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability:						
Current Measurement Period		0.062034%		0.471934%		
Prior Measurement Period		0.062698%		0.473867%		
Change in Proportion		-0.000664%		-0.001933%		
Proportionate Share of the Net	¢	0.560.507	¢	4 (61 (24	¢.	12 220 141
OPEB Liability	\$	8,568,507	\$	4,661,634	\$	13,230,141
OPEB Expense	\$	906,529	\$	648,712	\$	1,555,241

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 11 – Defined Benefit OPEB Plans (continued)

At December 31, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	 OPERS	 OP&F	Total	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	_		
Differences between Expected and				
Actual Experience	\$ 230	\$ -	\$	230
Changes of Assumptions	1,356,302	2,725,372		4,081,674
Changes in Proportionate Share	79,962	874,686		954,648
City Contributions Subsequent				
to the Measurement Date		 56,617		56,617
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 1,436,494	\$ 3,656,675	\$	5,093,169
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Differences between Expected and				
Actual Experience	\$ 783,631	\$ 501,315	\$	1,284,946
Net Difference between Projected and Actual				
Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments	436,305	214,512		650,817
Changes of Assumptions	-	993,464		993,464
Changes in Proportionate Share	196,150	 11,475		207,625
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 1,416,086	\$ 1,720,766	\$	3,136,852

\$56,617 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31:	 OPERS		OP&F	 Total
2021	\$ 126,148	\$	356,475	\$ 482,623
2022	80,350		356,474	436,824
2023	348		400,476	400,824
2024	(186,438)		331,107	144,669
2025	=		335,211	335,211
Thereafter	 <u>-</u> _		99,549	 99,549
	\$ 20,408	\$	1,879,292	\$ 1,899,700

Actuarial Assumptions - OPERS

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the values of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review or modification as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 11 – Defined Benefit OPEB Plans (continued)

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan and include the types of coverage provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of costs between OPERS and plan members. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018, rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2019. The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions applied to all prior periods included in the measurement in accordance with the requirements of GASB 74:

Wage Inflation 3.25 percent

Projected Salary Increases, 3.25 percent to 10.75 percent (includes Including Inflation wage inflation at 3.25 percent)

Single Discount Rate:

Current Measurement Date 3.16 percent Prior Measurement Date 3.96 percent

Investment Rate of Return

Current Measurement Date 6.00 percent Prior Measurement Date 6.00 percent

Municipal Bond Rate

Current Measurement Date 2.75 percent Prior Measurement Date 3.71 percent

Health Care Cost Trend Rate

Current Measurement Date 10.50 percent, initial, 3.50 percent ultimate in 2030 Prior Measurement Date 10.00 percent, initial, 3.25 percent ultimate in 2029

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Employees mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Post-retirement mortality rates for disabled retirees are based on the RP-2014 Disabled mortality table for males and females, adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males and females was then established to be 2015 and 2010, respectively. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to all of the above described tables.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended December 31, 2015.

During 2019, OPERS managed investments in three investment portfolios: the Defined Benefit portfolio, the Health Care portfolio and the Defined Contribution portfolio. The Health Care portfolio includes the assets for health care expenses for the Traditional Pension Plan, Combined Plan and Member-Directed Plan eligible members. Within the Health Care portfolio, if any contribution are made into the plans, the contributions are assumed to be received continuously throughout the year based on the actual payroll payable at the time contributions are made. Health care-related payments are assumed to occur mid-year. Accordingly, the money-weighted rate of return is considered to be the same for all plans within the portfolio. The annual money-weighted rate of return expressing investment performance, net of investment expenses and adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested, for the Health Care portfolio was 19.7 percent for 2019.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 11 – Defined Benefit OPEB Plans (continued)

The allocation of investment assets within the Health Care portfolio is approved by the Board of Trustees as outlined in the annual investment plan. Assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of continuing to offer a sustainable health care program for current and future retirees. OPERS' primary goal is to achieve and maintain a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the defined pension plans. Health care is a discretionary benefit. The long-term expected rate of return on health care investment assets was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected real rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for inflation. For each major asset class that is included in the Health Care's portfolio's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2019, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

		Weighted Average Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real Rate of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	(Arithmetic)
Fixed Income	36.00 %	1.53 %
Domestic Equities	21.00	5.75
Real Estate Investment Trusts	6.00	5.69
International Equities	23.00	7.66
Other Investments	14.00	4.90
Total	100.00 %	4.55 %

Discount Rate A single discount rate of 3.16 percent was used to measure the OPEB liability on the measurement date of December 31, 2019. A single discount rate of 3.96 percent was used to measure the OPEB liability on the measurement date of December 31, 2018. Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present value using a single discount rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (to the extent that the health care fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate are not met). This single discount rate was based on an expected rate of return on the health care investment portfolio of 6.00 percent and a municipal bond rate of 2.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the health care fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance health care costs through 2034. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through the year 2034, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all health care costs after that date.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the single discount rate of 3.16 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (2.16 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (4.16 percent) than the current rate:

	Current						
	1	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
City's Proportionate Share of the							
Net OPEB Liability	\$	11,213,266	\$	8,568,507	\$	6,450,916	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 11 – Defined Benefit OPEB Plans (continued)

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate Changes in the health care cost trend rate may also have a significant impact on the net OPEB liability. The following table presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the assumed trend rates, and the expected net OPEB liability if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1.0 percent lower or 1.0 percent higher than the current rate.

Retiree health care valuations use a health care cost-trend assumption that changes over several years built into the assumption. The near-term rates reflect increases in the current cost of health care; the trend starting in 2020 is 10.50 percent. If this trend continues for future years, the projection indicates that years from now virtually all expenditures will be for health care. A more reasonable alternative is that in the not-too-distant future, the health plan cost trend will decrease to a level at, or near, wage inflation. On this basis, the actuaries project premium rate increases will continue to exceed wage inflation for approximately the next decade, but by less each year, until leveling off at an ultimate rate, assumed to be 3.50 percent in the most recent valuation.

				Current			
	1% Decrease		T	Trend Rate		1% Increase	
City's Proportionate Share of the							
Net OPEB Liability	\$	8,315,658	\$	8,568,507	\$	8,818,133	

Changes between Measurement Date and Reporting Date

On January 15, 2020, the Board approved several changes to the health care plan offered to Medicare and pre-Medicare retirees in efforts to decrease costs and increase the solvency of the health care plan. These changes are effective January 1, 2022, and include changes to base allowances and eligibility for Medicare retirees, as well as replacing OPERS-sponsored medical plans for pre-Medicare retirees with monthly allowances, similar to the program for Medicare retirees. These changes are not reflected in the current year financial statements but are expected to decrease the associated OPEB liability.

Actuarial Assumptions - OP&F

OP&F's total OPEB liability as of December 31, 2019, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2019, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The total OPEB liability is determined by OP&F's actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality, salary increases, disabilities, retirements and employment terminations. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 11 – Defined Benefit OPEB Plans (continued)

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results, are presented below.

Valuation Date	January 1, 2019, with actuarial liabilities rolled forward to December 31, 2019
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)
Projected Salary Increases	3.75 percent to 10.50 percent
Payroll Growth	3.25 percent
Investment Rate of Return	
Currrent Measurement Date	8.00 percent
Prior Measurement Date	8.00 percent
Single Discount Rate:	
Currrent Measurement Date	3.56 percent
Prior Measurement Date	4.66 percent
Municipal Bond Rate	
Current Measurement Date	2.75 percent
Prior Measurement Date	4.13 percent
Cost of Living Adjustments	3.00 percent simple; 2.20 percent simple for increases based
	on the lessor of the increase in CPI and 3.00 percent

Mortality for non-disabled participants is based on the RP-2014 Total Employee and Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Buck Modified 2016 Improvement Scale. Rates for surviving beneficiaries are adjusted by 120 percent.

Age	Police	Fire
67 or less	77 %	68 %
68-77	105	87
78 and up	115	120

Mortality for disabled retirees is based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables rolled back to 2006, adjusted according to the rates in the following table, and projected with the Buck Modified 2016 Improvement Scale.

Age	Police	Fire
59 or less	35 %	35 %
60-69	60	45
70-79	75	70
80 and up	100	90

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended December 31, 2016.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 11 – Defined Benefit OPEB Plans (continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in the Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expected. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. The target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of December 31, 2019, are summarized below:

		10 Year	30 Year
	Target	Expected Real	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return**	Rate of Return**
Cash and Cash Equivalents	- %	0.10 %	1.00 %
Domestic Equity	16.00	3.90	5.40
Non-U.S. Equity	16.00	4.70	5.80
Private Markets	8.00	6.10	8.00
Core Fixed Income*	23.00	1.10	2.70
High Yield Fixed Income	7.00	2.50	4.70
Private Credit	5.00	4.80	5.50
U.S. Inflation Linked Bonds*	17.00	0.40	2.50
Midstream Energy Infrastructure	8.00	5.80	6.60
Real Assets	8.00	6.90	7.40
Private Real Estate	12.00	5.40	6.40
Total	120.00 %		

Note: Assumptions are geometric.

OP&F's Board of Trustees has incorporated the risk parity concept into OP&F's asset liability valuation with the goal of reducing equity risk exposure, which reduces overall Total Portfolio risk without sacrificing return, and creating a more risk-balanced portfolio based on the relationship between asset classes and economic environments. From the notional portfolio perspective above, the Total Portfolio may be levered up to 1.20 times due to the application of leverage in certain fixed income asset classes.

Discount Rate For 2019, the total OPEB liability was calculated using the discount rate of 3.56 percent. For 2018, the total OPEB liability was calculated using the discount rate of 4.66 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contribution from employers and from members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the longer-term assumed investment rate of return of 8 percent. Based on those assumptions, OP&F's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, a municipal bond rate of 2.75 percent at December 31, 2019 and 4.13 percent at December 31, 2018, was blended with the long-term rate of 8 percent, which resulted in a blended discount rate of 3.56 percent for 2019 and 4.66 percent for 2018. The municipal bond rate was determined using the Bond Buyers General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index Rate. The OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments until 2034. The long-term expected rate of return on health care investments was applied to projected costs through 2034, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all health care costs after that date.

^{*} Levered 2x

^{**} Numbers are net of expected inflation

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 11 – Defined Benefit OPEB Plans (continued)

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.56 percent, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.56 percent), or one percentage point higher (4.56 percent) than the current rate.

		Current				
	19	% Decrease	Di	scount Rate	1	% Increase
City's Proportionate Share of the						
Net OPEB Liability	\$	5,780,125	\$	4,661,634	\$	3,732,246

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate The total OPEB liability is based on a medical benefit that is a flat dollar amount; therefore, it is unaffected by a health care cost trend rate. An increase or decrease in the trend rate would have no effect on the total OPEB liability.

This space intentionally left blank.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 12 - Fund Balance Classification

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on specific purposes for which amounts in the fund can be spent. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

Fund Balances	General	General Obligation Bond Retirement	Bonded Improvement	Lane Avenue II TIF	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable:						
Inventory	\$ 69,384	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 296,266	\$ 365,650
Unclaimed funds	6,276	-	-	-	-	6,276
Advances	2,768,335	-	-	-	-	2,768,335
Assets held for resale	505,725			_		505,725
Total Nonspendable	3,349,720			-	296,266	3,645,986
Restricted:						
Capital projects	15,216,454	-	21,474,227	739,757	1,887,438	39,317,876
Debt service	-	1,736,969	-	-	-	1,736,969
Street maintenance and repairs	-	-	-	-	1,447,248	1,447,248
Pensions	3,308,780	-	-	-	-	3,308,780
Public Safety	-	-	-	-	172,320	172,320
Law enforcement and education	-	-	-	-	734,673	734,673
Other purposes	17,052	-	-	-	370,671	387,723
Total Restricted	18,542,286	1,736,969	21,474,227	739,757	4,612,350	47,105,589
Committed:						
Capital projects	-	-	-	-	8,579,041	8,579,041
Emergency medical services	364,464	-	-	-	-	364,464
Economic development	941,085	-	-	-	-	941,085
Civil service	75,850	-	-	-	-	75,850
Self insurance	889,800	-	-	-	-	889,800
Technology	383,745	-	-	-	-	383,745
Parks and recreation	=	-	-	-	127,420	127,420
Total Committed	2,654,944			-	8,706,461	11,361,405
Assigned:						
Future appropriations	1,101,377	-	-	-	-	1,101,377
General government	376,698	-	-	-	-	376,698
Public safety	69,099	-	-	-	-	69,099
Parks and recreation	112,039	-	-	-	-	112,039
Community development	112,993	-	-	-	-	112,993
Public services	12,379					12,379
Total Assigned	1,784,585			-		1,784,585
Unassigned (deficit):	28,254,393	<u> </u>			(1,632,939)	26,621,454
Total Fund Balances	\$ 54,585,928	\$ 1,736,969	\$ 21,474,227	\$ 739,757	\$ 11,982,138	\$ 90,519,019

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 13 – Tax Abatements

Northwest CRA

Description – The City of Upper Arlington by Ordinance No. 127-99 adopted June 14, 1999, designated a portion of the City as a Community Reinvestment Area (CRA) pursuant to chapter 3735 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Director of Development for the State of Ohio determined that the area designated in that ordinance contains the characteristics set forth in Section 3735.66 of the Ohio Revised Code and confirmed the area as a CRA.

The City's CRA, "Northwest CRA" is approximately 50.84 acres north of Henderson Road, between SR 33 to the west and Sawmill Road to the east. The legislation creating the CRA was done to permit only commercial office projects as applicable uses for the CRA, and would not permit single family residential, multi-family residential, or retail commercial uses as projects which would qualify for the City's CRA incentive program.

The specific tax being abated is the property tax. The taxes are abated through a reduction in assessed value. For the "Northwest CRA", each exemption is done on a case-by-case basis in advance of construction or remodeling. Existing Commercial and industrial facilities shall not exceed twelve (12) years while new commercial and industrial facilities shall not exceed fifteen (15) years.

The City of Upper Arlington does have a revenue sharing agreement with the Dublin City School District as outlined in Ordinance No. 129-99.

The gross dollar amount for the total abated value of the parcels for the tax year 2020 is \$2,543.

The City of Upper Arlington will not be disclosing these abatement agreements individually. The City will also not be disclosing the individual company tax incentive payments pursuant to ORC 718.13.

In tax year 2020, the City of Upper Arlington had three (3) active CRA agreements in the Northwest CRA. City Staff found all active CRA agreements to be in compliance. The active CRA agreements are viewed by the Tax Incentive Review Council on an annual basis. Since the creation of the Northwest CRA there have been ten (10) CRA agreements.

Recipient Commitment – The company is committed to purchasing, remodeling, and/or constructing properties within the CRA that will improve property value and bring jobs to the City.

Provisions for recapturing abated taxes – There are no provisions for recapturing abated taxes as each abatement is reviewed by the Tax Incentive Review Council on an annual basis. Abatements may be cancelled if property owners are not in compliance with their Reinvestment Area Agreement.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 14 – City of Upper Arlington Community Improvement Corporation (CIC)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Organization

The City of Upper Arlington CIC was formed pursuant to Resolution 19-93 passed on December 13, 1993 and incorporated as a corporation not-for-profit under Section 1702 and 1724 of the Ohio Revised Code. The CIC was created to assist the City in the revitalization and enhancement of property, and to advance, encourage, and promote industrial, economic, commercial and civic development of the City of Upper Arlington. The CIC has been designated as the City of Upper Arlington's agent for economic development.

Basis of Accounting

The accounts are maintained, and these financial statements are presented on the accrual basis and in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis of Presentation

The financial statement presentation follows the recommendations of the Financial Accounting Standards Board ASC 958, Financial Statement for Not-For-Profit Organizations. Under ASC 958, the CIC is required to report information regarding its financial position and activities according to three classes of net assets: assets without donor restrictions and asset with donor restrictions. At December 31, 2020, the net assets of the CIC are without donor restrictions. Additionally, as permitted by this statement, the CIC does not use fund accounting.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows and for presentation of the Statement of Financial Position, all cash in checking accounts is considered to be cash and cash equivalents.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The CIC maintains its cash account in one commercial bank in Ohio. The cash balance is fully insured within the limits guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Tax Exempt Status

The CIC is exempt from federal income tax under Section 501 (c) (6) of the Internal Revenue Code.

Application of Accounting Standards Update

In August 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2016-14, Presentation of Financial Statements for Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958). The update addresses the complexity and understandability of net asset classification, deficiencies in information about liquidity and availability of resources, and the lack of consistency in the type of information provided about expenses and investment return. The Corporation has adjusted the presentation of these statements accordingly.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 14 – City of Upper Arlington Community Improvement Corporation (CIC) (continued)

Contingent Liabilities

Management believes there are no pending claims or lawsuits.

Risk Management

The CIC is subjected to certain types of risk related to torts and errors and omissions in the performance of its normal functions. The CIC has in place Director's and Officers' liability insurance coverage of up to \$1,000,000 per occurrence and \$2,000,000 in aggregate. Settlements did not exceed insurance coverage in the past three years. There was no reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year.

Functional Expense

The CIC has determined the costs incurred for the year ending December 31, 2019 are all management and general in nature and has been reflected as such on the Statement of Activities.

Note 15 – Jointly Governed Organization

The Central Ohio Interoperable Radio System (COIRS) is a jointly governed organization between the City of Dublin, City of Worthington, Delaware County, and the City of Hilliard (the "members"). The intent of the COIRS is for the members to share in providing the financial resources and infrastructure needed to operate a digital 800MHZ public safety radio system used for dispatching emergency response and law enforcement services across the member jurisdictions. The COIRS is contracted by a Governing Board consisting of the County Administrator and the city managers for each city, or their representative. Each member's ability to influence the operations of COIRS is limited to its representation on the Governing Board. Appropriations are adopted by the Governing Board who exercised control over the operation and maintenance of COIRS. Each member initially contributed radio system infrastructure assets, and annually, are assessed a required contribution based on its utilization of the system and related operating costs. For 2020, the City contributed \$78,475. The City of Dublin serves as the fiscal agent. Financial information may be obtained from the City of Dublin, 5200 Emerald Parkway, Dublin, Ohio 43017.

Note 16 - Fund Deficit

At December 31, 2020, deficit fund balances were as follows:

		Deficit
Fund	Fu	ınd Balance
Other Governmental:		
Tremont Road TIF	\$	(195,893)
Horizon TIF		(112,953)
West Lane Northwest TIF		(157,431)
Community Fiber Optic		(1,166,662)

These funds complied with Ohio State law, which does not permit a cash basis deficit at year end. The deficit fund balance in these funds resulted from an adjustment for accrued liabilities. The General Fund is responsible for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, rather than when accruals occur.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note 17 – COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The financial impact of COVID-19 and the continuing emergency measures will impact subsequent periods of the City. The City's investment portfolio fluctuates with market conditions, and due to market volatility, the amount of gains or losses that will be realized in subsequent periods, if any, cannot be determined. In addition, the impact on the City's future operating costs, revenues, and additional recovery from emergency funding, either federal or state, cannot be estimated.

Note 18 - Reclassification of Fund Balance

For year 2020, the Infrastructure Improvement Fund no longer met the criteria for major fund reporting. As a result, the beginning fund balance has been reclassified. The effects of this reclassification on beginning fund balances were as follows:

	In	frastructure		Other		
Fund	Improvement		Improvement		G	overnmental
Fund Balance, December 31, 2019	\$	6,770,286	\$	4,351,948		
Major Fund Reclassification		(6,770,286)		6,770,286		
Fund Balance, January 1, 2020	\$	-	\$	11,122,234		

Note 19 – Subsequent Events

On January 11, 2021, Council approved Ordinance 2, 2021 authorizing the City to issue income tax revenue bonds in an amount not to exceed \$55 million, for the purpose of constructing an Upper Arlington Community Center, effective upon successful passage of the Upper Arlington Community Center ballot issue. As of the date of this report, the bonds have not been issued.

On May 4, 2021, the City's residents voted in support of the City building a community center on the site of the old Lazarus/Macy's store at Kingsdale Shopping Center. The budget for the community center is \$54 million, including a 23% contingency to ensure costs fall at or below budget and a capital fund set aside to cover ongoing maintenance and equipment replacement needs. The funding plan for the community center includes a combination of existing City reserves, private donations, and the issuance of long-term debt. Once final plans are developed and the design is finished, it is expected to take about two years to build the community center.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – OTHER THAN MD&A

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	GENERAL FUND			
	Adopted	Revised		
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Variance
REVENUES:				
Income tax	\$ 29,652,500	\$ 29,652,500	\$ 30,627,123	\$ 974,623
Property and other local taxes	10,117,438	9,994,538	9,963,971	(30,567)
Special assessments	-	-	60,285	60,285
Charges for services	1,235,000	1,000,000	587,505	(412,495)
Licenses and permits	1,600,000	1,600,000	1,543,736	(56,264)
Fines and forfeitures	300,000	270,000	177,497	(92,503)
Intergovernmental	2,393,389	2,532,389	2,580,540	48,151
Investment earnings	708,000	908,000	1,066,398	158,398
Miscellaneous	1,169,000	1,169,000	1,208,572	39,572
Total revenues	47,175,327	47,126,427	47,815,627	689,200
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Police				
Personal services	8,152,700	8,152,700	6,350,738	1,801,962
Other than personal services	1,521,900	1,521,900	1,263,338	258,562
Capital outlay	227,600	227,600	204,070	23,530
Fire				
Personal services	8,363,000	8,559,500	7,138,631	1,420,869
Other than personal services	377,500	377,500	285,789	91,711
Capital outlay	330,000	330,000	-	330,000
Board of Health				
Other than personal services	350,000	350,000	329,384	20,616
Parks and recreation				
Personal services	2,836,700	2,836,700	2,408,253	428,447
Other than personal services	1,209,100	1,209,100	942,102	266,998
Capital outlay	327,000	397,000	352,140	44,860
Development				
Personal services	1,025,700	1,025,700	935,684	90,016
Other than personal services	304,300	304,300	208,727	95,573
Public Service Administration				
Personal services	896,700	919,200	912,379	6,821
Other than personal services	125,500	125,500	76,512	48,988
Public Works	4 0 4 2 0 0 0	4 000 000	0.1.7.0.1.2	405005
Personal services	1,012,900	1,002,900	817,013	185,887
Other than personal services	243,900	243,900	208,251	35,649
Capital outlay	349,500	379,500	280,082	99,418
City Manager	4.4.5.400	4.4.5.400	1 002 041	(1.100
Personal services	1,155,400	1,155,400	1,093,961	61,439
Other than personal services	221,300	221,300	117,363	103,937
City Attorney	Z44 400	(11 100	(22.041	7.55°
Personal services	641,400	641,400	633,841	7,559
Other than personal services	146,000	146,000	106,456	39,544

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND (Continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

		GENERAL FU	JND (Continued)	
	Adopted Revised			
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Variance
City Clerk	·			_
Personal services	236,800	236,800	208,117	28,683
Other than personal services	40,500	40,500	22,172	18,328
City Council				
Personal services	129,000	129,000	116,952	12,048
Other than personal services	15,300	50,775	38,793	11,982
Clerk of Court				
Personal services	186,900	186,900	181,982	4,918
Other than personal services	297,400	297,400	148,073	149,327
Finance				
Personal services	907,700	907,700	861,223	46,477
Other than personal services	126,500	299,500	246,199	53,301
Facilities Maintenance				
Personal services	91,300	102,900	101,388	1,512
Other than personal services	3,268,000	2,435,000	1,252,461	1,182,539
Capital outlay	30,000	30,000	29,516	484
Information Technology				
Personal services	565,400	565,400	544,529	20,871
Other than personal services	894,500	894,500	828,961	65,539
Capital outlay	459,500	459,500	343,852	115,648
General Government				
Personal services	507,300	483,200	346,910	136,290
Other than personal services	1,875,000	1,875,000	1,724,366	150,634
Total expenditures	39,449,200	39,781,175	32,302,901	7,478,274
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures				
over (under) revenues	7,726,127	7,345,252	15,512,726	8,167,474
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	90,572	90,572
Refunding bonds issued	-	-	60,740	60,740
Premium on debt issued	-	-	112,242	112,242
Transfers out	(8,696,600)	(9,961,170)	(9,948,184)	12,986
Advances in	1,074,000	1,059,000	1,059,000	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(7,622,600)	(8,902,170)	(8,625,630)	276,540
Net change in fund balance	103,527	(1,556,918)	6,887,096	8,444,014
Fund balances at beginning of year	34,383,195	34,383,195	34,383,195	-
Lapsed encumbrances	153,380	153,380	153,380	
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 34,640,102	\$ 32,979,657	\$ 41,423,671	\$ 8,444,014

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND (Continued)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Reconciliation of the major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

Budget Basis	\$ 6,887,096
Emergency Medical Services Fund change	(42,657)
Economic Development Venture Fund change	287,942
Civil Service fund change	16,689
Flexible Benefits Fund change	17,533
Payroll Clearing Account Fund change	(6,629)
Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals	1,685,684
Net Adjustment for Expenditure Accruals	(1,870,528)
Net Adjustment for Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,059,000)
Adjustment for Encumbrances	 1,488,938
GAAP Basis	\$ 7,405,068

NOTES TO THE BUDGETARY SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Note (1) – Budgetary process

The City adopts annual expenditure budgets for all governmental and proprietary fund types, with the exception of the Flexible Benefits Fund. The CIC, a component unit of the City, does not adopt an annual expenditure budget. The City Council follows procedures outlined below in establishing the expenditure budget data reported in the Municipal Program of Services Adopted Budget for 2019 - 2020.

In October, the City Manager submits to City Council an estimate of the expenditures necessary to conduct the affairs of the City for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. Budget estimates are distributed throughout the City including newspapers and libraries. Public hearings are held to obtain taxpayers' comments.

Subsequent to January 1, and after publication of the proposed budget ordinance, the budget is legally enacted through passage of the ordinance. The budget specifies expenditure amounts by character for each activity within each fund.

No transfer of appropriations can be made without City Council action, with the exception of certain transfers within a department's appropriation, within a fund, if the amounts are less than \$10,000. Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations at the character level. During 2020, various transfers of appropriations, supplemental appropriations, and reductions in appropriation were made in the following amounts:

	Increase/
Fund Type	(Decrease)
General Fund	\$ 1,596,545
Special Revenue Funds	3,638,759
Debt Service Fund	15,721,510
Capital Projects Funds	1,236,866
Enterprise Funds	(148,000)

Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end and encumbered appropriations are carried forward to the next fiscal year.

The City's budgetary process is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year-end are reported as commitments or assignments of fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

Note (2) – General fund budgetary highlights

During 2020, the City amended its original General Fund revenue estimates by \$(63,900) and appropriations by \$1,596,545. The revenue estimate decrease was highlighted by a \$235,000 decrease in charges for services revenues, offset by a \$200,000 increase in investment earnings. The increases to the original appropriations were highlighted by a \$500,000 transfer to the General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund and transfers to the Water Surcharge, Sanitary Sewer Surcharge, and Stormwater Funds, totaling \$764,570. Other increases were made in relation to the higher than expected expenditures.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION (ASSET)/LIABILITY OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Last Seven Years (1)

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
City's Proportion of the Net Pension (Asset)/Liability Traditional Plan Combined Plan	0.062569%	0.063734% 0.013651%	0.065265% 0.014224%	0.064067% 0.014310%	0.060318% 0.011180%	0.064049% 0.002335%	0.064049% 0.002335%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension (Asset)/Liability Traditional Plan Combined Plan	\$12,367,187 -	\$17,455,450 (15,264)	\$10,238,813 (19,363)	\$14,548,526 (7,964)	\$10,447,838 (5,440)	\$ 7,725,025 (899)	\$ 7,550,542 (245)
City's Covered Payroll	\$ 9,415,146	\$ 9,109,085	\$ 9,155,141	\$ 8,753,602	\$ 7,845,468	\$ 7,854,017	\$ 7,970,038
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension (Asset)/Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	131.35%	191.46%	111.63%	166.11%	133.10%	98.35%	94.73%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability Traditional Plan Combined Plan	82.17% -	74.70% 126.64%	84.66% 137.28%	77.25% 116.55%	81.08% 116.90%	86.45% 114.83%	86.36% 104.56%

⁽¹⁾ This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information prior to 2014 is not available.

Amounts presented as of the City's measurement date, which is the prior year-end.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY OHIO POLICE AND FIRE PENSION FUND

Last Seven Years (1)

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.471934%	0.473867%	0.467964%	0.445592%	0.462669%	0.4750351%	0.4750351%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$31,791,975	\$ 38,680,069	\$ 28,721,064	\$ 28,223,350	\$ 29,763,821	\$ 24,608,799	\$ 23,135,700
City's Covered Payrol	\$11,119,173	\$ 10,644,341	\$ 10,551,438	\$ 9,589,115	\$ 9,338,241	\$ 7,393,927	\$ 7,851,553
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	285.92%	363.39%	272.20%	294.33%	318.73%	332.82%	294.66%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	69.89%	63.07%	70.91%	68.36%	66.77%	72.20%	73.00%

⁽¹⁾ This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information prior to 2014 is not available.

Amounts presented as of the City's measurement date, which is the prior year-end.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Last Eight Years (1)

	2020	 2019	_	2018	_	2017
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 1,235,604	\$ 1,318,120	\$	1,275,271	\$	1,190,168
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 1,235,604	\$ 1,318,120	\$	1,275,271	\$	1,190,168
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ _	\$ -	\$	_	\$	-
Covered Payroll	\$ 8,825,743	\$ 9,415,146	\$	9,109,085	\$	9,155,141
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.00%	14.00%		14.00%		13.00%

⁽¹⁾ This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information prior to 2013 is not available.

 2016	2015	 2014	 2013
\$ 1,050,432	\$ 941,457	\$ 942,482	\$ 1,036,105
\$ 1,050,432	\$ 941,457	\$ 942,482	\$ 1,036,105
\$ -	\$ 	\$ 	\$
\$ 8,753,602	\$ 7,845,468	\$ 7,854,017	\$ 7,970,038
12.00%	12.00%	12.00%	13.00%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS OHIO POLICE AND FIRE PENSION FUND

Last Ten Years

	2020	2019	2018	2017
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 2,412,994	\$ 2,374,212	\$ 2,274,593	\$ 2,264,705
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 2,412,994	\$ 2,374,212	\$ 2,274,593	\$ 2,264,705
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered Payroll	\$ 11,323,462	\$ 11,119,173	\$ 10,644,341	\$ 10,551,438
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	21.31%	21.35%	21.37%	21.46%

2016	2015	2014	2013		2013 2012			2011
\$ 2,045,318	\$ 1,995,536	\$ 1,607,027	\$	1,714,578	\$	1,991,719	\$	1,996,404
\$ 2,045,318	\$ 1,995,536	\$ 1,607,027	\$	1,714,578	\$	1,991,719	\$	1,996,404
\$ _	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$		\$	
\$ 9,589,115	\$ 9,338,241	\$ 7,393,927	\$	7,851,553	\$	9,128,185	\$	9,155,982
21.33%	21.37%	21.73%		21.84%		21.82%		21.80%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Last Four Years (1)

	 2020	 2019	2018	_	2017
City's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.062034%	0.062698%	0.064600%		0.063132%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ 8,568,507	\$ 8,174,208	\$ 7,015,085	\$	6,376,547
City's Covered Payroll	\$ 9,415,146	\$ 9,109,085	\$ 9,155,141	\$	8,753,602
City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	91.01%	89.74%	76.62%		72.84%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	47.80%	46.33%	54.14%		54.05%

⁽¹⁾ This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information prior to 2017 is not available.

Amounts presented as of the City's measurement date, which is the prior year-end.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY OHIO POLICE AND FIRE PENSION FUND

Last Four Years (1)

	2020	2019	2018	2017
City's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.471934%	0.473867%	0.467964%	0.445592%
City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ 4,661,634	\$ 4,315,286	\$ 26,514,185	\$ 21,151,269
City's Covered Payroll	\$ 11,119,173	\$ 10,644,341	\$ 10,551,438	\$ 9,589,115
City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	41.92%	40.54%	251.29%	220.58%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	47.08%	46.57%	14.13%	18.96%

⁽¹⁾ This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information prior to 2017 is not available.

Amounts presented as of the City's measurement date, which is the prior year-end.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS OHIO PUBLIC EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Last Eight Years (1)

	2020	2019	 2018	_	2017
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	91,551
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$	91,551
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Covered Payroll	\$ 8,825,743	\$ 9,415,146	\$ 9,109,085	\$	9,155,141
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		1.00%

⁽¹⁾ This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information prior to 2013 is not available.

 2016	2015	2014	2013			
\$ 175,072	\$ 156,909	\$ 157,080	\$ 79,666			
\$ 175,072	\$ 156,909	\$ 157,080	\$ 79,666			
\$ -	\$ _	\$ 	\$ -			
\$ 8,753,602	\$ 7,845,468	\$ 7,854,017	\$ 7,970,038			
2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	1.00%			

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS OHIO POLICE AND FIRE PENSION FUND

Last Ten Years

	 2020	 2019		2018	2017	
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 56,617	\$ 55,596	\$	53,222	\$	52,757
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 56,617	\$ 55,596	\$	53,222	\$	52,757
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 	\$ _	\$	-	\$	_
Covered Payroll	\$ 11,323,462	\$ 11,119,173	\$ 1	0,644,341	\$ 10),551,438
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.50%	0.50%		0.50%		0.50%

 2016	2015	 2014	2013		 2012	 2011
\$ 47,946	\$ 46,691	\$ 36,970	\$	283,441	\$ 616,152	\$ 618,029
\$ 47,946	\$ 46,691	\$ 36,970	\$	283,441	\$ 616,152	\$ 618,029
\$ -	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$
\$ 9,589,115	\$ 9,338,241	\$ 7,393,927	\$	7,851,553	\$ 9,128,185	\$ 9,155,982
0.50%	0.50%	0.50%		3.61%	6.75%	6.75%

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 1 – NET PENSION LIABILITY

Changes in Assumptions – OPERS

For fiscal year 2019, the single discount rate changed from 7.50 percent to 7.20 percent.

Amounts reported in calendar year 2017 reflect an adjustment of the rates of withdrawal, disability, retirement and mortality to more closely reflect actual experience. The expectation of retired life mortality was based on RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table and RP-2014 Disabled mortality table. The following reductions were also made to the actuarial assumptions:

- Discount rate from 8.00 percent to 7.50 percent
- Wage inflation rate from 3.75 percent to 3.25 percent
- Price inflation from 3.00 percent to 2.50 percent

Changes in Benefit Terms - OPERS

In October 2019, the OPERS Board adopted a change in COLA for post-January 7, 2013 retirees, changing it from three percent simple through 2018 then 2.15 simple to 1.4 percent simple through 2020 then 2.15 percent simple.

Changes in Assumptions - OP&F

For 2018, the single discount rate changed from 8.25 percent to 8.00 percent.

Changes in Benefit Terms - OP&F

No significant changes in benefit terms.

NOTE 2 – NET OPEB LIABILITY

Changes in Assumptions - OPERS

For calendar year 2020, the following changes were made to the actuarial assumptions:

- Discount rate from 3.96 percent to 3.16 percent
- Municipal bond rate from 3.71 percent to 2.75 percent
- Health Care Cost Trend Rate from 10.00 percent to 10.50 percent

For calendar year 2019, the following changes were made to the actuarial assumptions:

- Discount rate from 3.85 percent to 3.96 percent
- Investment rate of return from 6.50 percent to 6.00 percent
- Municipal bond rate from 3.31 percent to 3.71 percent
- Health Care Cost Trend Rate from 7.50 percent to 10.00 percent

For calendar year 2018, the single discount rate changed from 4.23 percent to 3.85 percent.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 2 – NET OPEB LIABILITY (Continued)

Changes in Benefit Terms - OPERS

No significant changes in benefit terms.

Changes in Assumptions - OP&F

For calendar year 2020, the single discount rate decreased from 4.66 percent to 3.56 percent and the municipal bond rate from 4.13 percent to 2.75 percent.

For calendar year 2019, the discount rate increased from 3.24 percent to 4.66 percent and the municipal bond rate from 3.16 percent to 4.13 percent.

For calendar year 2018, the single discount rate changed from 3.79 percent to 3.24 percent.

Changes in Benefit Terms - OP&F

Beginning January 1, 2019 OP&F changed its retiree health care model to a stipend-based health care model. A stipend funded by OP&F will be placed in individual Health Reimbursement Accounts that retirees will use to be reimbursed for health care expenses.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FUND DESCRIPTIONS – MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

General Fund

The General Fund receives funds, which are not accounted for in any other fund of the City. The revenues are used to finance the general operations of the City. Due to legal requirements, activities of the General Fund are accounted for in the following accounts:

General Operating Account - This account is used for revenues that are not restricted as to use, and funds the general operations of the City.

Capital Asset Management Account - Codified Ordinance Section 211.01 provides that 13 1/3% of net income tax collections are to be used only for the payment of obligations incurred in connection with the City's capital improvements program or for the payment of interest and principal of bonds and notes issued by the City.

Police and Fire Pension Account - One and six-tenths of a mill of the property tax has been set aside for the purpose of paying police and fire pensions. In accordance with state law, the funds are required to be placed in a separate account. Transfers are made to the General Operating Account to pay the cost of pensions.

Capital Equipment Account - The City's Charter provides that one-half mill of the property tax be used for the City's capital outlay program.

Self-Insured Loss Account - By ordinance, City Council has established this account in order to provide for a reserve to fund losses as a result of assuming the risk for general liabilities. Transfers are periodically made to the account from the General Operating Account.

Communications and Technology Account - By ordinance, City Council has established this account in order to provide for the maintenance and upgrade of the City's communication and technology equipment and software.

Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Account – By ordinance, City Council has established this account in order to pay the cost of activities for emergency medical service supplies and capital needs for the Fire Division. The fees received are from insurance companies and Medicare for providing emergency medical services to the Community. The EMS account is shown as a special revenue fund in the budgetary statements but as a general fund account in the GAAP statements.

Civil Service Account – Established in 1995 pursuant to C.O. Section 225.04, this Fund is used to pay the expenses associated with the Civil Service Commission. The money is transferred from the General Fund and used to pay the Civil Service Commission Secretary and the cost of tests that are required for promotional examinations. For financial reporting purposes, other than budgetary, this fund is reported within the General Fund. The Civil Service account is shown as a special revenue fund in the budgetary statements but as a general fund account in the GAAP statements.

Economic Development Venture Account – Established by C.O. 225.06 the fund commenced in January 1999 to stimulate investment in Upper Arlington by providing incentives and maintaining an attractive economic climate for business and expansion and new business recruitment. The Economic Development Venture account is shown as a special revenue fund in the budgetary statements but as a general fund account in the GAAP statements.

Unclaimed Funds Fund - The fund accounts for monies owed to citizens that cannot be immediately located.

Flexible Benefits Fund - The Flexible Benefits Fund accounts for funds on deposits for payment of Employee's health care claims by a third party administrator.

Payroll Clearing Fund - The fund accounts for payroll and deduction checks of employees.

FUND DESCRIPTIONS - MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund

The fund, a debt service fund, receives property taxes and other receipts for the retirement of debt issued by the City. The funds are used for the payment of interest and principal on outstanding debt.

Capital Projects Funds

Bonded Improvement Fund

Sources of revenue are the proceeds of bonds and notes issued for the purpose of undertaking the construction and repair of capital facilities including infrastructure. Funds are used to pay the cost of the improvements.

Lane Avenue II Tax Increment Financing Fund

The Lane Avenue II Tax Increment Financing Fund was created to account for incremental increases in value and expenditure related to the redevelopment of several parcels of real property located on the north side of West Lane Avenue, between Chester Road and Westmont Boulevard (known as the Lane II project).

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL OPERATING ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Adopted Revised
Budget Budget Actual

	Adopted	Keviseu		
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Variance
REVENUES:				
Income tax	\$ 21,349,800	\$ 21,349,800	\$ 22,062,319	\$ 712,519
Property and other local taxes	6,779,825	6,779,825	6,730,130	(49,695)
Special assessments	-	-	60,285	60,285
Charges for services	1,235,000	1,000,000	587,505	(412,495)
Licenses and permits	1,600,000	1,600,000	1,543,736	(56,264)
Fines and forfeitures	300,000	270,000	177,497	(92,503)
Intergovernmental	2,031,000	2,031,000	2,121,488	90,488
Investment earnings	700,000	900,000	1,053,533	153,533
Miscellaneous	1,041,000	1,041,000	1,061,103	20,103
Total revenues	35,036,625	34,971,625	35,397,596	425,971
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Police				
Personal services	8,152,700	8,152,700	6,350,738	1,801,962
Other than personal services	1,521,900	1,521,900	1,263,338	258,562
Fire				
Personal services	8,363,000	8,559,500	7,138,631	1,420,869
Other than personal services	377,500	377,500	285,789	91,711
Board of Health				
Other than personal services	350,000	350,000	329,384	20,616
Parks and recreation				
Personal services	2,836,700	2,836,700	2,408,253	428,447
Other than personal services	1,209,100	1,209,100	942,102	266,998
Development				
Personal services	1,025,700	1,025,700	935,684	90,016
Other than personal services	304,300	304,300	208,727	95,573
Public Service Administration				
Personal services	896,700	919,200	912,379	6,821
Other than personal services	125,500	125,500	76,512	48,988
Public Works Division				
Personal services	1,012,900	1,002,900	817,013	185,887
Other than personal services	243,900	243,900	208,251	35,649
City Manager				
Personal services	1,155,400	1,155,400	1,093,961	61,439
Other than personal services	221,300	221,300	117,363	103,937
City Attorney				
Personal services	641,400	641,400	633,841	7,559
Other than personal services	146,000	146,000	106,456	39,544
City Clerk	,		, -	,
Personal services	236,800	236,800	208,117	28,683
Other than personal services	40,500	40,500	22,172	18,328
_				

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL OPERATING ACCOUNT (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

GENERAL OPERATING ACCOUNT (Continued) Revised Adopted Budget Budget Actual Variance **City Council** 129,000 129,000 116,952 12,048 Personal services Other than personal services 15,300 38,793 50,775 11,982 **Clerk of Court** 186,900 186,900 181,982 4,918 Personal services Other than personal services 297,400 297,400 148,073 149,327 **Finance** Personal services 907,700 907,700 861,223 46,477 Other than personal services 126,500 299,500 246,199 53,301 **Facilities Maintenance** Personal services 91,300 102,900 101,388 1,512 Other than personal services 3,268,000 2,435,000 1,252,461 1,182,539 **Information Technology** Personal services 565,400 565,400 544,529 20,871 Other than personal services 859,500 859,500 794,102 65,398 **General Government** Personal services 507,300 483,200 346,910 136,290 Other than personal services 1,825,000 1,825,000 1,706,424 118,576 17,307 Capital outlay 660,000 642,693 Total expenditures 37,640,600 37,872,575 31,040,440 6,832,135 Excess (deficiency) of expenditures (2,603,975)(2,900,950)over revenues 4,357,156 7,258,106 **OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):** 90,572 Proceeds from sale of capital assets 90,572 60,740 Refunding bonds issued 60,740 Premium on debt issued 112,242 112,242 Transfers out (1,838,400)(1,838,400)(1,838,400)Advances in 1,074,000 1,059,000 1,059,000 Interaccount transfers in 2,700,000 2,700,000 2,022,057 (677,943)Interaccount transfers-out (315,000)(315,000)(315,000)(414,389) Total other financing sources (uses) 1,620,600 1,605,600 1,191,211 Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses (983,375)(1,295,350)5,548,367 6,843,717 Fund balances at beginning of year 18,241,140 18,241,140 18,241,140 Lapsed encumbrances 142,807 142,807 142,807

\$ 17,400,572

Fund balances at end of year

\$ 17,088,597

\$ 23,932,314

\$ 6,843,717

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) CAPITAL ASSET MANAGEMENT ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	CAPITAL ASSET MANAGEMENT ACCOUNT							
		Adopted		Revised				
		Budget		Budget		Actual	V	ariance
REVENUES:								
Income tax	\$	8,302,700	\$	8,302,700	\$	8,564,804	\$	262,104
Total revenues		8,302,700		8,302,700		8,564,804		262,104
EXPENDITURES:								
Total expenditures		-		-				
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures								
over revenues		8,302,700		8,302,700		8,564,804		262,104
OTHER FINANCING (USES):								
Transfers out		(6,858,200)	((8,122,770)	((8,109,784)		12,986
Total other financing (uses)		(6,858,200)	((8,122,770)	((8,109,784)		12,986
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing								
sources over expenditures and other uses		1,444,500		179,930		455,020		275,090
Fund balances at beginning of year		11,890,999	1	11,890,999	1	1,890,999		_
Fund balances at end of year	\$	13,335,499	\$ 1	12,070,929	\$ 1	2,346,019	\$	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) POLICE AND FIRE PENSION ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

POLICE AND FIRE PENSION ACCOUNT

FOLICE AND FIRE FENSION ACCOUNT						
Adopted	Revised					
Budget	Budget	Actual	Variance			
\$ 2,368,900	\$ 2,368,900	\$ 2,387,580	\$ 18,680			
362,389	362,389	326,618	(35,771)			
2,731,289	2,731,289	2,714,198	(17,091)			
2,731,289	2,731,289	2,714,198	(17,091)			
(2,700,000)	(2,700,000)	(2,022,057)	677,943			
(2,700,000)	(2,700,000)	(2,022,057)	677,943			
31,289	31,289	692,141	660,852			
2,464,439	2,464,439	2,464,439	-			
\$ 2,495,728	\$ 2,495,728	\$ 3,156,580	\$ 660,852			
	Adopted Budget \$ 2,368,900 362,389 2,731,289 2,731,289 (2,700,000) (2,700,000) 31,289 2,464,439	Adopted Budget Revised Budget \$ 2,368,900 362,389 2,731,289 \$ 2,368,900 362,389 2,731,289 2,731,289 2,731,289 2,731,289 2,731,289 2,731,289 2,731,289 (2,700,000) (2,700,000) (2,700,000) (2,700,000) 31,289 31,289 2,464,439 2,464,439 2,464,439 2,464,439	Adopted Budget Revised Budget Actual \$ 2,368,900 \$ 2,368,900 \$ 2,387,580 362,389 362,389 326,618 2,731,289 2,731,289 2,714,198 2,731,289 2,731,289 2,714,198 (2,700,000) (2,700,000) (2,022,057) (2,700,000) (2,700,000) (2,022,057) 31,289 31,289 692,141 2,464,439 2,464,439 2,464,439			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) CAPITAL EQUIPMENT ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

CAPITAL EQUIPMENT ACCOUNT Adopted Revised Budget Budget Actual Variance **REVENUES:** 846,261 \$ 448 Property and other local taxes \$ 968,713 \$ 845,813 Intergovernmental 139,000 132,434 (6,566)968,713 984,813 978,695 Total revenues (6,118)**EXPENDITURES:** Current: **Police** Capital outlay 227,600 227,600 204,070 23,530 Fire Capital outlay 330,000 330,000 330,000 Parks and recreation Capital outlay 327,000 397,000 352,140 44,860 **Public Works Division** Capital outlay 349,500 379,500 280,082 99,418 **Facilities Maintenance** 484 Capital outlay 30,000 30,000 29,516 **Information Technology** 293,000 282,032 10,968 Capital outlay 293,000 509,260 Total expenditures 1,557,100 1,657,100 1,147,840 Excess (deficiency) of expenditures over revenues 503,142 (588,387)(672,287)(169,145)**OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):** 240,000 Interaccount transfers-in 240,000 240,000 Total other financing sources (uses) 240,000 240,000 240,000 Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other uses (348,387)(432,287)70,855 503,142 Fund balances at beginning of year 691,941 691,941 691,941 Lapsed encumbrances 10,573 10,573 10,573

354,127

Fund balances at end of year

270,227

503,142

773,369

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) SELF-INSURED LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

SELF-INSURED LOSS ACCOUNT

	SELF-INSURED LOSS ACCOUNT							
	-	Adopted		Revised				
		Budget		Budget		Actual	V	ariance
REVENUES:								
Investment earnings	\$	8,000	\$	8,000	\$	12,865	\$	4,865
Miscellaneous		10,000		10,000		25,451		15,451
Total revenues		18,000		18,000		38,316		20,316
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General Government								
Other than personal services		50,000		50,000		17,942		32,058
Total expenditures		50,000		50,000		17,942		32,058
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures								
over revenues		(32,000)		(32,000)		20,374		52,374
Fund balances at beginning of year		858,090		858,090		858,090		_
Fund balances at end of year	\$	826,090	\$	826,090	\$	878,464	\$	52,374

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) COMMUNICATIONS AND TECHNOLOGY ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	COMMUNICATIONS AND TECHNOLOGY ACCOU						UNT	
	Adopted Revised							
		Budget		Budget		Actual	V	⁷ ariance
REVENUES:								
Miscellaneous	\$	117,000	\$	117,000	\$	122,018	\$	5,018
Total revenues		117,000		117,000		122,018		5,018
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Information Technology								
Other than personal services		35,000		35,000		34,859		141
Capital outlay		166,500		166,500		61,820		104,680
Total expenditures		201,500		201,500		96,679		104,821
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures								
over revenues		(84,500)		(84,500)		25,339		109,839
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Interaccount transfers-in		75,000		75,000		75,000		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		75,000		75,000		75,000		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing								
sources over expenditures and other uses		(9,500)		(9,500)		100,339		109,839
Fund balances at beginning of year		236,586		236,586		236,586		-
Fund balances at end of year	\$	227,086	\$	227,086	\$	336,925	\$	109,839

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) UNCLAIMED FUNDS FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	UNCLAIMED FUNDS FUND							
	A	dopted	R	levised				
	Е	Budget	E	Budget	I	Actual	V	ariance
REVENUES:	<u></u>							
Miscellaneous	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	-	\$	(1,000)
Total revenues		1,000		1,000				(1,000)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Finance								
Other than personal services		1,000		1,000		-		1,000
Total expenditures		1,000		1,000	-	-		1,000
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures								
over revenues		-		-		-		-
Fund balances at beginning of year		6,276		6,276		6,276		_
Fund balances at end of year	\$	6,276	\$	6,276	\$	6,276	\$	-

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) TOTAL GENERAL FUND ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

TOTAL GENERAL FUND ACCOUNTS

	TOTAL GENERAL FUND ACCOUNTS					
	Adopted	Revised				
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Variance		
REVENUES:				_		
Income tax	\$ 29,652,500	\$ 29,652,500	\$ 30,627,123	\$ 974,623		
Property and other local taxes	10,117,438	9,994,538	9,963,971	(30,567)		
Special assessments	-	-	60,285	60,285		
Charges for services	1,235,000	1,000,000	587,505	(412,495)		
Licenses and permits	1,600,000	1,600,000	1,543,736	(56,264)		
Fines and forfeitures	300,000	270,000	177,497	(92,503)		
Intergovernmental	2,393,389	2,532,389	2,580,540	48,151		
Investment earnings	708,000	908,000	1,066,398	158,398		
Miscellaneous	1,169,000	1,169,000	1,208,572	39,572		
Total revenues	47,175,327	47,126,427	47,815,627	689,200		
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Police						
Personal services	8,152,700	8,152,700	6,350,738	1,801,962		
Other than personal services	1,521,900	1,521,900	1,263,338	258,562		
Capital outlay	227,600	227,600	204,070	23,530		
Fire						
Personal services	8,363,000	8,559,500	7,138,631	1,420,869		
Other than personal services	377,500	377,500	285,789	91,711		
Capital outlay	330,000	330,000	, <u>-</u>	330,000		
Board of Health	,	,		,		
Other than personal services	350,000	350,000	329,384	20,616		
Parks and recreation	,	,	,	,		
Personal services	2,836,700	2,836,700	2,408,253	428,447		
Other than personal services	1,209,100	1,209,100	942,102	266,998		
Capital outlay	327,000	397,000	352,140	44,860		
Development	,	,	,	,		
Personal services	1,025,700	1,025,700	935,684	90,016		
Other than personal services	304,300	304,300	208,727	95,573		
Public Service Administration	,	,	,	,		
Personal services	896,700	919,200	912,379	6,821		
Other than personal services	125,500	125,500	76,512	48,988		
Public Works Division	,	,	,	,		
Personal services	1,012,900	1,002,900	817,013	185,887		
Other than personal services	243,900	243,900	208,251	35,649		
Capital outlay	349,500	379,500	280,082	99,418		
City Manager	- 17,1			,,,,,,		
Personal services	1,155,400	1,155,400	1,093,961	61,439		
Other than personal services	221,300	221,300	117,363	103,937		
City Attorney	221,500	221,500	117,505	103,737		
Personal services	641,400	641,400	633,841	7,559		
Other than personal services	146,000	146,000	106,456	39,544		
Other than personal services	140,000	140,000	100,430	37,344		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) TOTAL GENERAL FUND ACCOUNTS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	TOTAL GENERAL FUND ACCOUNTS (Continued)						
	Adopted	Revised					
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Variance			
City Clerk							
Personal services	236,800	236,800	208,117	28,683			
Other than personal services	40,500	40,500	22,172	18,328			
City Council							
Personal services	129,000	129,000	116,952	12,048			
Other than personal services	15,300	50,775	38,793	11,982			
Clerk of Court							
Personal services	186,900	186,900	181,982	4,918			
Other than personal services	297,400	297,400	148,073	149,327			
Finance							
Personal services	907,700	907,700	861,223	46,477			
Other than personal services	127,500	300,500	246,199	54,301			
Facilities Maintenance							
Personal services	91,300	102,900	101,388	1,512			
Other than personal services	3,268,000	2,435,000	1,252,461	1,182,539			
Capital outlay	30,000	30,000	29,516	484			
Information Technology							
Personal services	565,400	565,400	544,529	20,871			
Other than personal services	894,500	894,500	828,961	65,539			
Capital outlay	459,500	459,500	343,852	115,648			
General Government							
Personal services	507,300	483,200	346,910	136,290			
Other than personal services	1,875,000	1,875,000	1,724,366	150,634			
Capital outlay	-	660,000	642,693	17,307			
Total expenditures	39,450,200	39,782,175	32,302,901	7,479,274			
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures							
over revenues	7,725,127	7,344,252	15,512,726	8,168,474			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	90,572	90,572			
Refunding bonds issued	-	-	60,740	60,740			
Premium on debt issued	-	-	112,242	112,242			
Transfers out	(8,696,600)	(9,961,170)	(9,948,184)	12,986			
Advances in	1,074,000	1,059,000	1,059,000	-			
Interaccount transfers in	3,015,000	3,015,000	2,337,057	(677,943)			
Interaccount transfers out	(3,015,000)	(3,015,000)	(2,337,057)	677,943			
Total other financing sources (uses)	(7,622,600)	(8,902,170)	(8,625,630)	276,540			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing							
sources over expenditures and other uses	102,527	(1,557,918)	6,887,096	8,445,014			
Fund balances at beginning of year	34,383,195	34,383,195	34,383,195	-			
Lapsed encumbrances	153,380	153,380	153,380				
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 34,639,102	\$ 32,978,657	\$ 41,423,671	\$ 8,445,014			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND RETIREMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND RETIREMENT FUND							
	Adopted	Revised						
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Variance				
REVENUES:								
Property and other local taxes	\$ 387,463	\$ 338,363	\$ 338,418	\$ 55				
Special assessments	-	-	296	296				
Intergovernmental	-	49,100	46,544	(2,556)				
Miscellaneous	-	-	196	196				
Total revenues	387,463	387,463	385,454	(2,009)				
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Finance								
Other than personal services	8,566,600	8,566,600	9,449,508	(882,908)				
Total expenditures	8,566,600	8,566,600	9,449,508	(882,908)				
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures								
over revenues	(8,179,137)	(8,179,137)	(9,064,054)	(884,917)				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Refunding bonds issued	-	15,750,000	14,034,260	(1,715,740)				
Premium on debt issued	-	-	1,720,827	1,720,827				
Payment to refunding bond escrow agent	-	(15,721,510)	(14,781,510)	940,000				
Transfers in	6,965,700	7,465,700	7,445,058	(20,642)				
Total other financing sources (uses)	6,965,700	7,494,190	8,418,635	924,445				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing								
sources over expenditures	(1,213,437)	(684,947)	(645,419)	39,528				
Fund balances at beginning of year	2,382,388	2,382,388	2,382,388	_				
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 1,168,951	\$ 1,697,441	\$ 1,736,969	\$ 39,528				

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) BONDED IMPROVEMENT FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	BONDED IMPROVEMENT FUND						
	Adopted	Revised					
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Variance			
REVENUES:							
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 26,300	\$ 26,291	\$ (9)			
Investment Earnings	200,000	200,000	186,315	(13,685)			
Total revenues	200,000	226,300	212,606	(13,694)			
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Parks and recreation							
Personal services	36,600	36,600	8,660	27,940			
Capital outlay	1,432,400	1,431,400	1,426,260	5,140			
Public Service Administration							
Personal services	366,000	282,000	175,787	106,213			
Public Works Division							
Capital outlay	7,642,600	8,217,600	8,214,708	2,892			
Finance							
Other than personal services		198,100	198,018	82			
Total expenditures	9,477,600	10,165,700	10,023,433	142,267			
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures							
over revenues	(9,277,600)	(9,939,400)	(9,810,827)	128,573			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Sale of bonds	-	15,697,000	15,500,000	(197,000)			
Premium on issuance of bonds	-	-	197,083				
Total other financing sources (uses)		15,697,000	15,697,083	(197,000)			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing							
sources over expenditures and other uses	(9,277,600)	5,757,600	5,886,256	128,656			
Fund balances at beginning of year	11,721,026	11,721,026	11,721,026	-			
Lapsed encumbrances							
	10,920	10,920	10,920	-			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) LANE AVENUE II TIF FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	LANE AVENUE II TIF FUND							
	Adopted Budget			Revised Budget		Actual	V	ariance
REVENUES:		Duaget	-	Duagei		Actual	•	ariance
Total revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Public Service Administration								
Capital outlay		-		6,500		5,520		980
Public Works Division								
Capital outlay		_		10,500		500		10,000
Finance								
Capital outlay		10,500		_		_		-
Total expenditures		10,500		17,000		6,020		10,980
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures								
over revenues		(10,500)		(17,000)		(6,020)		10,980
Fund balances at beginning of year		116,740		116,740		116,740		-
Fund balances at end of year	\$	106,240	\$	99,740	\$	110,720	\$	10,980



This page left blank intentionally.

FUND DESCRIPTIONS - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Tax Incentive Review Fund

Created by C.O. 225.07, the fund receives deposits of fees required when agreements are entered into under Section 3735 of the Ohio Revised Code. These fees are used exclusively for the purpose of performing the duties of the Tax Incentive Review Board.

Street Maintenance and Repair Fund

The Ohio Revised Code Sections 4501.04 and 5735.27 requires this separate fund to account for receipts from the licensing of motor vehicles and receipts from fuel taxes. The funds are used for the construction, maintenance and repair of the City's streets.

Law Enforcement Fund

Established pursuant to Ohio Revised Section 2981.13, the fund accounts for the deposit of monies received from the seizure of tangible property relinquished in accordance with the Contraband Seizure Forfeiture Act. Funds are used solely for law enforcement purposes.

Tree Planting Fund

Established pursuant to C.O. Section 158.05 to receive money given to the Tree Commission, the fund's expenditures are to be made for the furtherance of tree planting and care and related arboricultural activities, subject to appropriations made by City Council.

Enforcement Education Fund

Established in 1995 pursuant to C.O. Section 225.03, the revenue of this fund derived from Operating a Motor Vehicle Intoxicated (OVI) convictions, is used to pay the costs incurred in both enforcing and informing the public of the laws governing operation of a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol.

Mayor's Court Computer Fund

Established in 1995 pursuant to C.O. Section 171.05, the Mayor's Court collects a \$3.00 fee on each case. Revenues are to be used to pay the cost of computerization of the Mayor's Court and for computerized legal research services.

Mayor's Court Special Project Fund

Established in 2013 pursuant to C.O. Section 171.08, the Mayor's Court collects a \$10.00 fee on each case as allowed by Ohio Revised Code 1901.26(B)(1). Revenues are to be used to pay the cost of special projects of the court including, but not limited to, the acquisition of additional facilities or rehabilitation of existing facilities, the acquisition of equipment, the hiring and training of staff, community service programs, mediation or dispute resolution services, the employment of magistrates, the training and education of magistrates, and other related services.

FUND DESCRIPTIONS - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Life Long Learning and Leisure Fund

The Life Long Learning and Leisure Fund created by C.O. Section 225.02, accounts for the operations of continuing education classes.

Local Coronavirus Relief Fund

This fund was established to account for federal funds received from the CARES Act. These funds are to be used for necessary expenditures associated with the Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19).

Neighborhood Lighting Fund

This fund is used to account for the maintenance of neighborhood lights of which a yearly maintenance fee is charged.

Clerk of Court Fund

Enacted by C.O. 171.06, the Clerk of Court Fund was created to account for fees established by the Rules of Court. The revenue is to be used to pay the cost of computerization of the Clerk of Court's office. The current fee is \$3.00.

Upper Arlington Visitor's Bureau Fund

Established in 2013 pursuant to C. O. Section 202, this fund collects 50% of the 3% hotel/motel excise tax levied in accordance with Ohio Revised Code Section 5379.09. Revenues are to be used solely to make contributions to convention and visitors' bureaus operating within Franklin County as directed by City Council.

FUND DESCRIPTIONS – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Nonmajor Capital Project Funds

Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Districts

The City, pursuant to the Ohio Revised Code and City ordinances, has established nine tax increment financing (TIF) districts. A TIF represents a geographic area wherein property values created after the commencement date of the TIF are exempt, in whole or in part, from property taxes. Owner of such property, however, must pay amounts equal to the property taxes, known as "service fees," as though the TIF had not been established. These "service fees" will then repay the City for capital outlay expenditures relating to public improvements within or adjacent to the TIF area. Property values existing before the commencement date of a TIF continue to be subjected to property taxes. The City has created the following capital project funds to account for its eleven TIFs: Arlington Centre TIF, Tremont Road TIF, Lane Avenue Mixed Use TIF Fund, Lane Avenue TIF Fund, Arlington Crossing TIF Fund, Horizon TIF Fund, Kingsdale West TIF Fund, Kingsdale Core TIF Fund, Riverside North TIF Fund, Riverside South TIF Fund, and West Lane Northwest TIF Fund.

Infrastructure Improvement Fund

Created by C.O. 137.10, the Infrastructure Improvement Fund was created to account for a seven- year capital project program. The General Fund provides an annual fund transfer to fund the program.

Estate Tax Capital Projects Fund

Created by C.O. 137.12, this fund is used to account for estate tax revenues in excess of \$2.1 million for the purpose of capital needs.

Community Fiber Optic Fund

This fund was established in 2015 and accounts for the installation and repayment of the construction for the Upper Arlington fiber optic network. The fiber optic network will serve the Upper Arlington School District, the Upper Arlington Libraries and the City government as well as provide fiber to the Ohio State University Medical building. The network will also provide accessibility to fiber for local businesses.

CITY OF UPPER ARLINGTON, OHIO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Nonmajor	Nonmajor	Total
	Special	Capital	Nonmajor
	Revenue	Projects	Governmental
Assets:			
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$ 3,117,184	\$ 12,808,153	\$ 15,925,337
Property and other taxes receivable	3,744	-	3,744
Special assessments receivable	-	206,380	206,380
Payments in lieu of taxes receivable	-	3,170,541	3,170,541
Accounts receivable	7,799	-	7,799
Accrued interest receivable	3,744	319	4,063
Intergovernmental receivable	1,098,103	349,713	1,447,816
Materials and supplies inventory	296,266	-	296,266
Total assets	\$ 4,526,840	\$ 16,535,106	\$ 21,061,946
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 93,568	\$ 935,499	\$ 1,029,067
Retainage payable	-	327,878	327,878
Accrued wages and benefits	48,302	1,682	49,984
Due to other governments	7,797	259	8,056
Advances from other funds	-	2,768,335	2,768,335
Due to other funds	628	620,022	620,650
Total liabilities	150,295	4,653,675	4,803,970
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Payments in lieu of taxes	_	2,928,026	2,928,026
Unavailable revenue	752,864	594,948	1,347,812
Total deferred inflows of resources	752,864	3,522,974	4,275,838
Fund Balance:			
Nonspendable			
Inventory	296,266	_	296,266
Restricted	270,200		270,200
Capital projects	_	1,887,438	1,887,438
Street maintenance and repairs	1,447,248	-	1,447,248
Law enforcement and education	734,673	_	734,673
Other purposes	370,671	_	370,671
Public safety	172,320	_	172,320
Committed			-,-,
Capital projects	475,083	8,103,958	8,579,041
Parks and recreation	127,420	-	127,420
Unassigned (deficit)	-	(1,632,939)	(1,632,939)
Total fund balance	3,623,681	8,358,457	11,982,138
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,			
and fund balances	\$ 4,526,840	\$ 16,535,106	\$ 21,061,946

CITY OF UPPER ARLINGTON, OHIO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Nonmajor Special Revenue		 Nonmajor Capital Projects	Total Nonmajor overnmental
Revenues:				
Property and other taxes	\$	44,359	\$ -	\$ 44,359
Special assessments		-	30,456	30,456
Payments in lieu of taxes		-	2,912,611	2,912,611
Charges for services		140,377	-	140,377
Fines and forfeitures		28,229	-	28,229
Intergovernmental		5,742,520	630,467	6,372,987
Investment earnings		54,471	6,030	60,501
Miscellaneous		13,507	939,131	952,638
Total revenues		6,023,463	4,518,695	10,542,158
		_		_
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government		161,469	1,103,388	1,264,857
Public safety		3,198,986	-	3,198,986
Public services		2,035,001	-	2,035,001
Parks and recreation		168,967	-	168,967
Community development		749	-	749
Capital outlay		173,622	5,414,296	 5,587,918
Total expenditures		5,738,794	6,517,684	12,256,478
Excess (deficiency) of				
revenues over (under) expenditures		284,669	(1,998,989)	(1,714,320)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers in		_	3,318,400	3,318,400
Transfers out		_	(744,176)	(744,176)
Total other financing sources (uses)			2,574,224	2,574,224
<u> </u>				
Net change in fund balances		284,669	575,235	859,904
Fund balance at beginning of year		3,339,012	 7,783,222	11,122,234
Fund balance at end of year	\$	3,623,681	\$ 8,358,457	\$ 11,982,138

CITY OF UPPER ARLINGTON, OHIO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2020

		Tax ncentive Review		Street aintenance and Repair	En	Law forcement	F	Tree Planting		Enforcement Education				Mayor's Court omputer
Assets: Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$	16,270	\$	1,231,485	\$	652,193	\$	96,296	\$	19,366	\$	45,510		
Property and other taxes receivable	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-		
Accounts receivable		-		_		-		-		110		474		
Accrued interest receivable		-		1,955		1,036		-		-		-		
Intergovernmental		-		1,096,869		1,234		-		-		-		
Materials and supplies inventory		-		296,266				-		-				
Total assets	\$	16,270	\$	2,626,575	\$	654,463	\$	96,296	\$	19,476	\$	45,984		
Liabilities:														
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	89,202	\$	-	\$	-	\$	77	\$	293		
Accrued wages and benefits		-		39,540		6,088		-		-		-		
Due to other governments		-		6,109		1,275		-		-		-		
Due to other funds				514		79		-		-				
Total liabilities		-		135,365		7,442				77		293		
Deferred Inflows of Resources														
Unavailable revenue		-		747,696		-		-		-		-		
Total deferred inflows of resources				747,696										
Fund Balance:														
Nonspendable														
Inventory		-		296,266		-		-		-		-		
Restricted														
Street maintenance and repairs		-		1,447,248		-		-		-		-		
Law enforcement and education		-		-		647,021		-		19,399		45,691		
Other purposes		16,270		-		-		-		-		-		
Public safety		-		-		-		-		-		-		
Committed														
Capital projects		-		-		-		-		-		-		
Parks and recreation		16.070		1 712 514				96,296		10.200		45.601		
Total fund balances		16,270		1,743,514		647,021		96,296	-	19,399		45,691		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of		4 6 9 5 5						0.5.00		40.45		4. 00 :		
resources, and fund balances	\$	16,270	\$	2,626,575	\$	654,463	\$	96,296	\$	19,476	\$	45,984		

	Mayor's Court cial Project	L	fe Long earning d Leisure	Co	Local ronavirus elief Fund	Neighborhood Clerk of Lighting Court		Clerk of Court		,	Upper Arlington Visitor's Bureau		Total Nonmajor cial Revenue Funds
\$	102,365	\$	36,292	\$	172,320	\$	474,330	\$	22,163	\$	248,594 3,744	\$	3,117,184
	1,573		-		-		5,168		- 474		3,/44		3,744 7,799
	1,575		_		_		753				_		3,744
	_		_		_		-		_		_		1,098,103
	_		_		-		_		_		_		296,266
\$	103,938	\$	36,292	\$	172,320	\$	480,251	\$	22,637	\$	252,338	\$	4,526,840
\$	436	\$	2,754	\$		\$		\$	75	\$	731	\$	93,568
Þ	430	Ф	2,734	Þ	-	Ф	-	Þ	/3	Э	606	Ф	48,302
	_		319		_		_		_		94		7,797
	_		27		_		_		_		8		628
	436		5,168		_		-		75		1,439		150,295
	_		_		_		5,168		_		_		752,864
-							5,168				-		752,864
	-		-		-		-		-		-		296,266
	_		_		_		_		_		_		1,447,248
	_		_		_		_		22,562		_		734,673
	103,502		-		-		-		_		250,899		370,671
	-		-		172,320		-		-		-		172,320
	_		_		_		475,083		_		_		475,083
	_		31,124		_		-		_		_		127,420
	103,502		31,124		172,320		475,083		22,562		250,899	-	3,623,681
\$	103,938	\$	36,292	\$	172,320	\$	480,251	\$	22,637	\$	252,338	\$	4,526,840

CITY OF UPPER ARLINGTON, OHIO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Inc	Fax entive eview	Street aintenance nd Repair	En	Law forcement	Tree lanting	orcement ucation
Revenues:							
Property and other taxes	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Charges for services		-	-		-	11,045	-
Fines and forfeitures		-	-		-	-	1,560
Intergovernmental		-	2,133,078		43,083	-	-
Investment earnings		-	27,503		15,919	-	-
Miscellaneous		1,000	12,507		_		
Total revenues		1,000	 2,173,088		59,002	 11,045	 1,560
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government		5,000	-		-	-	-
Public safety		-	-		152,581	-	675
Public services		-	1,807,509		-	-	-
Parks and recreation		-	-		-	11,386	-
Community development		-	-		-	-	-
Capital outlay		_	77,571		53,814	-	
Total expenditures		5,000	 1,885,080		206,395	 11,386	 675
Net change in fund balances		(4,000)	288,008		(147,393)	(341)	885
Fund balance at beginning of year		20,270	 1,455,506		794,414	 96,637	 18,514
Fund balance at end of year	\$	16,270	\$ 1,743,514	\$	647,021	\$ 96,296	\$ 19,399

(ayor's Court mputer	(Mayor's Court Special Project		Life Long Learning and Leisure		Local Coronavirus Relief Fund		Neighborhood Lighting		Clerk of Court		Upper Arlington Visitor's Bureau		Total Nonmajor cial Revenue Funds
\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	\$	44,359	\$	44,359
	-		-		64,948		-		64,384		-		-		140,377
	4,999		16,671		-		-		_		4,999		-		28,229
	-		0		-		3,566,359		-		-		-		5,742,520
	-		-		-		-		11,049		-		-		54,471
	-		-		-				-						13,507
	4,999		16,671		64,948		3,566,359		75,433		4,999		44,359		6,023,463
	_		_		-		126,500		-		-		29,969		161,469
	11,874		21,516		-		2,997,849		-		14,491		-		3,198,986
	-		-		-		182,728		44,764		-		-		2,035,001
	-		-		113,605		43,976		-		-		-		168,967
	=		-		-		749		-		-		-		749
	-				-		42,237		-		-				173,622
	11,874		21,516		113,605		3,394,039		44,764		14,491		29,969		5,738,794
	(6,875)		(4,845)		(48,657)		172,320		30,669		(9,492)		14,390		284,669
	52,566		108,347		79,781				444,414		32,054		236,509		3,339,012
\$	45,691	\$	103,502	\$	31,124	\$	172,320	\$	475,083	\$	22,562	\$	250,899	\$	3,623,681

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) TAX INCENTIVE REVIEW FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,2020

	TAX INCENTIVE REVIEW FUND										
	A	dopted	F	Revised							
]	Budget	Budget		Actual		Va	riance			
REVENUES:											
Miscellaneous	\$	500	\$	500	\$	1,000	\$	500			
Total revenues		500		500		1,000		500			
EXPENDITURES:											
Current:											
Finance											
Other than personal services		5,000		5,000		5,000		-			
Total expenditures		5,000		5,000		5,000		-			
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures											
over revenues		(4,500)		(4,500)		(4,000)		500			
Fund balances at beginning of year		20,270		20,270		20,270		_			
Fund balances at end of year	\$	15,770	\$	15,770	\$	16,270	\$	500			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) STREET MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	STREE	STREET MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR FUND									
	Adopted	Revised									
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Variance							
REVENUES:											
Intergovernmental	\$ 2,360,700	\$ 2,170,700	\$ 2,165,731	\$ (4,969)							
Investment Earnings	10,000	10,000	15,463	5,463							
Miscellaneous	8,000	8,000	12,507	4,507							
Total revenues	2,378,700	2,188,700	2,193,701	5,001							
EXPENDITURES:											
Current:											
Public Service Administration											
Personal services	448,000	400,500	387,173	13,327							
Other than personal services	394,400	394,400	270,106	124,294							
Capital outlay	16,500	16,500	14,570	1,930							
Public Works Division											
Personal services	801,900	849,400	838,283	11,117							
Other than personal services	472,000	472,000	368,638	103,362							
Capital outlay	250,000	250,000	250,000	· -							
Total expenditures	2,382,800	2,382,800	2,128,770	254,030							
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures											
over revenues	(4,100)	(194,100)	64,931	259,031							
Fund balances at beginning of year	835,381	835,381	835,381	-							
Lapsed encumbrances	19,531	19,531	19,531	-							
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 850,812	\$ 660,812	\$ 919,843	\$ 259,031							

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) LAW ENFORCEMENT FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 $\,$

	LAW ENFORCEMENT FUND											
	Adopted	Revised										
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Variance								
REVENUES:												
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 23,734	\$ 23,734								
Investment Earnings	10,000	10,000	10,586	586								
Miscellaneous	115,000	115,000		(115,000)								
Total revenues	125,000	125,000	34,320	(90,680)								
EXPENDITURES:												
Current:												
Police												
Personal services	223,600	223,600	171,245	52,355								
Other than personal services	30,000	22,700	11,307	11,393								
Capital outlay	-	7,300	7,300	-								
Total expenditures	253,600	253,600	189,852	63,748								
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures												
over revenues	(128,600)	(128,600)	(155,532)	(26,932)								
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):												
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	120,158	120,158								
Total other financing sources (uses)	-		120,158	120,158								
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing												
sources over expenditures	(128,600)	(128,600)	(35,374)	93,226								
Fund balances at beginning of year	680,388	680,388	680,388	_								
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 551,788	\$ 551,788	\$ 645,014	\$ 93,226								

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) TREE PLANTING FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	TREE PLANTING FUND										
	A	Adopted	F	Revised							
]	Budget]	Budget		Actual	V	ariance			
REVENUES:	<u></u>										
Charges for services	\$	20,000	\$	20,000	\$	11,045	\$	(8,955)			
Total revenues		20,000		20,000		11,045		(8,955)			
EXPENDITURES:											
Current:											
Parks and recreation											
Other than personal services		20,000		20,000		11,383		8,617			
Total expenditures		20,000		20,000		11,383		8,617			
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures											
over revenues		-		-		(338)		(338)			
Fund balances at beginning of year		96,637		96,637		96,637		_			
Fund balances at end of year	\$	96,637	\$	96,637	\$	96,299	\$	(338)			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) ENFORCEMENT EDUCATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	ENFORCEMENT EDUCATION FUND										
	A	dopted	I	Revised							
]	Budget	Budget		Actual		Va	ariance			
REVENUES:											
Fines and forfeitures	\$	2,500	\$	2,500	\$	1,600	\$	(900)			
Total revenues		2,500		2,500		1,600		(900)			
EXPENDITURES:											
Current:											
Police											
Other than personal services		2,500		2,500		598		1,902			
Total expenditures		2,500		2,500		598		1,902			
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures											
over revenues		-		-		1,002		1,002			
Fund balances at beginning of year		18,364		18,364		18,364					
Fund balances at end of year	\$	18,364	\$	18,364	\$	19,366	\$	1,002			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) MAYOR'S COURT COMPUTER FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 $\,$

	MAYOR'S COURT COMPUTER FUND										
		Adopted Revised									
	-	Budget]	Budget		Actual	V	ariance			
REVENUES:											
Fines and forfeitures	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	5,308	\$	(4,692)			
Total revenues		10,000		10,000		5,308		(4,692)			
EXPENDITURES:											
Current:											
Clerk of Court											
Other than personal services		11,900		13,400		8,656		4,744			
Total expenditures		11,900		13,400		8,656		4,744			
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures											
over revenues		(1,900)		(3,400)		(3,348)		52			
Fund balances at beginning of year		46,102		46,102		46,102		-			
Fund balances at end of year	\$	44,202	\$	42,702	\$	42,754	\$	52			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) MAYOR'S COURT SPECIAL PROJECT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	MAYOR'S COURT SPECIAL PROJECT FUND										
	A	dopted	F	Revised				•			
	В	udget	Budget		Actual		V	ariance			
REVENUES:								,			
Fines and forfeitures	\$	30,000	\$	30,000	\$	17,723	\$	(12,277)			
Total revenues		30,000		30,000		17,723		(12,277)			
EXPENDITURES:											
Current:											
Clerk of Court											
Other than personal services		23,000		33,000		17,355		15,645			
Total expenditures		23,000		33,000		17,355		15,645			
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures											
over revenues		7,000		(3,000)		368		3,368			
Fund balances at beginning of year		98,046		98,046		98,046		_			
Lapsed encumbrances		300		300		300		-			
Fund balances at end of year	\$	105,346	\$	95,346	\$	98,714	\$	3,368			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) LIFE LONG LEARNING AND LEISURE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	LIFE LONG LEARNING AND LEISURE FUND								
	Adopted		Revised						
	Budget		Budget		Actual		Variance		
REVENUES:	<u></u>								
Charges for services	\$ 1	45,000	\$	145,000	\$	64,948	\$	(80,052)	
Total revenues	1	45,000		145,000		64,948		(80,052)	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
Parks and recreation									
Personal services		78,300		78,300		77,785		515	
Other than personal services		83,900		53,900		44,208		9,692	
Total expenditures	1	62,200		132,200		121,993		10,207	
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures									
over revenues		(17,200)		12,800		(57,045)		(69,845)	
Fund balances at beginning of year		88,821		88,821		88,821		-	
Fund balances at end of year	\$	71,621	\$	101,621	\$	31,776	\$	(69,845)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) LOCAL CORONAVIRUS RELIEF FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,2020

	LOCAL CORONAVIRUS RELIEF FUND						
	Adopted	Revised					
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Variance			
EVENUES:							
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 3,566,359	\$ 3,566,359	\$			
Total revenues		3,566,359	3,566,359				
XPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Police		1 410 006	1 410 006				
Personal services	-	1,418,996	1,418,996				
Other than personal services	-	256	256				
Fire		1 546 260	1 546 260				
Personal services	-	1,546,269	1,546,269				
Other than personal services Parks and recreation	-	32,730	32,730				
Personal services		21 227	21 227				
Other than personal services	-	31,237 12,739	31,237 12,739				
Development	-	12,/39	12,739				
Personal services		749	749				
Public Service Administration	-	/49	/49				
Personal services		20,845	20,845				
Other than personal services	-	125	125				
Public Works	_	123	123				
Personal services		156,358	156,358				
Other than personal services	_	5,400	5,400				
City Manager	_	3,400	5,400				
Other than personal services	_	364	364				
City Attorney		304	304				
Personal services	_	35	35				
Other than personal services	_	37	37				
City Clerk		37	31				
Personal services	_	345	345				
Other than personal services	_	94	94				
Clerk of Court		, ,	, ,				
Personal services	_	4,030	4,030				
Other than personal services	_	273	273				
Finance			_,_				
Personal services	_	22,442	22,442				
Facilities Maintenance		,	,				
Other than personal services	-	28,551	28,551				
Information Technology		,	,				
Other than personal services	-	87,440	87,440				
Capital outlay	-	172,046	172,046				
General Government		,	,				
Personal services	-	6,818	6,818				
Other than personal services	-	18,180	18,180				
Total expenditures		3,566,359	3,566,359				
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures over revenues	_	_	_				
5.51 16.6Ha65							
Fund balances at beginning of year	-						
Fund balances at end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) NEIGHBORHOOD LIGHTING FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

		1D		
	Adopted	Revised		
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Variance
REVENUES:				
Charges for services	\$ 63,000	\$ 63,000	\$ 64,384	\$ 1,384
Investment Earnings	6,000	6,000	6,841	841
Total revenues	69,000	69,000	71,225	2,225
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Public Service Administration				
Personal services	31,200	31,200	21,406	9,794
Other than personal services	177,600	177,600	24,129	153,471
Total expenditures	208,800	208,800	45,535	163,265
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures				
over revenues	(139,800)	(139,800)	25,690	165,490

443,471

303,671

443,471

303,671

443,471

469,161

165,490

Fund balances at beginning of year

Fund balances at end of year

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) CLERK OF COURT FUND

		FUND						
	A	dopted	I	Revised				
]	Budget]	Budget		Actual	V	ariance
REVENUES:	·							
Fines and forfeitures	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	5,308	\$	(4,692)
Total revenues		10,000		10,000		5,308		(4,692)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Clerk of Court								
Other than personal services		17,000		19,500		9,891		9,609
Total expenditures		17,000		19,500		9,891		9,609
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures								
over revenues		(7,000)		(9,500)		(4,583)		4,917
Fund balances at beginning of year		21,016		21,016		21,016		_
Fund balances at end of year	\$	14,016	\$	11,516	\$	16,433	\$	4,917

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) UPPER ARLINGTON VISITOR'S BUREAU FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	UPPER	ARLI	NGTON VI	VISITOR'S BUREAU FUND						
	 Adopted		Revised							
	Budget		Budget		Actual	7	/ariance			
REVENUES:			-							
Property and other local taxes	\$ 62,000	\$	62,000	\$	44,383	\$	(17,617)			
Total revenues	62,000		62,000		44,383		(17,617)			
EXPENDITURES:										
Current:										
City Manager										
Other than personal services	35,000		35,000		12,929		22,071			
Information Technology										
Personal services	25,000		25,000		24,281		719			
Total expenditures	 60,000		60,000		37,210		22,790			
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures										
over revenues	2,000		2,000		7,173		5,173			
Fund balances at beginning of year	233,276		233,276		233,276		_			
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 235,276	\$	235,276	\$	240,449	\$	5,173			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

		EME	L SERVICES FUND				
		Adopted	Revised				
		Budget	Budget		Actual	V	ariance
REVENUES:	-						
Charges for services	\$	625,000	\$ 625,000	\$	568,186	\$	(56,814)
Intergovernmental			19,100		19,098		(2)
Total revenues		625,000	 644,100		587,284		(56,816)
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Fire							
Other than personal services		195,000	214,100		157,358		56,742
Capital outlay		17,400	86,700		83,423		3,277
Total expenditures		212,400	300,800		240,781		60,019
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures							
over revenues		412,600	343,300		346,503		3,203
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Operating transfers-out		(433,000)	(433,000)		(432,960)		40
Total other financing sources (uses)		(433,000)	(433,000)		(432,960)		40
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing							
over expenditures and other uses		(20,400)	(89,700)		(86,457)		3,243
Fund balances at beginning of year		324,142	324,142		324,142		-
Lapsed encumbrances		619	619		619		-
Fund balances at end of year	\$	304,361	\$ 235,061	\$	238,304	\$	3,243

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) CIVIL SERVICE FUND

		CIVIL SER	VICE FUND	
	Adopted	Revised		
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Variance
REVENUES:				
Total revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General Government				
Other than personal services	20,000	20,000	5,261	14,739
Total expenditures	20,000	20,000	5,261	14,739
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures				
over revenues	(20,000)	(20,000)	(5,261)	14,739
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Operating transfers-in	20,000	20,000	20,000	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	20,000	20,000	20,000	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing				
sources over expenditures	-	-	14,739	14,739
Fund balances at beginning of year	61,111	61,111	61,111	-
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 61,111	\$ 61,111	\$ 75,850	\$ 14,739

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT VENTURE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT VENTURE FUND										
	A	Adopted		Revised							
		Budget		Budget		Actual	7	Variance			
REVENUES:											
Total revenues	\$		\$		\$		\$				
EXPENDITURES:											
Current:											
City Manager											
Other than personal services		540,000		540,000		292,154		247,846			
Total expenditures		540,000		540,000		292,154		247,846			
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures											
over revenues		(540,000)		(540,000)		(292,154)		247,846			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):											
Operating transfers-in		500,000		500,000		500,000					
Total other financing sources (uses)		500,000		500,000		500,000					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing											
sources over expenditures		(40,000)		(40,000)		207,846		247,846			
Fund balances at beginning of year		653,159		653,159		653,159		_			
Fund balances at end of year	\$	613,159	\$	613,159	\$	861,005	\$	247,846			



This page left blank intentionally.

CITY OF UPPER ARLINGTON, OHIO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2020

	arlington entre TIF	Tre	emont Road TIF	ane Avenue xed Use TIF	La	ne Avenue TIF	Arlington rossing TIF		Horizon TIF
Assets:									
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$ 54,382	\$	15,242	\$ 600,040	\$	197,984	\$ 904,758	\$	823,704
Payments in lieu of taxes receivable	38,264		35,557	1,206,538		156,529	141,300		476,456
Accrued interest receivable	-		-	-		-	-		-
Intergovernmental receivable	-		-	-		-	12,475		-
Special assessments receivable	 -		_	 _			 _		
Total assets	\$ 92,646	\$	50,799	\$ 1,806,578	\$	354,513	\$ 1,058,533	\$	1,300,160
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	70,403	\$ -	\$	-
Retainage payable	-		-	802		-	-		111,657
Accrued wages and benefits	-		-	-		-	-		-
Due to other governments	-		-	-		-	-		-
Advances from other funds	_		176,135	200,000		50,000	-		450,000
Due to other funds	-		35,000	100,000		-	_		375,000
Total liabilities	-		211,135	 300,802		120,403	-		936,657
Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Payments in lieu of taxes	25,079		35,557	1,041,114		156,529	138,582		415,268
Unavailable revenue	13,185		-	165,424		-	15,193		61,188
Total deferred inflows of resources	 38,264		35,557	1,206,538		156,529	153,775		476,456
Fund Balance:									
Restricted									
Capital projects	54,382		-	299,238		77,581	904,758		-
Committed									
Capital projects	-		-	-		-	-		-
Unassigned (deficit)	 -		(195,893)	 			 -		(112,953)
Total fund balances	 54,382		(195,893)	 299,238		77,581	 904,758	-	(112,953)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of									
resources, and fund balances	\$ 92,646	\$	50,799	\$ 1,806,578	\$	354,513	\$ 1,058,533	\$	1,300,160

	ingsdale Vest TIF		Kingsdale Core TIF		iverside orth TIF		Riverside outh TIF	W. Lane rthwest TIF		frastructure nprovement		state Tax ital Projects		Community Fiber Optic		Total Nonmajor Capital Projects
\$	286,821 48,909 - 478	\$	361,236 991,814	\$	13,325 1,844	\$	99,097 59,499 -	\$ 60,769 13,831	\$	8,767,566 - - 336,760	\$	214,063	\$	409,166	\$	12,808,153 3,170,541 319 349,713
Φ.		_	- 1 252 050	Φ.	-	Φ.	-	-	Φ.	206,380	Φ.	-	_	-	_	206,380
\$	336,208	\$	1,353,050	\$	15,169	\$	158,596	\$ 74,600	\$	9,310,706	\$	214,382	\$	409,166	\$	16,535,106
\$	48,909	\$	209,000	\$	1,844	\$	59,499	\$ 208,200 10,000 218,200	\$	854,233 202,406 1,682 259 22 1,058,602	\$	10,035 13,013 - - 23,048	\$	828 - - 1,475,000 100,000 1,575,828	\$	935,499 327,878 1,682 259 2,768,335 620,022 4,653,675 2,928,026 594,948
	49,387	_	991,814		1,844		59,499	 13,831		339,161	-	319			_	3,522,974
	286,821		152,236		13,325		99,097	(157,431) (157,431)		7,912,943		191,015		(1,166,662) (1,166,662)		1,887,438 8,103,958 (1,632,939) 8,358,457
	200,021		132,230		13,323		77,077	 (137,731)		1,712,773		171,013		(1,100,002)		0,330,737
\$	336,208	\$	1,353,050	\$	15,169	\$	158,596	\$ 74,600	\$	9,310,706	\$	214,382	\$	409,166	\$	16,535,106

CITY OF UPPER ARLINGTON, OHIO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	rlington entre TIF	Tre	mont Road TIF	 ane Avenue xed Use TIF	La	ne Avenue TIF	Arlington ossing TIF	 Horizon TIF
Revenues:								
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$ 24,883	\$	34,394	\$ 790,745	\$	112,180	\$ 130,225	\$ 438,659
Special assessments	-		-	-		-	-	-
Intergovernmental	-		-	-		-	18,240	-
Investment earnings	-		-	-		-	-	-
Miscellaneous	 			 			 	
Total revenues	 24,883		34,394	 790,745		112,180	 148,465	 438,659
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government	1,484		371	365,876		1,210	2,339	12,276
Capital outlay	 -			891,165		519,325	-	8,538
Total expenditures	1,484		371	 1,257,041		520,535	 2,339	20,814
Excess (deficiency) of								
revenues over (under) expenditures	23,399		34,023	(466,296)		(408,355)	146,126	417,845
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in	-		-	-		-	-	-
Transfers out	-		-	(354,184)		-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	 -		-	(354,184)		-	-	-
Net change in fund balances	23,399		34,023	(820,480)		(408,355)	146,126	417,845
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year	 30,983		(229,916)	 1,119,718		485,936	 758,632	(530,798)
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$ 54,382	\$	(195,893)	\$ 299,238	\$	77,581	\$ 904,758	\$ (112,953)

Lingsdale West TIF	Lingsdale Core TIF	Riverside North TIF						Riverside South TIF				W. Lane rthwest TIF	frastructure nprovement	state Tax tal Projects	Community Fiber Optic	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects
\$ 43,448	\$ 1,307,338	\$ 1,465		22,228	\$	7,046	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,912,611						
-	-	-		-		-	30,456	-	-	30,456						
849	-	-		-		-	611,378	-	-	630,467						
-	-	-		-		-	-	6,030	-	6,030						
 	 	 					 489,846	 253,769	 195,516	 939,131						
 44,297	 1,307,338	 1,465		22,228		7,046	 1,131,680	 259,799	 195,516	 4,518,695						
 478 - 478	 719,022	16 - 16		240		76 - 76	 3,239,023 3,239,023	 719,890 719,890	 36,355 36,355	 1,103,388 5,414,296 6,517,684						
43,819	588,316	1,449		21,988		6,970	(2,107,343)	(460,091)	159,161	(1,998,989)						
-	-	-		-		-	3,250,000	-	68,400	3,318,400						
 	(269,694)								(120,298)	(744,176)						
-	(269,694)	-				-	3,250,000		(51,898)	2,574,224						
43,819	318,622	1,449		21,988		6,970	1,142,657	(460,091)	107,263	575,235						
243,002	(166,386)	11,876		77,109		(164,401)	6,770,286	651,106	(1,273,925)	7,783,222						
\$ 286,821	\$ 152,236	\$ 13,325	\$	99,097	\$	(157,431)	\$ 7,912,943	\$ 191,015	\$ (1,166,662)	\$ 8,358,457						

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) ARLINGTON CENTRE TIF FUND

			ARLI	NGTON CE	NTRE	TIF FUND)	
	A	dopted	I	Revised				
	1	Budget]	Budget		Actual	V	ariance
REVENUES:								
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$	36,400	\$	36,400	\$	24,883	\$	(11,517)
Total revenues		36,400		36,400		24,883		(11,517)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Finance								
Other than personal services		700		3,100		1,484		1,616
Total expenditures		700		3,100		1,484		1,616
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures								
over revenues		35,700		33,300		23,399		(9,901)
Fund balances at beginning of year		30,983		30,983		30,983		_
Fund balances at end of year	\$	66,683	\$	64,283	\$	54,382	\$	(9,901)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) TREMONT ROAD TIF FUND

			TR	EMONT RC	AD T	IF FUND		
	A	dopted	I	Revised				
	I	Budget]	Budget		Actual	Va	riance
REVENUES:								
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$	34,400	\$	34,400	\$	34,394	\$	(6)
Total revenues		34,400		34,400		34,394		(6)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Finance								
Other than personal services		500		500		371		129
Total expenditures		500		500		371		129
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures								
over revenues		33,900		33,900		34,023		123
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Advances out		(40,000)		(40,000)		(40,000)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		(40,000)		(40,000)		(40,000)		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing								
sources over expenditures and other uses		(6,100)		(6,100)		(5,977)		123
Fund balances at beginning of year		21,219		21,219		21,219		_
Fund balances at end of year	\$	15,119	\$	15,119	\$	15,242	\$	123

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) LANE AVENUE MIXED USE TIF FUND

	LANE AVENUE MIXED USE TIF FUND								
	-	Adopted]	Revised					
		Budget	Budget		Actual		7	Variance	
REVENUES:									
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$	957,900	\$	957,900	\$	790,745	\$	(167,155)	
Total revenues		957,900		957,900		790,745		(167,155)	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
Public Service Administration									
Capital outlay		-		39,500		26,331		13,169	
Public Works Division									
Capital outlay		-		100,000		32,100		67,900	
Finance									
Other than personal services		692,300		692,300		365,876		326,424	
Total expenditures		692,300		831,800		424,307		407,493	
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures									
over revenues		265,600		126,100		366,438		240,338	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Operating transfers-out		(361,700)		(361,700)		(354,184)		7,516	
Advances out		(60,000)		(60,000)		(60,000)			
Total other financing sources (uses)		(421,700)		(421,700)		(414,184)		7,516	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing									
sources over expenditures and other uses		(156,100)		(295,600)		(47,746)		247,854	
Fund balances at beginning of year		646,984		646,984		646,984		-	
Fund balances at end of year	\$	490,884	\$	351,384	\$	599,238	\$	247,854	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) LANE AVENUE TIF FUND

	A	Adopted]	Revised				
		Budget		Budget		Actual	Va	riance
REVENUES:								
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$	111,500	\$	111,500	\$	112,180	\$	680
Total revenues		111,500		111,500		112,180		680
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Finance								
Other than personal services		1,600		1,600		1,210		390
Total expenditures		1,600		1,600		1,210		390
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures								
over revenues		109,900		109,900		110,970		1,070
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Advances out		(50,000)		(50,000)		(50,000)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		(50,000)		(50,000)		(50,000)		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing								
sources over expenditures and other uses		59,900		59,900		60,970		1,070
Fund balances at beginning of year		10,935		10,935		10,935		_
Fund balances at end of year	\$	70,835	\$	70,835	\$	71,905	\$	1,070

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) ARLINGTON CROSSING TIF FUND

	ARLINGTON CROSSING TIF FUND								
		Adopted	Revised						
	Budget		Budget		Actual		Variance		
REVENUES:									
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$ 162,300		\$	162,300	\$	130,225	\$	(32,075)	
Intergovernmental		-		-		18,240		18,240	
Total revenues		162,300		162,300		148,465		(13,835)	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
Finance									
Other than personal services		4,000		4,000		2,339		1,661	
Total expenditures		4,000		4,000		2,339		1,661	
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures									
over revenues		158,300		158,300		146,126		(12,174)	
Fund balances at beginning of year		758,632		758,632		758,632		_	
Fund balances at end of year	\$	916,932	\$	916,932	\$	904,758	\$	(12,174)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) HORIZON TIF FUND

	HORIZON TIF FUND								
		Adopted		Revised					
		Budget	Budget		Actual		V	/ariance	
REVENUES:				-					
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$	336,300	\$	336,300	\$	438,659	\$	102,359	
Total revenues		336,300		336,300		438,659		102,359	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
Finance									
Other than personal services		10,200		18,200		12,276		5,924	
Total expenditures		10,200		18,200		12,276		5,924	
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures									
over revenues		326,100		318,100		426,383		108,283	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Advances out		(375,000)		(375,000)		(375,000)		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(375,000)		(375,000)		(375,000)		-	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing									
sources over expenditures and other uses		(48,900)		(56,900)		51,383		108,283	
Fund balances at beginning of year		288,067		288,067		288,067		-	
Fund balances at end of year	\$	239,167	\$	231,167	\$	339,450	\$	108,283	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) KINGSDALE WEST TIF FUND

	KINGSDALE WEST TIF FUND										
	A	Adopted		Revised							
	Budget			Budget	Actual		Va	riance			
REVENUES:			-								
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$ 44,300		\$	44,300	\$	43,449	\$	(851)			
Intergovernmental		-		-		849		849			
Total revenues		44,300		44,300		44,298		(2)			
EXPENDITURES:											
Current:											
Finance											
Other than personal services		600		600		478		122			
Total expenditures		600		600		478		122			
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures											
over revenues		43,700		43,700		43,820		120			
Fund balances at beginning of year		243,002		243,002		243,002		_			
Fund balances at end of year	\$	286,702	\$	286,702	\$	286,822	\$	120			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) KINGSDALE CORE TIF FUND FOR THE VIEW AND EXPERIMENT ALL 2022

	Adopted	Revised		
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Variance
REVENUES:				
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$ 1,316,600	\$ 1,316,600	\$ 1,307,338	\$ (9,262)
Total revenues	1,316,600	1,316,600	1,307,338	(9,262)
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Finance				
Other than personal services	745,000	745,000	719,022	25,978
Total expenditures	745,000	745,000	719,022	25,978
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures				
over revenues	571,600	571,600	588,316	16,716
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Operating transfers-out	(269,700)	(269,700)	(269,694)	6
Advances out	(309,000)	(309,000)	(309,000)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(578,700)	(578,700)	(578,694)	6
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing				
sources over expenditures and other uses	(7,100)	(7,100)	9,622	16,722
Fund balances at beginning of year	351,614	351,614	351,614	-
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 344,514	\$ 344,514	\$ 361,236	\$ 16,722

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) RIVERSIDE NORTH TIF FUND

	A	dopted	F	Revised					
	Budget		Budget		Actual		Va	riance	
REVENUES:									
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$	\$ 1,400		\$ 1,400 \$	1,400	\$	1,465	\$	65
Total revenues		1,400		1,400		1,465		65	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
Finance									
Other than personal services		100		100		16		84	
Total expenditures		100		100		16		84	
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures									
over revenues		1,300		1,300		1,449		149	
Fund balances at beginning of year		11,876		11,876		11,876		_	
Fund balances at end of year	\$	13,176	\$	13,176	\$	13,325	\$	149	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) RIVERSIDE SOUTH TIF FUND FOR THE WEAP ENDED DEGENOEP 21, 2022

	A	dopted	I	Revised				
	Budget]	Budget		Actual	Var	iance
REVENUES:								
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$	\$ 22,200		22,200	\$	22,228	\$	28
Total revenues		22,200		22,200		22,228	-	28
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Finance								
Other than personal services		300		300		240		60
Total expenditures		300		300		240		60
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures								
over revenues		21,900		21,900		21,988		88
Fund balances at beginning of year		77,109		77,109	77,109			_
Fund balances at end of year	\$	99,009	\$	99,009	\$	99,097	\$	88

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) W. LANE - NORTHWEST TIF FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	W. LANE - NORTHWEST TIF FUND										
	Ac	lopted	F	Revised							
	B	udget	I	Budget	Actual		V	ariance			
REVENUES:											
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$	17,000	\$	17,000	\$	7,046	\$	(9,954)			
Total revenues		17,000		17,000		7,046		(9,954)			
EXPENDITURES:											
Current:											
Finance											
Other than personal services		500		500		76		424			
Total expenditures		500		500		76		424			
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures											
over revenues		16,500		16,500		6,970		(9,530)			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):											
Operating transfers-out		(15,000)		-		-		-			
Total other financing sources (uses)		(15,000)									
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing											
sources over expenditures and other uses		1,500		16,500		6,970		(9,530)			
Fund balances at beginning of year		-		-		-		-			

16,500

6,970

(9,530)

Fund balances at end of year

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) INFRASTRUCTURE IMPROVEMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	INFRASTRUCTURE IMPROVEMENT FUND										
	-	Adopted		Revised							
		Budget		Budget		Actual		Variance			
REVENUES:	-										
Intergovernmental	\$	1,000,000	\$	1,000,000	\$	558,224	\$	(441,776)			
Special assessments		-		30,000		30,456		456			
Miscellaneous		-		158,000		584,541		426,541			
Total revenues		1,000,000		1,188,000		1,173,221		(14,779)			
EXPENDITURES:											
Current:											
Parks and recreation											
Personal services		48,700		48,700		26,897		21,803			
Capital outlay		1,903,500		1,903,500		1,014,280		889,220			
Public Service Administration											
Personal services		146,800		230,800		212,053		18,747			
Public Works Division											
Capital outlay		2,815,100		2,815,100		2,236,938		578,162			
Total expenditures		4,914,100		4,998,100		3,490,168		1,507,932			
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures											
over revenues		(3,914,100)		(3,810,100)		(2,316,947)		1,493,153			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):											
Operating transfers-in		3,250,000		3,250,000		3,250,000		-			
Total other financing sources (uses)		3,250,000		3,250,000		3,250,000		_			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing											
sources over expenditures		(664,100)		(560,100)		933,053		1,493,153			
Fund balances at beginning of year		5,174,350		5,174,350		5,174,350		_			
Lapsed encumbrances		223,351		223,351		223,351		-			
Fund balances at end of year	\$	4,733,601	\$	4,837,601	\$	6,330,754	\$	1,493,153			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) ESTATE TAX CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	ESTATE TAX CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND										
	Adopted	Revised									
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Variance							
REVENUES:	·										
Investment Earnings	\$ -	\$ 5,644	\$ 5,675	\$ 31							
Miscellaneous	-	253,800	253,769	(31)							
Total revenues		259,444	259,444								
EXPENDITURES:											
Current:											
Parks and recreation											
Capital outlay	-	2,846	2,846	-							
Public Works Division											
Capital outlay	-	310,520	310,520	-							
Total expenditures		313,366	313,366	-							
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures											
over revenues	-	(53,922)	(53,922)	-							
Fund balances at beginning of year	53,921	53,921	53,921	-							
Lapsed encumbrances	94,201	94,201	94,201	-							
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 148,122	\$ 94,200	\$ 94,200	\$ -							

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) COMMUNITY FIBER OPTIC FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	C	OM	MUNITY FII	BER OPTIC FUND				
	Adopted		Revised					
	Budget		Budget		Actual	Va	ariance	
REVENUES:								
Miscellaneous	\$ 195,500	\$	195,500	\$	195,516	\$	16	
Total revenues	195,500		195,500		195,516		16	
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Information Technology								
Other than personal services	30,000		37,000		34,607		2,393	
Capital outlay	-		3,000		1,447		1,553	
Total expenditures	30,000		40,000		36,054		3,946	
Excess (deficiency) of expenditures								
over revenues	165,500		155,500		159,462		3,962	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Operating transfers-in	68,400		68,400		68,400		_	
Operating transfers-out	(120,300)		(120,300)		(120,298)		2	
Advances out	(100,000)		(100,000)		(100,000)		_	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(151,900)		(151,900)		(151,898)		2	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing								
sources over expenditures	13,600		3,600		7,564		3,964	
Fund balances at beginning of year	345,367		345,367		345,367		_	
	2.50.0.5	_	21005	-	2.52.22.1		2061	

358,967

348,967

352,931

3,964

Fund balances at end of year

FUND DESCRIPTIONS – ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Solid Waste Fund

Revenues are generated from the refuse collection fees charged to the City's residents. Expenses are for operating costs.

Water Surcharge Fund

For the purpose of paying the cost of maintaining the City's water distribution system, a surcharge is applied to the consumption of water by all users within the City. Established pursuant to C.O. Section 137.07, funds may be used for the construction and reconstruction of the water distribution system, including the repair/replacement of fire hydrants.

Sanitary Sewer Surcharge Fund

For the purpose of paying the cost of maintaining the City's sanitary sewer system, a surcharge is applied to the consumption of water by all users within the City. Established pursuant to C.O. Section 137.06, funds may be used for enlargement or replacement of the system and construction and reconstruction of main and interceptor sewers.

Stormwater Fund

Pursuant to C.O. Section 937.13, all revenues from stormwater drainage service charges, permit and inspection fees, direct charges and investment earnings are deposited into this fund. Funds are used to pay the operating expenses of the stormwater management utility, including the purchase of capital equipment, and capital improvements, including the payment of principal and interest on debt issued for such purposes.

Swimming Pools Fund

Pursuant to C.O. Section 225.01, the fund was established by a management agreement between the City and the Upper Arlington Board of Education (Board). Revenues are generated from admission to the Pool. Expenses are for operating costs and capital equipment.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN FUND EQUITY BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) SOLID WASTE FUND

	SOLID WASTE FUND							
	Adopted	Revised						
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Variance				
OPERATING REVENUES:								
Charges for services	\$ 3,000,000	\$ 3,000,000	\$ 3,033,490	\$ 33,490				
Total operating revenues	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,033,490	33,490				
OPERATING EXPENSES:								
Current:								
Solid Waste								
Other than personal services	2,935,000	2,935,000	2,874,116	60,884				
Total operating expenses	2,935,000	2,935,000	2,874,116	60,884				
Excess (deficiency) of operating expenses								
over (under) operating revenues	65,000	65,000	159,374	94,374				
NONOPERATING REVENUES:								
Investment earnings	15,000	15,000	21,010	6,010				
Advances out	(125,000)	(125,000)	(125,000)	-				
Total nonoperating revenues	(110,000)	(110,000)	(103,990)	6,010				
Net change in fund equity	(45,000)	(45,000)	55,384	100,384				
Fund equity at beginning of year	749,052	749,052	749,052	-				
Lapsed encumbrances	14,089	14,089	14,089					
Fund equity at end of year	\$ 718,141	\$ 718,141	\$ 818,525	\$ 100,384				

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN FUND EQUITY BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) WATER SURCHARGE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	WATER SURCHARGE F						FUND			
		Adopted		Revised						
		Budget		Budget		Actual	7	/ariance		
OPERATING REVENUES:				-						
Charges for services	\$	742,000	\$	742,000	\$	789,905	\$	47,905		
Total operating revenues		742,000		742,000		789,905		47,905		
OPERATING EXPENSES:										
Current:										
Public Works Division										
Personal services		165,500		165,500		125,786		39,714		
Other than personal services		418,800		523,800		376,765		147,035		
Capital outlay		_		237,600		-		237,600		
Finance										
Other than personal services		18,900		18,900		9,435		9,465		
Total expenses		603,200		945,800		511,986		433,814		
Excess (deficiency) of operating expenses										
over (under) operating revenues		138,800		(203,800)		277,919		481,719		
NONOPERATING REVENUES:										
Transfers out		(430,600)		(88,000)		(87,957)		43		
Total nonoperating (expenses)		(430,600)		(88,000)		(87,957)		43		
Net change in fund equity		(291,800)		(291,800)		189,962		481,762		
Fund equity at beginning of year		1,205,867		1,205,867		1,205,867		-		
Fund equity at end of year	\$	914,067	\$	914,067	\$	1,395,829	\$	481,762		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN FUND EQUITY BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) SANITARY SEWER SURCHARGE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	SANITARY SEWER SURCHARGE FUND							
	Adopted	Revised						
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Variance				
OPERATING REVENUES:	<u></u>							
Charges for services	\$ 1,129,000	\$ 1,129,000	\$ 1,209,085	\$ 80,085				
Miscellaneous	1,500	1,500	1,240	(260)				
Total operating revenues	1,130,500	1,130,500	1,210,325	79,825				
OPERATING EXPENSES:								
Current:								
Public Works Division								
Personal services	537,700	552,700	490,688	62,012				
Other than personal services	369,100	369,100	292,967	76,133				
Capital outlay	-	354,870	-	354,870				
Total expenses	906,800	1,276,670	783,655	493,015				
Excess (deficiency) of operating expenses								
over (under) operating revenues	223,700	(146,170)	426,670	572,840				
NONOPERATING REVENUES:								
Transfers out	(362,400)	(7,530)	(7,515)	15				
Total nonoperating (expenses)	(362,400)	(7,530)	(7,515)	15				
Net change in fund equity	(138,700)	(153,700)	419,155	572,855				
Fund equity at beginning of year	1,421,821	1,421,821	1,421,821	-				
Lapsed encumbrances	25,606	25,606	25,606	-				
Fund equity at end of year	\$ 1,308,727	\$ 1,293,727	\$ 1,866,582	\$ 572,855				

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN FUND EQUITY BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) STORMWATER FUND

	STORMWATER FUND									
		Adopted		Revised						
		Budget		Budget		Actual	V	ariance		
OPERATING REVENUES:										
Charges for services	\$	753,000	\$	753,000	\$	764,614	\$	11,614		
Total revenues		753,000		753,000		764,614		11,614		
OPERATING EXPENSES:										
Current:										
Public Works Division										
Personal services		378,300		363,300		315,227		48,073		
Other than personal services		253,700		253,700		233,611		20,089		
Capital outlay		140,000		207,100		132,338		74,762		
Total expenses		772,000		824,100		681,176		142,924		
Excess (deficiency) of operating expenses										
over (under) operating revenues		(19,000)		(71,100)		83,438		154,538		
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):										
Investment earnings		35,000		35,000		44,820		9,820		
Transfers out		(129,800)		(62,700)		(62,665)		35		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(94,800)		(27,700)		(17,845)		9,855		
Net change in fund equity		(113,800)		(98,800)		65,593		164,393		
Fund equity at beginning of year		2,768,752		2,768,752		2,768,752		_		
Lapsed encumbrances		3,097		3,097		3,097		-		
Fund equity at end of year	\$	2,658,049	\$	2,673,049	\$	2,837,442	\$	164,393		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN FUND EQUITY BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) SWIMMING POOLS FUND

	SWIMMING POOLS FUND							
	Adopted		Revised					_
	Budget		Budget		Actual		•	Variance
OPERATING REVENUES:								
Charges for services	\$	775,000	\$	581,250	\$	198,722	\$	(382,528)
Total operating revenues		775,000		581,250		198,722		(382,528)
OPERATING EXPENSES:								
Current:								
Parks and recreation								
Personal services		534,700		386,700		295,217		91,483
Other than personal services		287,300		287,300		208,617		78,683
Capital outlay		22,500		22,500		-		22,500
Total expenses		844,500		696,500		503,834		192,666
Net change in fund equity		(69,500)		(115,250)		(305,112)		(189,862)
Fund equity at beginning of year		545,338		545,338		545,338		-
Fund equity at end of year	\$	475,838	\$	430,088	\$	240,226	\$	(189,862)

FUND DESCRIPTIONS - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Employee Benefits Fund

Pursuant to Codified Ordinances Section 137.05, monies are deposited into the fund for the purpose of paying the cost of employee benefits, including but not limited to health care, prescriptions, dental care, life insurance, and long and short-term disability benefits. Revenues come from the proportionate cost of employee benefits contained in the operating budgets of departments of other funds, third party reimbursements and refunds for employee benefits.

BWC Administration Fund

Pursuant to Codified Ordinances Section 137.05, monies are deposited into the fund for the purpose of paying the cost of and pay claims for workers' compensation benefits of the employees of the City. Revenues come from the proportionate cost of employee benefits contained in the operating budgets of departments of other funds, third party reimbursements and refunds for employee benefits.

CITY OF UPPER ARLINGTON, OHIO FRANKLIN COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Employee			BWC	
	Benefits		Adn	ninistration	
		Fund		Fund	Total
Assets:					
Current assets:					
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$	2,293,966	\$	898,300	\$ 3,192,266
Due from other funds		-		12,054	12,054
Total current assets		2,293,966		910,354	3,204,320
Total assets		2,293,966		910,354	3,204,320
Liabilities:					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable		300,590		208,485	 509,075
Total current liabilities		300,590		208,485	509,075
Total liabilities		300,590		208,485	509,075
Net Position:					
Unrestricted		1,993,376		701,869	2,695,245
Total net position	\$	1,993,376	\$	701,869	\$ 2,695,245

CITY OF UPPER ARLINGTON, OHIO FRANKLIN COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Employee Benefits Fund		Adn	BWC ninistration Fund	Total
Operating Revenues:		_		_	
Charges for services	\$	3,339,400	\$	285,587	\$ 3,624,987
Miscellaneous		196,752		_	196,752
Total operating revenues		3,536,152		285,587	3,821,739
Operating Expenses: Self-insurance Total operating expenses		3,109,770 3,109,770		208,245 208,245	3,318,015 3,318,015
Operating income		426,382		77,342	503,724
Change in net position		426,382		77,342	503,724
Net position at beginning of year Net position at end of year	\$	1,566,994 1,993,376	\$	624,527 701,869	\$ 2,191,521 2,695,245

CITY OF UPPER ARLINGTON, OHIO FRANKLIN COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Employee Benefits Fund	Adr	BWC ministration Fund	Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities				
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 3,536,151	\$	282,220	\$ 3,818,371
Payments to suppliers and contractual services	(3,108,371)		(187,703)	(3,296,074)
Net cash provided by operating activities	427,780		94,517	522,297
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	427,780		94,517	522,297
Cash and cash equivalents, January 1	1,866,186		803,783	 2,669,969
Cash and cash equivalents, December 31	\$ 2,293,966	\$	898,300	\$ 3,192,266
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$ 426,382	\$	77,342	\$ 503,724
Increase in due from other funds	_		(3,368)	(3,368)
Increase in accounts payable	1,398		20,543	21,941
Total adjustments	1,398		17,175	18,573
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 427,780	\$	94,517	\$ 522,297

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN FUND EQUITY BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) EMPLOYEE BENEFITS FUND

	EMPLOYEE BENEFITS FUND						
	Adopted	Revised					
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Variance			
OPERATING REVENUES:							
Charges for services	\$ 3,370,300	\$ 3,370,300	\$ 3,339,400	\$ (30,900)			
Miscellaneous	103,000	103,000	196,752	93,752			
Total operating revenues	3,473,300	3,473,300	3,536,152	62,852			
OPERATING EXPENSES:							
Current:							
Finance							
Personal services	2,830,500	2,680,500	2,362,858	317,642			
Other than personal services	750,000	900,000	760,815	139,185			
Total expenses	3,580,500	3,580,500	3,123,673	456,827			
Net change in fund equity	(107,200)	(107,200)	412,479	519,679			
Fund equity at beginning of year	1,828,351	1,828,351	1,828,351	-			
Lapsed encumbrances	30,042	30,042	30,042	-			
Fund equity at end of year	\$ 1,751,193	\$ 1,751,193	\$ 2,270,872	\$ 519,679			

CITY OF UPPER ARLINGTON, OHIO

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN FUND EQUITY BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) BWC ADMINISTRATION FUND BOD TWEET PROPERTY AND ADMINISTRATION FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	BWC ADMINISTRATION FUND									
		Adopted		Revised						
		Budget		Budget	Actual		V	ariance		
OPERATING REVENUES:										
Charges for services	\$	280,000	\$	280,000	\$	282,219	\$	2,219		
Total operating revenues		280,000		280,000		282,219		2,219		
OPERATING EXPENSES:										
Current:										
Finance										
Personal services		100,000		100,000		66,588		33,412		
Other than personal services		160,000		160,000		111,436		48,564		
Total expenses		260,000		260,000		178,024		81,976		
Net change in fund equity		20,000		20,000		104,195		84,195		
Fund equity at beginning of year		788,376		788,376		788,376		_		
Lapsed encumbrances		5,656		5,656		5,656		-		
Fund equity at end of year	\$	814,032	\$	814,032	\$	898,227	\$	84,195		

CITY OF UPPER ARLINGTON, OHIO

FUND DESCRIPTIONS – FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Custodial Funds

Mayor's Court Fund

The fund receives fines and forfeitures from citizens as a result of violating City laws.

Revolving Fund

The fund accounts for miscellaneous deposits of funds collected by the City and due to other governments.

CITY OF UPPER ARLINGTON, OHIO FRANKLIN COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2020

		Mayor's Court Fund	R	evolving Fund		Totals
<u>ASSETS</u>	Φ.	24.550	•	120.500	Φ.	154 120
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$	34,570	\$	139,568	\$	174,138
Total assets		34,570		139,568		174,138
LIABILITIES						
Due to others		_		139,568		139,568
Total liabilities		-		139,568		139,568
NET POSITION						
Restricted for individuals and other governments		34,570		_		34,570
Total net position		34,570		-		34,570
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$	34,570	\$	139,568	\$	174,138

CITY OF UPPER ARLINGTON, OHIO FRANKLIN COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Iayor's Court Fund	R	evolving Fund	 Totals
Additions				
Fines and forfeitures for other governments	\$ 80,169	\$	-	\$ 80,169
Fees for other organizations	-		196,790	196,790
Total additions	80,169		196,790	276,959
Deductions				
Fines and forfeitures distributions to other governments	90,678		-	90,678
Fees distributions to other organizations	-		196,790	196,790
Total deductions	 90,678		196,790	287,468
Change in fiduciary net position	(10,509)		-	(10,509)
Net position at beginning of year	45,079		-	45,079
Net position at end of year	\$ 34,570	\$	-	\$ 34,570



This page left blank intentionally.



This page left blank intentionally.

CITY OF UPPER ARLINGTON

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health. These tables are presented in accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 44, *Economic Condition Reporting: The Statistical Section*.

<u>Contents</u>	<u>Tables</u>
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help understand how the City's financial performance and wellbeing has changed over time.	1-4
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help assess the City's most significant revenue sources.	5-15
Debt Capacity These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	16-19
Demographic and Economic Information This schedule contains service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial activities take place.	20
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	21-23

City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Net Position by Component Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Year					Year			
		2020		2010	F	Restated	K	Restated	
		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>	
Governmental Activities									
Net investment in capital assets	\$	69,394	\$	62,875	\$	56,030	\$	50,937	
Restricted for:									
Capital projects		29,484		28,212		27,543		26,143	
Debt service		413		654		935		597	
Street construction, maintenance & repair		2,491		2,255		1,894		1,796	
Law enforcement (public safety)		666		814		799		801	
Economic development		-		-		-		-	
Pension obligations		3,537		2,835		2,622		2,215	
Other purposes		635		463		474		532	
Unrestricted		(30,839)		(32,013)		(44,336)		(39,793)	
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$	75,781	\$	66,095	\$	45,961	\$	43,228	
Business-type activities									
Net investment in capital assets	\$	49,812	\$	49,838	\$	46,220	\$	43,064	
Unrestricted		5,979		5,237		4,495		4,356	
Total Business-Type Activities Net Position	\$	55,791	\$	55,075	\$	50,715	\$	47,420	
Primary Government		110.000		110 710	Φ.	100050	Φ.	0.4.004	
Net investment in capital assets	\$	119,206	\$	112,713	\$	102,250	\$	94,001	
Restricted		20.404		20.212		27.542		26.1.42	
Capital projects		29,484		28,212		27,543		26,143	
Debt service		413		654		935		597	
Street construction, maintenance & repair		2,491		2,255		1,894		1,796	
Law enforcement and education		666		814		799		801	
Economic development		-		-		-		-	
Pension obligations		3,537		2,835		2,622		2,215	
Other purposes		635		463		474		532	
Unrestricted		(24,860)		(26,776)	_	(39,841)	Φ.	(35,437)	
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$	131,572	\$	121,170	\$	96,676	\$	90,648	

Source:

City of Upper Arlington Finance Department

Note:

GASB 68 was implemented in 2015 and the 2014 amounts have been restated. Effects of this implementation can not fully be shown for prior years.

GASB 75 was implemented in 2018 and the 2017 amounts have been restated. Effects of this implementation can not fully be shown for prior years.

GASB 84 was implemented in 2019 and the 2018 amounts have been restated. Effects of this implementation can not fully be shown for prior years.

							Year				
				R	estated						
	<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>		<u>2013</u>		<u>2012</u>		<u>2011</u>
\$	44,989	\$	41,505	\$	38,329	\$	37,816	\$	40,921	\$	33,668
Ф	44,969	Ф	41,303	Ф	36,329	Ф	37,810	Φ	40,921	Φ	33,000
	20,585		5,882		4,759		3,057		976		5,216
	686		466		496		468		365		284
	1,814		1,733		1,497		1,371		1,365		1,478
	919		922		1,105		1,099		1,426		1,115
	-		509		528		62		639		403
	1,673		1,143		739		532		253		316
	456		540		427		319		184		65
	4,227		20,540		16,482		50,027		48,603		43,720
\$	75,349	\$	73,240	\$	64,362	\$	94,751	\$	94,732	\$	86,265
•	24.204	•	21.710	•	21.672	•	0.5.550	•	22.426	•	20.005
\$	34,284	\$	31,740	\$	31,672	\$	27,573	\$	22,426	\$	20,905
\$	4,544	\$	3,444	\$	2,797	\$	3,477	\$	3,573	\$	3,529
D	38,828	<u> </u>	35,184	D	34,469	D	31,050	D	25,999	D	24,434
\$	79,273	\$	73,245	\$	70,001	\$	65,389	\$	63,347	\$	54,573
	20,585		5,882		4,759		3,057		976		5,216
	686		466		496		468		365		284
	1,814		1,733		1,497		1,371		1,365		1,478
	919		922		1,105		1,099		1,426		1,115
	-		509		528		62		639		403
	1,673		1,143		739		532		253		316
	456		540		427		319		184		65
_	8,771		23,984		19,279		53,504		52,176		47,249
\$	114,177	\$	108,424	\$	98,831	\$	125,801	\$	120,731	\$	110,699

City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Changes in Net Position, Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

			Year			
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>
Expenses						
Governmental Activities:						
General Government	\$ 11,179	\$ 13,076	\$	11,267	\$	11,299
Public Safety	22,238	1,819		22,223		19,472
Public Services	7,747	8,323		7,400		7,265
Parks and Recreation	4,358	5,102		4,345		4,363
Community Development	1,289	1,263		1,002		1,015
Interest on long-term debt	 3,040	 3,040		2,103		2,335
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	 49,851	32,623		48,340		45,749
Business-Type activities:						
Solid Waste	2,877	2,862		2,852		2,042
Water	1,029	804		697		854
Sewer	1,194	1,279		1,289		1,069
Stormwater	982	931		723		726
Swimming pool	710	1,254		1,155		835
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses	6,792	7,130		6,716		5,526
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$ 56,643	\$ 39,753	\$	55,056	\$	51,275
Program Revenues						
Governmental Activities:						
Charges for services:						
General Government	\$ 217	\$ 1,294	\$	1,231	\$	1,251
Public Safety	727	1,063		1,129		815
Public Services	388	1,226		1,630		528
Parks and Recreation	488	1,321		1,283		1,288
Community Development	1,242	2,351		1,173		1,130
Operating grants and contributions	5,744	2,501		1,737		1,976
Capital grants and contributions	 565	 481		221		1,944
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	9,371	10,237		8,404		8,932
Business-Type Activities:						
Charges for services:						
Solid Waste	2,992	3,008		2,985		2,276
Water	806	723		466		484
Sewer	1,244	1,138		869		875
Stormwater	763	766		767		755
Swimming pools	 199	 792		758		712
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues	6,004	 6,427		5,845		5,102
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$ 15,375	\$ 16,664	\$	14,249	\$	14,034

<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>		<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
\$ 10,491 18,922 6,688 3,657 912 1,855 42,525	\$ 10,043 16,812 5,524 3,233 864 1,857 38,333	\$ 11,744 16,206 4,977 3,143 892 1,666 38,628	\$ 8,333 16,031 5,561 3,085 1,005 1,814 35,829	\$	7,492 16,570 4,996 3,137 1,045 2,108 35,348	\$ 7,981 15,973 4,649 3,147 935 1,822 34,507
\$ 2,153 881 869 610 440 4,953 47,478	\$ 2,063 741 636 560 775 4,775 43,108	\$ 2,109 656 632 487 673 4,557 43,185	\$ 2,077 527 579 494 694 4,371 40,200	\$	2,051 481 701 587 708 4,528 39,876	\$ 2,041 567 676 1,027 658 4,969 39,476
\$ 1,214 1,021 373 1,240 1,117 1,847 536 7,348	\$ 1,256 1,169 556 1,308 1,047 1,905 2,085 9,326	\$ 1,092 1,178 162 1,208 1,100 2,032 	\$ 1,131 1,066 267 1,196 923 1,941 	\$	652 1,347 124 1,068 797 2,177 388 6,553	\$ 793 1,507 2,340 1,983 762 410
\$ 2,457 541 959 759 600 5,316	\$ 2,006 447 834 737 541 4,565	\$ 1,917 431 788 758 566 4,460 11,232	\$ 1,961 454 818 748 588 4,569 11,093	\$	1,986 484 850 752 646 4,718	\$ 1,954 415 791 761 638 4,559

City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Changes in Net Position, Last Ten Years - (Continued) (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

						Year			
	<u>2020</u>			<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>	
Net(Expense)Revenue Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities	\$	(40,480) (788)	\$	(22,386) (703)	\$	(39,936) (871)	\$	(36,817) (424)	
Total Primary Government Net Expense	\$	(41,268)	\$	(23,089)	\$	(40,807)	\$	(37,241)	
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities:									
Taxes Income taxes Property taxes Intergovernmental (1) Unrestricted investment earnings Miscellaneous Transfers		31,494 10,377 5,485 1,817 2,397 (1,404)		29,292 10,127 5,365 2,023 684 (4,971)		29,730 10,172 5,308 1,237 323 (4,108)		25,448 10,602 3,813 735 470 (9,654)	
Total governmental activities Business-type activities: Investment earnings Miscellaneous Transfers Total Business-Type Activities		50,166 100 1 1,404 1,505		42,520 92 - 4,971 5,063		42,662 58 - 4,108 4,166		31,414 28 - 9,654 9,682	
Total Primary Government	\$	51,671	\$	47,583	\$	46,828	\$	41,096	
Change in Net Position Governmental activities Business-type activities Total Primary Government Change in Net Position	\$	9,686 717 10,403	\$	20,134 4,360 24,494	\$	2,726 3,295 6,021		(5,403) 9,258 3,855	

Note:

(1) For comparison purposes, payments in lieu of taxes (current year) and estate tax revenue (prior years) have been included with intergovernmental revenue.

Sources:

City of Upper Arlington Finance Department

<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>		<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
\$ (35,177) 363	\$ (29,007) (210)	\$ (31,856) (97)	\$	(29,305) 198	\$ (28,795) 190	\$ (26,712) (410)
\$ (34,814)	\$ (29,217)	\$ (31,953)	\$	(29,107)	\$ (28,605)	\$ (27,122)
23,946	22,863	16,830		18,474	15,663	16,045
10,503	9,819	9,294		9,245	8,936	9,043
4,841	5,219	5,260		5,824	12,195	8,245
564	526	922		(90)	703	609
687	363	400		723	1,117	355
(3,255)	(905)	(4,132)		(4,852)	(1,352)	(2,035)
37,286	37,885	28,574		29,324	37,262	32,262
25	20	29		-	23	22
-	-	-		1	-	-
 3,255	 905	 4,132		4,852	 1,352	 2,036
 3,280	 925	 4,161		4,853	 1,375	 2,058
\$ 40,566	\$ 38,810	\$ 32,735	\$	34,177	\$ 38,637	\$ 34,320
2,109	8,878	(3,282)		19	8,467	5,550
3,643	715	4,064		5,051	1,565	1,648
\$ 5,752	\$ 9,593	\$ 782	\$	5,070	\$ 10,032	\$ 7,198

City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Year											
					Restated							
		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>			<u>2017</u>				
General fund												
Nonspendable	\$	3,350	\$	3,951	\$	3,378	\$	3,324				
Restricted	Ψ	18,542	Ψ	17,136	Ψ	15,512	Ψ	14,524				
Committed		2,655		2,227		1,778		1,489				
Assigned		1,785		2,007		2,286		2,023				
Unassigned (deficit)		28,254		21,860		18,260		17,410				
Total General Fund	\$	54,586	\$	47,181	\$	41,214	\$	38,770				
All other governmental funds												
Nonspendable	\$	296	\$	242	\$	151	\$	126				
Restricted	4	28,564	4	32,054	4	20,456	4	19,115				
Committed		8,706		8,042		8,307		9,152				
Assigned		-		-		-		-				
Unassigned		(1,633)		(2,365)		(2,028)		(2,026)				
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$	35,933	\$	37,973	\$	26,886	\$	26,367				

Sources:

City of Upper Arlington Finance Department

GASB 84 was implemented in 2019 and the 2018 amounts have been restated. Effects of this implementation can not fully be shown for prior years.

	Year												
<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>			<u>2013</u>		<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>			
\$	3,148 13,173 1,320 4,281 17,561	\$	3,586 1,568 10,314 617 18,799	1,568 95 10,314 8,46 617 49		\$	2,023 1,021 8,788 3,468 16,594	\$	2,559 1,026 8,877 - 21,867	\$ \$ \$ \$	2,832 861 9,809 - 17,621		
\$	39,483	\$	34,884	\$	30,463	\$	31,894	\$	34,329	\$	31,123		
\$	131 18,426 11,253 - (1,886)	\$	67 16,452 15,504 - (1,592)	\$	114 4,295 15,960 - (270)	\$	34 9,247 16,600 - (801)	\$	4,925 11,108 12,617 - (5,723)	\$ \$ \$ \$	4,922 9,403 9,192 - (4,749)		
\$	27,924	\$	30,431	\$	20,099	\$	25,080	\$	22,927	\$	18,768		

City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

	<u>Year</u>				Year			
		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>	
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	41,885	\$	40,977	\$ 38,563	\$	37,563	
Intergovernmental (1)		11,937		8,164	7,092		6,990	
Licenses and permits		1,514		2,765	1,360		1,244	
Charges for services		1,287		2,129	2,063		1,930	
Fines and forfeits		196		362	328		362	
Investment earnings		2,076		2,001	1,190		779	
Miscellaneous		2,330		2,085	 2,133		1,729	
Total Revenues		61,225		58,483	 52,729		50,597	
Expenditures								
General Government		10,018		11,170	10,210		9,940	
Public Safety		18,873		18,406	17,688		17,010	
Public Services		4,061		4,164	3,857		3,756	
Parks and Recreation		3,623		3,879	3,708		3,539	
Community Development		1,138		977	898		867	
Capital outlay		25,426		21,518	16,622		20,054	
Debt services								
Principal		6,272		5,236	4,701		5,159	
Interest		3,211		2,494	2,122		2,194	
Other charges		173		659	 152		212	
Total Expenditures		72,795		68,503	59,958		62,731	
Excess of Revenues Over(Under)								
Expenditures		(11,570)		(10,020)	(7,229)		(12,134)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		10,605		10,020	10,343		11,749	
Transfers out		(10,605)		(10,020)	(10,343)		(11,749)	
Bonds/Notes issued		15,500		25,710	9,515		9,280	
Refunding bonds and escrow transfer		14,095		-	-		-	
Premium on bonds/notes issued		2,030		1,347	484		458	
Discount on bonds/notes issued		-		(177)	-		-	
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		(14,782)		-	-		-	
Sale of capital assets		91		195	186		126	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		16,934		27,075	10,185		9,864	
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	5,364	\$	17,055	\$ 2,956	\$	(2,270)	
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures		17.96%		15.94%	15.36%		16.55%	

Sources:

City of Upper Arlington Finance Department

Note:

(1) For comparison purposes, payments in lieu of taxes is included with intergovernmental revenue

			Year		
<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
\$ 35,778	\$ 31,989	\$ 26,710	\$ 26,131	\$ 33,890	\$ 28,344
7,232	10,425	7,200	7,831	5,450	5,624
1,213	1,181	1,115	1,066	877	945
2,014	2,102	2,004	1,994	2,014	1,899
463	398	373	345	362	430
533	510	899	(106)	703	609
1,083	1,561	1,299	1,683	1,660	1,493
48,316	48,166	39,600	38,944	44,956	39,344
9,819	9,637	11,359	6,532	7,332	7,557
15,991	15,547	15,646	15,930	15,527	15,784
3,915	2,788	2,697	4,081	3,135	2,913
3,265	2,963	2,925	2,866	3,008	3,017
814	844	958	994	994	956
20,839	12,562	10,763	5,272	10,830	16,095
3,810	7,375	3,092	2,850	2,595	2,480
1,720	1,577	1,530	1,735	1,819	1,743
171	288	152	154	151	131
 60,344	53,581	49,122	 40,414	 45,391	50,676
(12,028)	(5,415)	(9,522)	(1,470)	(435)	(11,332)
7,052	5,053	4,919	9,851	7,285	5,036
(7,052)	(5,292)	(6,058)	(9,861)	(7,297)	(5,036)
13,335	18,800	3,800	-	10,000	6,000
· -	6,082	6,265	8,640	-	_
171	2,064	217	775	247	284
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	(6,760)	(6,348)	(9,273)	-	(6,151)
 613	 221	315	 138	 333	 208
14,119	 20,168	 3,110	 1,188	 10,568	 341
\$ 2,091	\$ 14,753	\$ (6,412)	\$ (282)	\$ 10,133	\$ (10,991)
13.80%	21.82%	12.05%	13.05%	12.77%	12.21%

City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

<u>Year</u>]	ncome <u>Tax</u>	Pi	roperty <u>Tax</u>	1	Estate <u>Tax</u>	Mo	tor Fuel <u>Tax</u>	lotel <u>Γax</u>	<u>Total</u>
2020	\$	31,494	\$	10,377	\$	-	\$	1,952	\$ 177	\$ 44,000
2019		29,292		10,127		-		1,414	260	41,093
2018		29,730		10,172		1		1,173	247	41,323
2017		25,448		10,602		3		1,204	268	37,525
2016		23,946		10,503		8		1,177	277	35,911
2015		22,863		9,818		65		1,215	259	34,220
2014		16,830		9,294		216		1,172	231	27,743
2013		18,474		9,245		2,430		1,152	59	31,360
2012		15,663		8,936		8,235		1,146	-	33,980
2011		16,045		9,044		3,652		1,134	-	29,875

Source:

City of Upper Arlington Finance Department

City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Principal Property Taxpayers Current and Nine Years Ago (amounts expressed in thousands)

	2020			2011			
	<u>v</u>	Assessed faluation (1)	% of Total Assessed <u>Valuation</u>		Assessed Valuation	% of Total Assessed <u>Valuation</u>	
Public Utilities			. =			. =	
Columbus Southern Power Co.	\$	15,955,230	0.70%	\$	12,255,260	0.78%	
Columbia Gas of Ohio Inc.		7,927,190	0.35%		1,528,340	0.10%	
AEP Ohio Transmission		7,092,640	0.31%				
Real Estate							
Berkley House LLC		10,500,040	0.46%				
First Community Village		8,307,500	0.36%			0.00%	
GGRE Son Central II Arlington LLC		5,703,570	0.25%				
Orthopaedic Medical Properties LLC		5,579,290	0.24%		2,669,980		
Lane Avenue 450 LLC		5,526,720	0.24%		7,513,140	0.48%	
Kenbrook Village Company		4,256,910	0.19%		3,043,600	0.19%	
Centro NP Greentree SC LLC		4,137,010	0.18%		4,170,260	0.26%	
Scioto Country Club Inc.		3,873,100	0.17%		3,900,400	0.25%	
Echo/Contenental Kingsdale LLC		3,609,240	0.16%		7,026,260	0.45%	
National Church Residences		2,950,140	0.13%				
Tremont Center Company		2,803,890	0.12%				
Continental AG Acquisitions LLV		2,318,290	0.10%				
Kroger Co.		2,292,790	0.10%				
Arlington Court Nursing Home		2,194,500	0.10%				
Lane Avenue Office Building LLC		2,156,000	0.09%		2,433,550	0.15%	
Investment Land Holdings II		2,135,800	0.09%				
Upper Arlington Board of Education		2,070,250	0.09%				
Northwest United Methodist Church		1,984,720	0.09%				
Upper Arlington Medical LP		1,809,500	0.08%				
DO-AN Investments LTD		1,805,970	0.08%				
GB One LLC		1,802,370	0.08%				
CBC Companies Inc.		1,763,360	0.08%				
Tree of Life Christrian					8,637,400	0.55%	
Kingsdale Condominiums					4,456,240	0.28%	
Huntington National Bank					2,975,070	0.19%	
Kimco Development Corp.					4,459,010	0.28%	
ALL OTHERS	\$ 2	2,185,830,060	95.16%		1,508,925,680	96.04%	
TOTAL ASSESSED VALUATION	\$ 2	2,285,886,040	100.00%	\$	1,573,994,190	100.00%	

Notes:

(1) Amounts for 2020 excludes any abated values or any values included with in a tax increment financing district. Source: Franklin County, Ohio; County Auditor

City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Property Tax Rates Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Years

							Overlappin	g Rates	
		City of	f Upper Ar	·lington			Franklin (County	
<u>Year</u>	Operating <u>Millage</u>	Debt Service <u>Millage</u>	Police & Fire Pension <u>Millage</u>	Capital Equipment <u>Millage</u>	Total City <u>Millage</u>	Operating <u>Millage</u>	Specialty Service <u>Millage1</u>	Metro Parks <u>Millage</u>	Total County <u>Millage</u>
2020	3.90	-	1.57	0.50	5.97	1.47	16.70	0.95	19.12
2019	3.90	0.20	1.57	0.50	6.17	1.47	16.70	0.95	19.12
2018	3.90	0.20	1.57	0.50	6.17	1.47	16.70	0.75	18.92
2017	3.90	0.25	1.57	0.50	6.22	1.47	16.70	0.75	18.92
2016	3.90	0.50	1.68	0.50	6.58	1.47	16.25	0.75	18.47
2015	3.90	0.50	1.68	0.50	6.58	1.47	16.25	0.75	18.47
2014	3.90	0.50	1.68	0.50	6.58	1.47	16.25	0.75	18.47
2013	3.90	0.54	1.68	0.50	6.62	1.47	16.25	0.75	18.47
2012	3.90	0.54	1.68	0.50	6.62	1.47	16.25	0.75	18.47
2011	3.90	0.54	1.54	0.50	6.48	1.47	15.85	0.75	18.07

Notes:

(1) Specialty service includes: Children Services, ADAMH Board, MR & DD, Zoological Park, Office on Aging

Source: Franklin County, Ohio; County Auditor

\sim		D
Over	anning	Rates

•	Columb	bus State	Upper A	Arlington S	Schools	Libra	ary	
•	Debt Service <u>Millage</u>	Total Columbus State <u>Millage</u>	Operating <u>Millage</u>	Debt Service <u>Millage</u>	Total School <u>Millage</u>	Operating <u>Millage</u>	Total Library <u>Millage</u>	Total Direct & Overlapping Rates
	0.52	0.52	107.86	6.50	114.36	2.00	2.00	141.97
	-	-	107.86	6.90	114.76	2.00	2.00	142.05
	-	-	107.86	6.90	114.76	2.00	2.00	141.85
	-	-	107.86	6.90	114.76	2.00	2.00	141.90
	-	-	104.11	1.90	106.01	2.00	2.00	133.06
	-	-	104.11	1.85	105.96	2.00	2.00	133.01
	-	-	104.11	1.97	106.08	2.00	2.00	133.13
	-	-	104.11	1.97	106.08	2.00	2.00	133.17
	-	-	100.11	1.97	102.08	2.00	2.00	129.17
	_	_	100.11	1.97	102.08	2.00	2.00	128.63

City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Years

Year		Rea	al Property				sonal perty	T	otal Taxable
Ended December 31	Residential <u>Property</u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•	General		Assessed <u>Value</u>		
2020	\$ 2,077,725,560	\$	187,765,010	\$	30,895,510	\$	- 5	5	2,296,386,080
2019	1,750,096,450		156,007,890		28,626,100		-		1,934,730,440
2018	1,739,970,960		156,768,900		27,231,410		-		1,923,971,270
2017	1,740,706,620		161,580,020		25,185,610		-		1,927,472,250
2016	1,546,531,670		139,964,160		24,528,820		-		1,711,024,650
2015	1,539,456,620		139,457,060		24,165,400		-		1,703,079,080
2014	1,533,958,110		149,341,880		23,905,680		-		1,707,205,670
2013	1,405,652,200		133,744,520		22,872,510		-		1,562,269,230
2012	1,405,147,490		137,151,530		21,922,850		-		1,564,221,870
2011	1,410,425,940		149,473,060		14,095,190		-		1,573,994,190

Source: Franklin County, Ohio; County Auditor

Total Direct Tax <u>Rate</u>	Estimated Actual Taxable <u>Value</u>	Assessed Value as a Percentage of <u>Actual Value</u>
5.97	\$ 6,561,103,086	35.00%
6.17	5,527,801,257	35.00%
6.17	5,497,060,771	35.00%
6.22	5,507,063,571	35.00%
6.58	4,888,641,857	35.00%
6.58	4,865,940,229	35.00%
6.58	4,877,730,486	35.00%
6.62	4,463,626,371	35.00%
6.62	4,469,205,343	35.00%
6.48	4,497,126,257	35.00%

18,423

City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Principal Employers Ranked by Number of Full-time Employees Last Ten Years

	20)20	20	019	2	018	20	017	2	016
		Percentage of Total City								
Employer	Employees	Employment	Employees	Employment	Employees	Employment	Employees	Employment	Employees	Employment
UA Board of Education	810	4.5%	795	4.4%	809	4.6%	854	4.9%	852	4.6%
First Community Village	166	0.9%	166	0.9%	173	1.0%	176	1.0%	239	1.3%
City of Upper Arlington	227	1.3%	227	1.3%	227	1.3%	221	1.3%	220	1.2%
Kroger	114	0.6%	114	0.6%	108	0.6%	112	0.6%	107	0.6%
Giant Eagle	149	0.8%	149	0.8%	115	0.7%	143	0.8%	143	0.8%
Scioto Country Club	98	0.5%	94	0.5%	250	1.4%	206	1.2%	228	1.2%
Wellington School	142	0.8%	132	0.7%	125	0.7%	124	0.7%	124	0.7%
National Church Residences	405	2.3%	405	2.3%	409	2.3%	396	2.3%	454	2.5%
Ohio State University	476	2.7%	544	3.0%	497	2.8%	472	2.7%	525	2.8%
CBC Companies	216	1.2%	216	1.2%	215	1.2%	212	1.2%	200	1.1%
Ohio Orthopaedic Center	283	1.6%	161	0.9%	180	1.0%	177	1.0%	172	0.9%
Total	3,086	17.20%	3,003	16.60%	3,108	17.60%	3,093	17.70%	3,264	17.70%

17,961 (1)

17,567

17,961 (1)

	20	015	20	014	20	013	20	012	20	011
		Percentage of Total City								
Employer	Employees	Employment								
UA Board of Education	849	5.0%	838	4.8%	812	4.7%	850	5.0%	860	5.1%
First Community Village	231	1.4%	225	1.3%	225	1.3%	378	2.2%	352	2.1%
City of Upper Arlington	216	1.3%	216	1.2%	218	1.3%	224	1.3%	241	1.4%
Kroger	99	0.6%	99	0.6%	94	0.5%	107	0.6%	107	0.6%
Giant Eagle	143	0.9%	128	0.7%	175	1.0%	200	1.2%	201	1.2%
Scioto Country Club	200	1.2%	200	1.1%	200	1.2%	200	1.2%	173	1.0%
Wellington School	130	0.8%	160	0.9%	160	0.9%	160	0.9%	160	0.9%
National Church Residences	232	1.4%	211	1.2%	174	1.0%	184	1.1%	194	1.1%
Ohio State University	325	1.9%	325	1.9%	325	1.9%	325	1.9%	325	1.9%
CBC Companies	202	1.2%	203	1.2%	170	1.0%	198	1.2%	175	1.0%
Ohio Orthopaedic Center	186	1.1%	175	1.0%	243	1.4%	214	1.3%	158	0.9%
Total	2,813	16.80%	2,780	15.90%	2,796	16.20%	3,040	17.90%	2,946	17.20%
Total City Employees	16,823		17,489		17,378		17,018		17,018	

Sources: City of Upper Arlington Finance Department Regional Income Tax Authority

Total City Employees

Notes: (1) Total City Employees data for 2018 was used as data from 2019 and 2020 was not yet available.

17,961 (1)

City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Income Tax Statistics Income Averages for Upper Arlington Tax Years 2020-2011 Last Ten Years

Tax Year	Income Range Tax Year	Individual Resident Filers	Percent of Filers	Local Taxable Income	Percent of Taxable Income
2020 2020 2020 2020 2020 2020	0-19,999 20,000-49,999 50,000-74,999 75,000-99,999 Over 100,000 Total	2,477 1,543 1,161 1,015 5,943 12,139	20.4% 12.7% 9.6% 8.4% 49.0%	\$ 17,906,331 53,079,270 72,350,581 88,597,152 1,748,778,978 \$ 1,980,712,312	0.9% 2.7% 3.7% 4.5% 88.3%
2019 2019 2019 2019 2019	0-19,999 20,000-49,999 50,000-74,999 75,000-99,999 Over 100,000 Total	2,689 1,694 1,264 1,108 6,023 12,778	21.0% 13.3% 9.9% 8.7% 47.1%	\$ 19,276,369 58,619,445 78,391,660 96,909,039 1,699,126,330 \$ 1,952,322,843	1.0% 3.0% 4.0% 5.0% 87.0%
2018 2018 2018 2018 2018	0-19,999 20,000-49,999 50,000-74,999 75,000-99,999 Over 100,000	2,986 1,858 1,307 1,210 5,940	22.4% 14.0% 9.8% 9.1% 44.7%	\$ 21,017,521 63,682,573 81,083,773 105,040,606 1,651,689,904	1.1% 3.3% 4.2% 5.5% 85.9%
2017 2017 2017 2017 2017	Total 0-19,999 20,000-49,999 50,000-74,999 75,000-99,999 Over 100,000	13,301 3,188 1,985 1,350 1,230 5,855	23.4% 14.6% 9.9% 9.0% 43.0%	\$ 1,922,514,377 \$ 23,500,651 68,620,900 83,844,581 106,799,533 1,607,422,427	1.2% 3.6% 4.4% 5.7% 85.0%
2016 2016 2016 2016 2016	Total 0-19,999 20,000-49,999 50,000-74,999 75,000-99,999 Over 100,000 Total	13,608 2,756 1,761 1,195 1,201 5,400 12,313	22.4% 14.3% 9.7% 9.8% 43.9%	\$ 1,890,188,092 \$ 20,555,204 61,052,036 74,422,516 104,291,144 1,518,995,981 \$ 1,779,316,881	1.2% 3.4% 4.2% 5.9% 85.4%

Sources: Regional Income Tax Authority

Tax Year	Income Range Tax Year	Individual Resident Filers	Percent of Filers	Local Taxable Income	Percent of Taxable Income
2015 2015 2015 2015 2015	0-19,999 20,000-49,999 50,000-74,999 75,000-99,999 Over 100,000 Total	2,884 1,876 1,268 1,235 5,200 12,463	23.1% 15.1% 10.2% 9.9% 41.7%	\$ 21,594,351 64,481,885 78,878,817 107,265,158 1,372,204,630 \$ 1,644,424,841	1.3% 3.9% 4.8% 6.5% 83.4%
2014 2014 2014 2014 2014	0-19,999 20,000-49,999 50,000-74,999 75,000-99,999 Over 100,000 Total	2,971 1,849 1,282 1,259 4,914 12,275	24.2% 15.1% 10.4% 10.3% 40.0%	\$ 22,095,174 64,080,477 79,711,821 109,807,642 1,272,099,979 \$ 1,547,795,093	1.4% 4.1% 5.2% 7.1% 82.2%
2013 2013 2013 2013 2013	0-19,999 20,000-49,999 50,000-74,999 75,000-99,999 Over 100,000 Total	2,971 1,849 1,282 1,259 4,914 12,275	24.2% 15.1% 10.4% 10.3% 40.0%	\$ 22,095,174 64,080,477 79,711,821 109,807,642 1,272,099,979 \$ 1,547,795,093	1.4% 4.1% 5.2% 7.1% 82.2%
2012 2012 2012 2012 2012 2012	0-19,999 20,000-49,999 50,000-74,999 75,000-99,999 Over 100,000 Total	2,961 1,964 1,370 1,212 4,789 12,296	24.1% 16.0% 11.1% 9.9% 38.9%	\$ 21,196,023 68,089,408 85,085,775 105,334,609 1,249,530,060 \$ 1,529,235,875	1.4% 4.5% 5.6% 6.9% 81.7%
2011 2011 2011 2011 2011	0-19,999 20,000-49,999 50,000-74,999 75,000-99,999 Over 100,000 Total	2,910 1,897 1,285 1,237 4,463 11,792	24.7% 16.1% 10.9% 10.5% 37.8%	\$ 21,326,493 65,075,294 79,842,261 107,598,014 1,139,965,891 \$ 1,413,807,953	1.5% 4.6% 5.6% 7.6% 80.6%

City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Income Tax Statistics Local Taxes Paid by Upper Arlington Residents for Tax Years 2019 -2010 Last Ten Years

Tax Year	Upp	exes Paid by oer Arlington Residents	%	 axes credited to other unicipalities	%	Total Local Income tax Paid by Residents
2019	\$	7,916,450	18.6%	\$ 34,611,983	81.4%	42,528,433
2018		7,967,418	19.1%	33,775,836	80.9%	41,743,254
2017		5,720,716	12.2%	41,300,186	87.8%	47,020,902
2016		7,657,599	15.9%	40,507,619	84.1%	48,165,218
2015		6,775,590	17.9%	31,016,747	82.1%	37,792,337
2014		4,317,783	15.7%	23,231,790	84.3%	27,549,573
2013		4,247,356	16.6%	21,354,249	83.4%	25,601,605
2012		4,187,114	16.6%	21,038,943	83.4%	25,226,057
2011		3,971,038	16.5%	20,086,924	83.5%	24,057,962
2010		3,608,055	15.6%	19,450,755	84.4%	23,058,810

Source: Regional Income Tax Agency, Brecksville, Ohic

Notes:

- (1) Income reported represents income taxable at the local level. Local taxable income excludes some revenue sources taxable at the federal level, such as pensions investment earnings, and capital gains.
- (2) While the City imposes a 2.5% income tax on its residents (effective January 1, 2015), a credit of up to 2.5% is allowed for income earned outside the City. Thus, the City's actual income tax collections are substantially less than 2.5% of local taxable income. In addition local taxable income includes income tax received from non-resident individuals who work within the jurisdiction, and are not required to file an annual return.
- (3) Differences in amounts reported as local tax collected by Upper Arlington residents and "Taxes from Individuals" amounts reported in Table 11 result from timing differences in collection and distribution of tax by the Regional Income Tax Agency (RITA), along with payments by non-resident individuals who remit payments payments for taxes from work performed inside the City
- (4) Information for 2020 was not available.

City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Income Tax Revenue Base and Collections (Cash Basis) Last Ten Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

Tax Year	Tax Rate	Total Tax Collected	Taxes From Withholding	Percentage of Taxes From Withholding	Taxes From Net Profits	Percentage of Taxes From Net Profits	Taxes From Individuals	Percentage of Taxes From Individuals
2020	2.5%	\$ 30,628	\$ 18,616	61%	\$ 4,682	15%	\$ 7,330	24%
2019	2.5%	29,722	17,885	60%	3,883	13%	7,954	27%
2018	2.5%	28,737	17,047	59%	3,835	13%	7,855	27%
2017	2.5%	26,108	16,136	62%	3,209	12%	6,763	26%
2016	2.5%	25,262	15,275	60%	2,957	12%	7,030	28%
2015	2.5%	21,491	13,644	63%	2,108	10%	5,739	27%
2014	2.0%	16,907	10,668	63%	1,844	11%	4,395	26%
2013	2.0%	16,789	10,210	61%	2,064	12%	4,515	27%
2012	2.0%	15,253	10,043	66%	1,587	10%	3,623	24%
2011	2.0%	14,662	9,485	65%	1,706	12%	3,471	24%

Sources:

^{1.} City of Upper Arlington Finance Department

City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Special Assessment Billings and Collections Last Ten Years

Year	 ssessment Billings	Assessment Collections				
2020	\$ 482,406	\$	454,809			
2019	\$ 416,807	\$	393,088			
2018	274,537		262,354			
2017	269,049		257,173			
2016	257,677		247,258			
2015	263,168		250,319			
2014	256,684		248,133			
2013	264,847		256,662			
2012	264,759		258,840			
2011	227,378		221,385			

Source: Franklin County, Ohio; County Auditor

City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

Collected within the

Year	Total Tax		Year of the Levy				Total Collections to Date						Outstanding	
•			Percentage Delinquent of Levy Amount		-	Total <u>Collected</u>		Percentage of Levy		Delinquent <u>Taxes</u>				
2020	\$	11,624	\$ 11,416	98	3.2%	\$	162	\$	11,578	9	9.6%	\$	188	
2019		11,558	11,227	97	7.1%		182		11,409	9	8.7%		175	
2018		11,670	11,473	98	3.3%		226		11,699	10	0.2%		167	
2017		10,926	10,084	92	2.3%		243		10,327	9.	4.5%		599	
2016		11,068	10,819	97	7.8%		215		11,034	9	9.7%		193	
2015		11,092	10,659	96	5.1%		335		10,994	9	9.1%		201	
2014		10,628	10,114	95	5.2%		218		10,332	9	7.2%		225	
2013		10,539	9,873	93	3.7%		212		10,085	9.	5.7%		306	
2012		10,263	9,814	95	5.6%		201		10,015	9	7.6%		331	
2011		10,331	9,959	96	5.4%		139		10,098	9	7.7%		297	

Sources:

^{1.} Franklin County, Ohio Auditor's Office

City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Enterprise Funds Summary Data Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

		Year							
						I	Restated		
	<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>
Water Surcharge Fund									
Assets	\$ 19,406	\$	19,570	\$	16,887	\$	17,232	\$	16,168
Net Position	18,161		18,214		15,399		15,632		14,722
Operating Revenue	806		723		465		484		541
Operating (Expense)	(1,000)		(757)		(665)		(821)		(856)
Non-operating	() /		,		()		, ,		, ,
Interest expense	(35)		(37)		(38)		(40)		(23)
Capital contributions	176		2,886		· 5		1,445		795
Transfers in	-		· -		_		-		-
Changes in net position	(53)		2,815		(233)		1,068		457
Rate per 1000 cubic feet (MCF)	-		-		-		-		-
Surcharge rate on commodity	15%		10%		10%		10%		10%
Sewer Surcharge Fund									
Assets	\$ 10,569	\$	10,042	\$	9,835	\$	5,932	\$	6,019
Net Position	9,572		9,092		9,156		5,318		5,722
Operating Revenues	1,246		1,138		869		875		959
Operating (Expense)	(1,203)		(1,261)		(1,294)		(1,076)		(801)
Non-operating									
Investment income	_		-		_		-		-
Interest expense	(3)		(3)		(3)		(2)		(26)
Other, net	-		-		-		-		(39)
Capital contributions	440		62		4,266		-		-
Transfers in	400		- ((4)		2 020		(202)		- 02
Changes in net position	480		(64)		3,838		(203)		93
Rate per 1000 cubic feet (MCF)	n/a		n/a		n/a		n/a		n/a
Surcharge rate on commodity	23%		18%		18%		18%		18%
Stormwater Fund									
Assets	\$ 16,763	\$	16,016	\$	15,775	\$	15,836	\$	13,989
Net Position	15,533		14,901		14,688		14,769		12,836
Operating Revenue	763		765		767		755		760
Operating (Expense)	(963)		(898)		(699)		(698)		(546)
Non-operating							•		10
Investment income	70		63		41		20		19
Interest expense	(25)		(27)		(27)		(31)		(62)
Other, net	787		309		(163)		1,993		2 460
Capital contributions Changes in net position	632		309 212		, ,		2,039		2,460
Changes in her position	032		212		(81)		2,039		2,631
Annual residential rate	\$ 45	\$	45	\$	45	\$	45	\$	45

			Year	r		
<u>2015</u>	1	Restated 2014	<u>2013</u>		<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
\$ 14,865 14,265 447 (718)	\$	14,977 14,441 431 (650)	\$ 13,078 12,683 454 (518)	\$	8,467 7,959 484 (470)	\$ 7,946 7,518 415 (553)
(22) 117		(5) 1,149 916	(9) 4,798		(12) 438	(15) 790
(176)		1,841	4,725		440	637
10%		10%	10%		10%	10%
\$ 5,822 5,629 834 (634)	\$	5,694 5,430 788 (625)	\$ 5,697 5,432 818 (567)	\$	5,883 5,192 850 (687)	\$ 5,361 4,803 792 (656)
(1) - -		(6) - -	(12) 1 -		(17) 1 242	(23) (2) 699
199		157	240		389	810
n/a 18%		n/a 18%	n/a 18%		n/a 18%	n/a 18%
\$ 10,767 10,205 737 (498)	\$	10,189 9,462 758 (467)	\$ 8,187 7,448 748 (471)	\$	8,104 7,151 753 (753)	\$ 7,451 6,300 760 (1,000)
17 (49) (13) 549 743		28 (20) - 1,843 2,142	(1) (23) - 44 297		20 (26) - 658 652	17 (29) - - (252)
\$ 45	\$	45	\$ 45	\$	45	\$ 45

City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Enterprise Funds Summary Data - Continued Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Year									
	<u>2020</u>			<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>		2016
Swimming Pools Fund										
Assets	\$	12,110	\$	12,655	\$	11,141	\$	11,365	\$	5,239
Net Position	Ψ	11,278	Ψ	11,790	Ψ	10,536	Ψ	10,934	Ψ	5,042
Operating Income		199		792		758		712		600
Operating (Expense)		(711)		(1,252)		(1,156)		(836)		(440)
Non-operating		()		() -)		())		()		(-)
Other, net		_		-		_		_		_
Capital contributions		-		1,714		_		_		_
Changes in net position		(512)		1,254		(398)		(124)		160
Cost of a resident family membership (family of four)	\$	260.00	\$	260.00	\$	260.00	\$	220.00	\$	220.00
Solid Waste Fund										
Assets	\$	1,332	\$	1,078	\$	1,257	\$	802	\$	549
Net Position		1,090		944		768		618		376
Operating Income		2,992		3,008		2,985		2,276		2,457
Operating (Expense)		(2,876)		(2,861)		(2,852)		(2,042)		(2,153)
Non-operating										
Investment income		30		29		17		8		5
Other, net		-		-		-		-		-
Transfers in		-		-		-		-		-
Transfers out		-		-		-		-		-
Changes in net position		146		176		150		242		309
Cost of a single trash sticker	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2.90	\$	2.90
Annual base charge per unit	\$	227.00	\$	227.00	\$	227.00	\$	64.00	\$	64.00

Source: City of Upper Arlington Finance Department

Note:

GASB 68 was implemented in 2015 and the 2014 amounts have been restated. Effects of this implementation can not fully be shown for prior years.

GASB 75 was implemented in 2018 and the 2017 amounts have been restated. Effects of this implementation can not fully be shown for prior years.

					Year	r			
	<u>2015</u>		<u>15</u> <u>2014</u>				2012		2011
\$	5,187	\$	5,396	\$	5,500	\$	5,608	\$	5,673
	4,882		5,116		5,498		5,606		5,670
	541		566		588		646		638
	(720)		(673)		(693)		(711)		(657)
	(55)		_		-		(1)		_
	-		-		-		2		-
	(234)		(107)		(105)		(64)		(19)
\$	220.00	\$	210.00	\$	210.00	\$	210.00	\$	200.00
\$	239	\$	56	\$	39	\$	123	\$	174
Ψ	67	Ψ	(119)	Ψ	(152)	Ψ	(47)	Ψ	4
	2,006		1,917		1,961		1,986		1,954
	(2,063)		(2,109)		(2,077)		(2,052)		(2,041)
	3		1		1		3		5
	-		_		-		-		-
	240		-		10		12		-
	-		224		-		-		-
	186		33		(105)		(51)		(82)
\$	2.90	\$	2.90	\$	2.90	\$	2.90	\$	2.90
\$	40.00	\$	40.00	\$	40.00	\$	40.00	\$	40.00

City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Years

(amounts expressed in thousands, except percentage of personal income and per capita amount)

Other Governmental **General Bonded Debt Outstanding Activities Debt** General **Build America &** Special **Bond** Non-Tax Obligation **Recovery Zone** Assessment Anticipation Revenue Capital Bonds Bonds **Total** Bonds **Year Bonds Note** Leases Loans 2020 \$ 86,630 21,138 \$ 2,770 86,630 2,932 21,182 2019 76,283 76,283 79,496 2018 79,496 3,144 2017 70,634 70,634 3,354 135 187 2016 65,813 65,813 260 3,510 2015 61,358 61,358 380 370 44,288 2014 44,288 495 4,800 551 46,998 2013 40,698 6,300 605 4,800 728 2012 33,908 15,520 49,428 710 4,800 2011 26,244 15,520 41,764 810 4,800

Notes:

(1) See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics on table 20 for personal income and population data.

Sources:

City of Upper Arlington Finance Department

Business-Type Activities

Ob	eneral ligation Bonds	<u>Loans</u>	Total Primary <u>vernment</u>	Percentage of Personal Income (1)	<u>Ca</u>	Per pita (1)
\$	1,723	\$ 57	\$ 112,318	4.54%	\$	3,182
	1,818	66	102,281	4.45%	\$	2,904
	1,909	85	81,114	3.84%		2,321
	1,998	104	76,225	3.83%		2,198
	2,264	123	72,157	3.80%		2,094
	726	177	63,011	3.41%		1,843
	528	332	50,994	2.89%		1,499
	691	590	54,412	2.97%		1,608
	855	872	56,665	3.19%		1,677
	1,018	947	49,339	2.86%		1,460

City of Upper Arlington, Ohio General Bonded Debt Outstanding as a Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property and per Capita Last Ten Years

(amounts expressed in thousands, except per capita amount)

Year	General Bonded Debt Outstanding	Less: Amounts Available in Debt Service Fund Restricted only for Principal Payments	<u>Total</u>	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property	C	Per Capita
2020	\$ 109,491		\$ 109,491	5.66%	\$	3,102
2019	99,283	-	99,283	0		2,819
2018	81,405	-	81,405	0		2,330
2017	72,632	-	72,632	3.77%		2,095
2016	68,077	-	68,077	3.98%		1,975
2015	62,084	-	62,084	3.65%		1,816
2014	44,816	-	44,816	2.63%		1,318
2013	47,689	-	47,689	3.05%		1,409
2012	50,283	-	50,283	3.21%		1,488
2011	42,782	-	42,782	2.72%		1,266

Source: City of Upper Arlington Finance Department

Notes: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

- (1) Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.
- (2) See Table 8 for taxable property value data.
- (3) Population and personal income data can be found in Table 20.
- (4) General bonded debt outstanding Includes general obligation bonds and notes, Build America and Recovery Zone bonds, and business-type activities general obligation bonds.

City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of December 31, 2020

Governmental Unit	Assessed Valuation	Gross General Obligation	Estimated Percentage Applicable to Upper Arlington ¹	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt	
Direct City of Upper Arlington	\$ 2,296,386,080	\$ 100,397,371	100.00%	\$ 100,397,371	
Overlapping					
Franklin County	36,494,330,110	191,372,097	6.29%	12,041,986	
Columbus City School District	12,386,529,930	412,949,896	0.03%	114,533	
Dublin City School District	4,097,395,250	183,431,640	0.43%	786,531	
Upper Arlington City School District	2,311,819,620	215,090,000	82.78%	178,051,653	
Tolles Career & Technical Center	9,242,407,800	1,351,812	0.19%	2,570	
Solid Waste Authority of Central Ohio	38,258,309,760	60,620,000	6.00%	3,638,606	
Subtotal, overlapping debt		1,064,815,445		194,635,879	
Total direct and overlapping debt		\$1,165,212,816		\$ 295,033,250	

Source: Auditor, Franklin County; Settlement Division

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the city. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City of Upper Arlington. This process recognizes that, when considering the city's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

¹ For debt repaid with property taxes, the percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another governmental unit's taxable assessed value that is within the city's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's total taxable assessed value.

City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Legal Debt Margin Information, Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

					Year	
	<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Overall debt limit	\$ 241,121	\$	203,147	\$ 202,017	\$ 202,385	\$ 179,658
Total net debt applicable to limit	85,948		72,215	73,459	68,742	63,893
Legal debt margin	155,173		130,932	128,558	133,643	115,765
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	35.65%		35.55%	36.36%	33.97%	35.56%
Unvoted Debt limit	\$ 126,301	\$	106,410	\$ 105,818	\$ 106,011	\$ 94,106
Total net debt applicable to limit	107,086		92,185	72,734	67,677	62,563
Legal debt margin	19,215		14,225	33,084	38,334	31,543
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	84.79%		86.63%	68.73%	63.84%	66.48%
Overall (Voted and Unvoted) Debt Limitation: Total assessed value	\$2,296,386					
Debt limit (10 1/2% of total assessed value) Debt applicable to limit:	241,121					
General obligation bonds and notes Less: Amount set aside for repayment of	88,353	(1)				
general obligation debt Total net debt applicable to limit	 2,405 85,948	-				

155,173

Source: City of Upper Arlington Finance Department

Notes

Legal debt margin

(1) Excludes accretion on deep discount debt per state law.

<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>		<u>2011</u>
\$ 178,823	\$ 179,257	\$ 164,038	\$ 164,243	\$	165,269
39,080	43,902	43,931	54,764		46,750
139,743	135,355	120,107	109,479		118,519
21.85%	24.49%	26.78%	33.34%	,)	28.29%
\$ 93,669	\$ 93,896	\$ 85,925	\$ 86,032	\$	86,570
37,620	41,730	37,066	47,589		42,025
56,049	52,166	48,859	38,443		44,545
40.16%	44.44%	43.14%	55.32%)	48.54%
	Unvoted Debt I Total assessed			\$	2,296,386
	Debt limit (5 1/ Debt applicable		essed value)		126,301
	* *	ligation bonds a	and notes		88,353
		igation bonds			21,138
		ot outside limita	tions		-
		n limitation			109,491
			or repayment of	f	
		l obligation deb			2,405
	Legal debt mar	lebt applicable t		\$	107,086
	Legal debt illar	giii ioi ulivoied	acoi	Φ	17,413

City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

		Personal Income (amounts	Per Capita			Unempl	oyment
<u>Year</u>	Population (1)	expressed in thousands)	Personal Income (1)	Median Age (1)	School Enrollment (2)	Local Rate (3)	State Rate (4)
2020	35,299	\$ 2,473,224	\$ 70,065	40.6	6,097	4.8%	8.1%
2019	35,223	2,298,266	65,249	40.9	6,174	2.7%	4.1%
2018	34,943	2,111,431	60,425	41.4	6,134	3.1%	4.6%
2017	34,675	1,987,952	57,331	42.1	6,093	4.0%	4.9%
2016	34,465	1,897,850	55,066	42.2	5,935	3.3%	5.0%
2015	34,191	1,845,288	53,970	42.8	5,894	4.4%	5.2%
2014	34,008	1,766,103	51,932	41.8	5,786	4.8%	5.7%
2013	33,848	1,830,229	54,072	42.9	5,812	6.2%	7.1%
2012	33,785	1,776,787	52,591	42.8	5,847	6.1%	7.2%
2011	33,785	1,724,690	51,049	42.8	5,521	7.5%	8.6%

Sources:

- 1. U.S. Census Bureau, American Fact Finder.
- 2. Ohio Department of Education, Enrollment by District.
- 3. U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Local Area Unemployment Statistics
- 4. U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, State and Local Unemployment Rates

City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function Last Ten Years

Full-time Equivalent Employees as of December 31

	run-time Equivalent Employees as of December 31							
_	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>			
Function								
Public Safety								
Police	58.2	58.2	55.8	63.0	63.0			
Fire	58.0	58.0	57.0	57.0	57.0			
General Government	33.5	33.5	33.7	38.1	37.7			
Public Services (3)	52.1	51.4	50.9	43.8	42.2			
Parks and Recreation (2)	61.2	59.2	59.0	55.4	55.1			
Community Development	9.8	8.8	7.8	7.8	7.8			
Utilities (1)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
Total	272.8	269.1	264.1	265.1	262.8			

	Full-time Equivalent Employees as of December 31						
-	2015	<u>2014</u>	2013	2012	2011		
Function							
Public Safety							
Police	63.0	63.0	63.0	65.0	65.0		
Fire	57.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	64.0		
General Government	36.5	35.8	36.6	40.1	40.1		
Public Services	41.2	41.9	44.4	33.0	33.3		
Parks and Recreation (2)	54.4	55.1	52.2	56.3	56.3		
Community Development	8.8	8.8	9.8	9.8	9.3		
Utilities (1)	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.8	9.8		
Total	260.8	264.5	266.0	274.1	277.8		

Notes:

- (1) Includes water, sewer and stormwater
- (2) Includes seasonal employees for parks and recreation programs and swimming pools
- (3) Public services and utilities functions combined during 2013.

Source

City of Upper Arlington Finance Department

City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Capital Asset Statistics Last Ten Years

_	Year			Year
Function	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Public Safety - Police				
Number of police stations	1	1	1	1
Number of police cruisers	18	18	15	15
Number of pieces of equipment	256	256	302	304
Public Safety - Fire				
Number of fire stations	2	2	2	2
Number of fire engines	3	3	3	2
Number of medics	4	4	4	4
Number of pieces of equipment	250	240	287	285
Public Services				
Miles of roads	346	346	346	346
Number of traffic signals	51	51	51	52
Number of streetlights	1,811	1,811	1,811	1,727
Parks and Recreation				
Number of parks	23	23	23	23
Acres of parkland	183	183	183	183
Number of swimming pools	3	3	3	3
Number of tennis courts	21	21	21	21
Number of senior centers	1	1	1	1
Utilities				
Number of fire hydrants	1,979	1,979	1,979	1,965
Number of catch basins	3,416	3,416	3,416	3,416
Miles of sanitary sewer	162	162	162	146

Sources:

1. City of Upper Arlington departments

<u>2011</u>
1
5 15
257
2 2 3
3 3
3 288
1 204
2 52
7 1,497
ŕ
3 28
170
3
20
1
3 1,958
3,400
145

City of Upper Arlington, Ohio Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Years

Operating Indicators by Function

	2020	2010	2019	2017
Function	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
General Government				
Number of probation cases (Adults)	123	167	199	271
Number of traffic cases	1,450	2,782	2,697	2,711
Number of fleet management repairs	947	1,277	1,310	1,172
Public Services				
Roadway repairs-surface (sq. ft.)	37,374	53,503	47,277	35,448
Street cleaning-leaf collection (cu. Yds.)	20,423	20,539	23,792	17,765
Street cleaning-snow removal (hours)	1,309	2,730	2,642	2,400
Parks and Recreation				
Number of registrations for programs	9,310	28,778	25,690	22,263
Number of programs/classes	729	1,930	1,721	1,770
Number of trees planted (less removed trees)	-21	199	305	274
Community Development				
Number of building permits issued	619	655	650	724
Number of building inspections conducted	6,000	6,113	5,868	5,100
Number of code investigations	531	825	647	658
Utilities				
Number of fire hydrant repairs (water)	115	167	81	179
Number of catch basin repairs (stormwater)	155	260	119	299
Number of manhole repairs (sewer)	6	3	4	0
Solid Waste				
Number of refuse collected (tons)	10,913	9,970	9,013	4,547
Number of yard waste collected (tons)	3,117	2,537	1,964	119
Number of recyclables collected (tons)	4,718	4,255	4,531	4,143

Sources:

1. City of Upper Arlington departments

Operating Indicators by Function

<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
368	291	270	293	251	269
3,151 1,158	2,802 1,182	2,728 1,795	2,560 1,667	2,900 2,034	2,977 2,210
23,558	25,312	13,861	2,955	23,110	21,051
22,053 772	20,838 2,997	21,819 2,741	20,946 2,462	16,123 519	17,503 1,207
20,411	13,551	18,906	14,330	11,806	16,415
1,672 194	966 123	2,039 210	1,996 80	1,918 221	1,934 194
596	514	624	521	426	463
3,039 691	2,374 735	3,050 627	2,249 827	2,645 894	5,069 817
66 114	154 195	107 170	77 50	60 92	57 108
3	2	5	16	45	64
5,570 306	5,526 100	6,459 1,185	5,945 298	6,116 182	6,618 205
4,747	4,652	4,608	4,615	4,662	4,956



FINANCE DEPARTMENT

3600 Tremont Road, Upper Arlington, OH 43221 614-583-5921 | **upperarlingtonoh.gov**





CITY OF UPPER ARLINGTON

FRANKLIN COUNTY

AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 8/24/2021

88 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215 Phone: 614-466-4514 or 800-282-0370